

PROSPECTUS

July 2014

# RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII

## FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS

### ISSUE OF ASSET-BACKED BONDS

DBRS / Fitch

EUR 90,000,000

A (high) (sf) / A+sf

Backed by mortgage certificates and pass-through certificates issued on mortgage loans by



CAJA RURAL DE ARAGÓN, S.C.C.

CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, S.C.C.

CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA, S.C.C.

CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, S.C.C.



*Subscriber*

*Lead Manager*



*Fund established and managed by*



Prospectus entered in the Registers of the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores  
on July 1, 2014

**Material Event  
concerning**

**RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII Fondo de Titulización de Activos**

As provided for in the Prospectus for **RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII Fondo de Titulización de Activos** (the “Fund”) notice is given to the COMISIÓN NACIONAL DEL MERCADO DE VALORES of the following material event:

- On July 16, 2015 the Fund’s Treasury Account is to be effectively transferred to CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL LTD, Sucursal en España (“**CITIBANK**”), following the signature, on July 9, 2015, of a new Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, CITIBANK and BANCO COOPERATIVO ESPAÑOL, S.A. and the relevant notice to BARCLAYS BANK, PLC Sucursal en España, as the former provider of the Fund’s Treasury Account. CITIBANK is to be designated on the same effective date as the Bond Paying Agent, following the signature on July 9, 2015 of a new Paying Agent Agreement by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, CITIBANK and BANCO COOPERATIVO ESPAÑOL, S.A. and the relevant notice to BARCLAYS BANK, PLC Sucursal en España, as the former Paying Agent.

The ratings for CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL LTD’s short- and long-term unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations assigned by the Rating Agencies are currently as follows:

	<b>Fitch</b>	<b>DBRS</b>
<b>Short-term</b>	F1	R-1 (low)
<b>Long-term</b>	A	A

- As a result of the new Agreements referred to above, the following sections of the Fund Prospectus shall henceforth read as follows:

<b>Section</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>3.4.4.1 Building Block Paragraphs 2 et seq. (Treasury Account)</b>	CITIBANK shall pay an annual nominal interest rate, floating quarterly and settled quarterly, other than for the first interest accrual period, the duration of and the interest settlement for which shall be based on the duration of that period, applicable for each Interest Accrual Period to the positive daily balances if any on the Treasury Account, equal to the higher of (i) zero percent (0.00%); and (ii) the interest rate resulting from increasing (a) the Euribor rate currently calculated and distributed by the financial information system Global Rate Set Systems Ltd (GRSS) under a European Money Markets Institute (EMMI) mandate and three- (3-) month EURIBOR ACI, set at 11am (CET) on the second Business Day preceding the first day of each interest accrual period (b) by a 0.20% margin. That interest will be in force until July 16, 2018. Interest shall be settled on each Payment Date and be calculated based on: (i) the exact number of days in each interest accrual period, and (ii) a three-hundred-and-sixty (360-) day year. The first interest accrual period shall comprise the days elapsed between July 16, 2015 and October 3, 2015.

Section	Description
	<p>In the event that the unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations of CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL LTD or the institution in which the Treasury Account is opened (the "Treasury Account Provider") should at any time during the life of the Bond Issue be downgraded below BBB (high) in the long-term according to the public rating assigned by DBRS or, where there is no such rating, the internal assessments and/or private ratings made by DBRS (the "DBRS Rating"), or below F2 or BBB+ respectively in the short- or long-term by Fitch, the Management Company shall, within not more than thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence of any such circumstances, do one of the following to allow a suitable level of security to be maintained with respect to the commitments made by the Treasury Account Provider under this Agreement in order for the rating given to the Bonds by the Rating Agencies not to be adversely affected:</p> <p>a) Obtain from an institution with unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations having a long-term DBRS Rating of at least BBB (high) (such rating not to be "Under Review (Negative)"), and rated at least as high as F2 and BBB+ respectively in the short- and long-term by Fitch, a first demand guarantee securing for the Fund, merely upon the Management Company so requesting, prompt payment by the Treasury Account Provider of its obligation to repay amounts credited to the Treasury Account, for such time as the Treasury Account Provider's debt obligations remain downgraded below BBB (high) and/or F2 and/or BBB+.</p> <p>b) Transfer the Treasury Account to an institution with unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations having a long-term DBRS Rating at least as high as BBB (high) (such rating not to be "Under Review (Negative)") and rated at least as high as F2 and BBB+ respectively in the short- and long-term by Fitch, and arrange a yield for its balances, which may differ from that arranged with CITIBANK under this Agreement.</p> <p>In the event that the Treasury Account Provider's debt obligations should be downgraded or removed by the Rating Agencies, it shall notify the Management Company</p> <p>All costs, expenses and taxes incurred in connection with putting in place and arranging the above options shall be borne by BANCO COOPERATIVO.</p> <p>BANCO COOPERATIVO shall agree, upon a credit rating downgrade of the Treasury Account Provider triggering one of a) or b) above, to use commercially reasonable efforts in order that the Management Company may do one of the above.</p> <p>In the event that the long-term unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations of BANCO COOPERATIVO should be upgraded to a Rating at least as high as BBB (high) by DBRS (such rating not to be "Under Review (Negative)") and to a rating at least as high as F2 and BBB+ respectively in the short- and long-term by Fitch, before July 16, 2018, the Management Company may transfer the balances to BANCO COOPERATIVO as the new treasury account provider subject to CITIBANK and BANCO COOPERATIVO so agreeing.</p>
<p><b>3.4.7.1 Building Block Paragraphs 4 et seq. (Paying Agent Agreement)</b></p>	<p>In the event that the unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations of CITIBANK INTERNATIONAL LTD or the institution servicing the Bonds (in both cases, the "Paying Agent") should, at any time during the life of the Bond Issue, be subject to a downgrade of the long-term public rating assigned by DBRS or, where there is no such rating, the internal assessments made by DBRS (the "DBRS Rating") below BBB (high) in the long-term, or a downgrade of the short- or long-term credit rating respectively below F3 or BBB- by Fitch, the Management Company shall, within not more than thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence of such circumstance, do one of the following:</p>

Section	Description
	<p>(i) obtain from an institution with unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations having a long-term DBRS Rating at least as high as BBB (high) (such rating not to be “Under Review (Negative)”) and rated at least as high as F3 and BBB- respectively in the short- and long-term by Fitch, an unconditional, irrevocable, first demand guarantee securing payment to the Fund, merely upon the Management Company so requesting, of the commitments made by the Paying Agent, for such time as the downgrade below BBB (high) and/or F3 and/or BBB- remains in place; or</p> <p>(ii) revoke the Paying Agent’s designation as Paying Agent and thereupon designate another institution in accordance with clause 7.3 below.</p> <p>In the event that the Paying Agent’s debt obligations should be downgraded or removed by the Rating Agencies, it shall notify the Management Company</p> <p>BANCO COOPERATIVO shall agree, forthwith upon a credit rating downgrade of the Paying Agent as set out in the preceding paragraph, to use commercially reasonable efforts in order that the Management Company may do one of (i) or (ii) above.</p> <p>Notwithstanding the above, the Management Company shall not be able to revoke the designation of CITIBANK as Paying Agent until July 16, 2016. In addition, CITIBANK may decline to carry on discharging its duties from July 16, 2016.</p> <p>The Fund shall not pay CITIBANK any fee as Paying Agent.</p>

Madrid, July 15, 2015

Mario Masiá Vicente  
General Manager

*This is a Certified Translation into English of the Spanish Prospectus. No document other than the Spanish Prospectus registered by the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores may have any legal effect whatsoever or be taken into account with respect to the Bond Issue.*

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	<b>Page</b>
<b>RISK FACTORS</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES REGISTRATION DOCUMENT (Annex VII to Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004 of April 29, 2004)</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>1. PERSONS RESPONSIBLE</b>	<b>11</b>
1.1 Persons responsible for the information given in the Registration Document.	11
1.2 Declaration by those responsible for the contents of the Registration Document.	11
<b>2. STATUTORY AUDITORS</b>	<b>11</b>
2.1 Fund's Auditors.	11
2.2 Accounting policies used by the Fund.	11
<b>3. RISK FACTORS</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>4. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ISSUER</b>	<b>12</b>
4.1 Statement that the issuer has been established as a securitisation fund.	12
4.2 Legal and commercial name of the issuer.	12
4.3 Place of registration of the issuer and registration number.	12
4.4 Date of incorporation and existence of the issuer.	12
4.4.1 Date of establishment of the Fund.	12
4.4.2 Existence of the Fund.	13
4.4.3 Early Liquidation of the Fund.	13
4.4.4 Termination of the Fund.	14
4.5 Domicile, legal form and legislation applicable to the issuer.	15
4.5.1 Tax system of the Fund.	16
4.6 Issuer's authorised and issued capital.	17
<b>5. BUSINESS OVERVIEW</b>	<b>17</b>
5.1 Brief description of the issuer's principal activities.	17
5.2 Global overview of the parties to the securitisation program.	18
<b>6. ADMINISTRATION, MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISORY BODIES</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>7. MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>8. FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE ISSUER'S ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, FINANCIAL POSITION, AND PROFITS AND LOSSES</b>	<b>25</b>
8.1 Statement as to commencement of operations and financial statements of the issuer as at the date of the Registration Document.	25
8.2 Historical financial information.	25
8.2 bis Historical financial information for issues of securities having a denomination per unit of at least EUR 100,000.	25
8.3 Legal and arbitration proceedings.	25
8.4 Material adverse change in the issuer's financial position.	26
<b>9. THIRD PARTY INFORMATION, STATEMENT BY EXPERTS AND DECLARATIONS OF ANY INTEREST</b>	<b>26</b>
9.1 Statement or report attributed to a person as an expert.	26
9.2 Information sourced from a third party.	26

	<b>Page</b>
<b>10. DOCUMENTS ON DISPLAY</b>	<b>26</b>
10.1 Documents on display.	26
<b>SECURITIES NOTE</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>(Annex XIII to Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004 of April 29, 2004)</b>	
<b>1. PERSONS RESPONSIBLE</b>	<b>27</b>
1.1 Persons responsible for the information given in the Securities Note.	27
1.2 Declaration by those responsible for the Securities Note.	27
<b>2. RISK FACTORS</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>3. KEY INFORMATION</b>	<b>28</b>
3.1 Interest of natural and legal persons involved in the offer.	28
<b>4. INFORMATION CONCERNING THE SECURITIES TO BE OFFERED AND ADMITTED TO TRADING</b>	<b>28</b>
4.1 Total amount of the securities.	28
4.2 Description of the type and class of the securities.	29
4.3 Legislation under which the securities have been created.	29
4.4 Indication as to whether the securities are in registered or bearer form and whether the securities are in certificated or book-entry form.	29
4.5 Currency of the issue.	29
4.6 Ranking of the securities.	30
4.7 Description of the rights attached to the securities.	30
4.8 Nominal interest rate and provisions relating to interest payable.	31
4.9 Maturity date and amortisation of the securities.	34
4.10 Indication of yield.	36
4.11 Representation of security holders.	41
4.12 Resolutions, authorisations and approvals for issuing the securities.	41
4.13 Issue date of the securities.	42
4.14 Restrictions on the free transferability of the securities.	42
<b>5. ADMISSION TO TRADING AND DEALING ARRANGEMENTS</b>	<b>42</b>
5.1 Market where the securities will be traded.	42
5.2 Paying agent and depository agents.	43
<b>6. EXPENSE OF THE OFFERING AND OF ADMISSION TO TRADING</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</b>	<b>43</b>
7.1 Statement of the capacity in which the advisors connected with the issue mentioned in the Securities Note have acted.	43
7.2 Other information in the Securities Note which has been audited or reviewed by auditors.	43
7.3 Statement or report attributed to a person as an expert.	43
7.4 Information sourced from a third party.	43
7.5 Credit ratings assigned to the securities by rating agencies.	43
<b>ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES NOTE BUILDING BLOCK</b>	<b>45</b>
<b>(Annex VIII to Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004 of April 29, 2004)</b>	
<b>1. SECURITIES.</b>	<b>45</b>
1.1 Minimum denomination of an issue.	45
1.2 Confirmation that the information relating to an undertaking or obligor not involved in the issue has been accurately reproduced.	45

		<b>Page</b>
<b>2.</b>	<b>UNDERLYING ASSETS</b>	<b>45</b>
2.1	Confirmation that the securitised assets have capacity to produce funds to service any payments due and payable on the securities.	45
2.2	Assets backing the issue.	45
2.2.1	Legal jurisdiction by which the pool of assets is governed.	49
2.2.2	General characteristics of the obligors.	50
2.2.3	Legal nature of the pool of assets.	58
2.2.4	Expiry or maturity date(s) of the assets.	58
2.2.5	Amount of the assets.	59
2.2.6	Loan to value ratio or level of collateralisation.	59
2.2.7	Method of creation of the assets.	59
2.2.8	Indication of representations and collaterals given to the issuer relating to the assets.	73
2.2.9	Substitution of the securitised assets.	76
2.2.10	Relevant insurance policies relating to the assets.	77
2.2.11	Information relating to the obligors where the securitised assets comprise obligations of 5 or fewer obligors which are legal persons or where an obligor accounts for 20% or more of the assets, or where an obligor accounts for a material portion of the assets.	78
2.2.12	Details of the relationship, if it is material to the issue, between the issuer, guarantor and obligor.	78
2.2.13	Where the assets comprise fixed income securities, a description of the principal terms.	78
2.2.14	Where the assets comprise equity securities, a description of the principal terms.	78
2.2.15	If the assets comprise equity securities that are not traded on a regulated or equivalent market, where they represent more than ten (10) per cent of the securitised assets, a description of the principal terms.	78
2.2.16	Valuation reports relating to the property and cash flow/income streams where a material portion of the assets are secured on real property.	78
2.3	Actively managed assets backing the issue.	78
2.4	Where the issuer proposes to issue further securities backed by the same assets, statement to that effect and description of how the holders of that class will be informed.	78
<b>3.</b>	<b>STRUCTURE AND CASH FLOW</b>	<b>79</b>
3.1	Description of the structure of the transaction.	79
3.2	Description of the entities participating in the issue and of the functions to be performed by them.	79
3.3	Description of the method and date of the sale, transfer, novation or assignment of the assets or of any rights and/or obligations in the assets to the issuer.	80
3.4	Explanation of the flow of funds.	84
3.4.1	How the cash flow from the assets will meet the issuer's obligations to holders of the securities.	84
3.4.2	Information on any credit enhancement.	85
3.4.2.1	Description of the credit enhancement.	85
3.4.2.2	Loan B.	85
3.4.2.3	Cash Reserves.	86
3.4.3	Details of any subordinated debt finance.	87
3.4.3.1	Subordinated Principal Loan.	87
3.4.3.2	Subordinated Interest Loan.	88
3.4.3.3	Start-Up Loan.	89



	<b>Page</b>
3.4.4 Investment parameters for the investment of temporary liquidity surpluses and parties responsible for such investment.	90
3.4.4.1 Treasury Account.	90
3.4.5 Collection by the Fund of payments in respect of the assets.	91
3.4.6 Order of priority of payments made by the issuer.	92
3.4.6.1 Source and application of funds on the Bond Closing Date until the first Payment Date, exclusive.	92
3.4.6.2 Source and application of funds from the first Payment Date, inclusive, until the last Payment Date or liquidation of the Fund, exclusive. Priority of Payments.	92
3.4.6.3 Fund Liquidation Priority of Payments.	95
3.4.6.4 Financial Intermediation Margin.	96
3.4.7 Other arrangements upon which payments of interest and principal to investors are dependent.	96
3.4.7.1 Bond Issue Paying Agent.	96
3.5 Name, address and significant business activities of the originator of the securitised assets.	97
3.6 Return on and/or repayment of the securities linked to others which are not assets of the issuer.	101
3.7 Administrator, calculation agent or equivalent.	101
3.7.1 Management and representation of the Fund and of the holders of the securities.	101
3.7.2 Servicing and custody of the securitised assets.	105
3.8 Name, address and brief description of any swap, credit, liquidity or account counterparties.	114
<b>4. POST-ISSUANCE REPORTING</b>	<b>114</b>
<b>GLOSSARY OF DEFINITIONS</b>	<b>117</b>

This document is a prospectus (the “**Prospectus**”) registered at the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores (*National Securities Market Commission*), as provided for in Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004 of April 29, 2004, as currently worded (“**Regulation 809/2004**”) and Royal Decree 1310/2005, November 4, partly implementing Securities Market Act 24/1988, July 28, in regard to admission to trading of securities in official secondary markets, public offerings for sale or subscription and the prospectus required for that purpose, as currently worded (“**Royal Decree 1310/2005**”), and comprises:

1. A description of the major risk factors linked to the Issuer, the securities and the assets backing the issue (the “**Risk Factors**”).
2. An asset-backed securities registration document, prepared using the outline provided in Annex VII to Regulation 809/2004 (the “**Registration Document**”).
3. A securities note, prepared using the outline provided in Annex XIII to Regulation 809/2004 (the “**Securities Note**”).
4. A Securities Note building block, prepared using the block provided in Annex VIII to Regulation 809/2004 (the “**Building Block**”).
5. A glossary of definitions.

## RISK FACTORS

### 1 RISKS DERIVED FROM THE ISSUER'S LEGAL NATURE AND OPERATIONS.

#### a) Nature of the Fund and obligations of the Management Company.

RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS (the “Fund” and/or the “Issuer”) is a separate closed-end fund devoid of legal personality and, in accordance with Royal Decree 926/1998, May 14, regulating asset securitisation funds and securitisation fund management companies, as currently worded (“**Royal Decree 926/1998**”), is managed by a management company, EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN S.A., SOCIEDAD GESTORA DE FONDOS DE TITULIZACIÓN (the “**Management Company**” or “**EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN**”). The Fund shall be liable only for its obligations to its creditors with its assets.

The Management Company shall discharge for the Fund the functions attributed to it in Royal Decree 926/1998, which include enforcing Bondholders’ interests as the manager of third-party portfolios. There shall be no syndicate of bondholders. Therefore, the capacity to enforce Bondholders’ interests shall depend on the Management Company’s means.

#### b) Forced substitution of the Management Company.

In accordance with article 19 of Royal Decree 926/1998, where the Management Company is adjudged insolvent or has its licence to operate as a securitisation fund management company revoked by the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores (*National Securities Market Commission*) (the “**CNMV**”), it shall find a substitute management company. In any such event, if four months should have elapsed from the occurrence determining the substitution and no new management company should have been found willing to take over management, the Fund shall be liquidated early and the Bonds issued by the same shall be redeemed early, as provided for in the Deed of Constitution and in this Prospectus.

#### c) Limitation of actions.

Bondholders and all other creditors of the Fund shall have no recourse whatsoever against Mortgage Loan Obligors who may have defaulted on their payment obligations or against the Originators. Any such rights shall lie with the Management Company, representing the Fund.

Bondholders and all other creditors of the Fund shall have no recourse whatsoever against the Fund or against the Management Company in the event of non-payment of amounts due by the Fund resulting from the existence of Mortgage Loan default or, as the case may be, prepayment, breach of obligations by the Originators or by the counterparties to the transactions entered into for and on behalf of the Fund, or shortfall of the financial hedging transactions for servicing the Bonds.

Bondholders and all other creditors of the Fund shall have no recourse against the Fund Management Company other than as derived from a breach of its duties or inobservance of the provisions of the Deed of Constitution and of this Prospectus. Those actions shall be resolved in the relevant ordinary declaratory proceedings, depending on the claimed amount.

#### d) Applicability of the Bankruptcy Act.

Both CAJA RURAL DE ARAGÓN, S.C.C., CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, S.C.C., CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA, S.C.C. and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, S.C.C. (the “**Originators**”) and the Fund Management Company may be declared insolvent.

Pursuant to Additional Provision 5 of Act 3/1994, April 14, adapting Spanish laws in the matter of Credit Institutions to the Second Banking Coordination Directive and introducing other financial system changes, as currently worded (“**Act 3/1994**”), the assignment of the Mortgage Loan receivables to the Fund by issuing Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates can only be rescinded or contested as provided for in article 71 of Bankruptcy Act 22/2003, July 9, as currently worded (the “**Bankruptcy Act**”) by the receivers, who shall have to prove the existence of fraud.

In addition, in the event of any Originator being decreed insolvent, in accordance with the Bankruptcy Act, the Fund, acting through the Management Company, shall have a right of separation with respect to Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, on the terms provided for in articles 80 and 81 of the Bankruptcy Act. In addition, the Fund, acting through its Management Company, shall be entitled to obtain from the insolvent Originator the resulting Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate amounts from the date on which insolvency is decreed, for those amounts will be considered to be the Fund's property, through its Management Company, and must therefore be transferred to the Management Company, representing the Fund. This right of separation would not necessarily extend to the monies received and kept by the insolvent Originator on behalf of the Fund before that date, for they might be earmarked as a result of the insolvency, given the essential fungible nature of money.

In the event of insolvency of the Management Company, it must be replaced by another management company in accordance with the provisions of article 19 of Royal Decree 926/1998.

Notwithstanding all of the above, the insolvency of any party involved (be that any of the Originators, the Management Company or any other Fund counterparty institution) could in any event affect its contractual relations with the Fund.

## **2 RISKS DERIVED FROM THE SECURITIES.**

### **a) Liquidity.**

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Bonds are subsequently sold on the market, there is no assurance that the Bonds will be traded on the market with a minimum frequency or volume.

In addition, there is no undertaking that any institution will be involved in secondary trading, giving the Bonds liquidity by offering consideration.

Moreover, the Fund may in no event repurchase the Bonds from Bondholders. Nevertheless, the Bonds may be fully subject to early amortisation in the event of Early Liquidation of the Fund, on the terms laid down in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document.

### **b) Yield and duration.**

Calculation of the yield (internal rate of return) of the Bonds contained in section 4.10 of the Securities Note is subject, inter alia, to assumed Mortgage Loan prepayment and delinquency rates that might not be fulfilled, and to future market interest rates, given the floating nature of the Nominal Interest Rate.

Calculation of the average life and duration of the Bonds contained in section 4.10 of the Securities Note is subject to fulfilment of Mortgage Loan repayment and, inter alia, to assumed Mortgage Loan prepayment rates (CPR) which might not be fulfilled. Mortgage Loan repayment performance is influenced by a number of economic and social factors such as market interest rates, the Obligors' financial circumstances and the general level of economic activity, preventing their predictability.

### **c) Late-payment interest.**

Late interest payment or principal repayment to Bondholders shall under no circumstances result in late-payment interest accruing to their favour.

### **d) Bond Rating.**

The credit risk of the Bonds issued by the Fund has been assessed by DBRS Ratings Limited and Fitch Ratings España S.A. (the "**Rating Agencies**").

The Rating Agencies may revise, suspend or withdraw the final ratings assigned at any time, based on any information that may come to their notice.

These ratings are not and cannot therefore be howsoever construed as an invitation, recommendation or encouragement for investors to proceed to carry out any transaction whatsoever on the Bonds and, in particular, acquire, keep, charge or sell those Bonds.

**e) Ratings not confirmed.**

The Rating Agencies' failure to confirm the provisional ratings given to the Bonds by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014 shall be an event of termination of the establishment of the Fund and the Bond Issue.

**3 RISKS DERIVED FROM THE ASSETS BACKING THE ISSUE.**

**a) Risk of default on the Mortgage Loans.**

Holders of the Bonds issued by the Fund shall bear the risk of default on the Mortgage Loans backing the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates pooled in the Fund.

The Originators shall have no liability whatsoever for the Obligors' default of principal, interest or any other Mortgage Loan amount they may owe. Pursuant to article 348 of the Commercial Code, the Originators shall be liable to the Fund exclusively for the existence and lawfulness of the Mortgage Loans, and for the personality with which Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates will be issued, on the terms and conditions declared in the Deed of Constitution and set out in this Prospectus. The Originators will have no liability whatsoever to directly or indirectly guarantee that the transaction will be properly performed nor give any guarantees or security, nor indeed agree to repurchase Mortgage Loan Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates, other than the undertakings contained in section 2.2.9 of the Building Block regarding substitution or redemption of Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates when any of them or of the underlying Mortgage Loans fail to conform, upon the Fund being established, to the representations given in section 2.2.8 of the Building Block.

**b) Limited Liability.**

The Bonds issued by the Fund neither represent nor constitute an obligation of the Originators or the Management Company. No guarantees have been granted by any public or private organisation whatsoever, including the Originators, the Management Company and any of their subsidiary or associated companies.

**c) Limited Protection.**

A high level of delinquency of the Mortgage Loans might reduce or indeed exhaust the limited hedging against Mortgage Loan losses that the Bonds have as a result of the existence of the credit enhancement transactions described in section 3.4.2 of the Building Block.

The degree of subordination in interest payment and principal repayment between the Bonds and Loan B derived from the Priority of Payments and the Liquidation Priority of Payments of the Fund is a mechanism for distinctly hedging the Bonds and Loan B.

**d) Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate early amortisation risk.**

There will be an early amortisation of Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates pooled in the Fund when Obligors prepay the portion of Mortgage Loan principal pending repayment, or in the event that the Originators should be substituted in the relevant Mortgage Loans by any other financial institution licensed to do so, or in any other event having the same effect.

That prepayment risk shall pass quarterly on each Payment Date to Bondholders upon the Bonds being partially amortised, in accordance with the provisions of the conditions for amortisation and of the rules for Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation on each Payment Date, given in sections 4.9.2 and 4.9.3.5 of the Securities Note.

**e) Geographical concentration.**

The number of mortgage loans selected at June 9, 2014 to be assigned to the Fund upon being established with mortgage security located, as detailed in section 2.2.2.m) of the Building Block, in (i) Aragón, is 444 (37.56% of the total), the outstanding principal being EUR 44,818,092.80 (35.29% of the total), in (ii) Navarre, is 184 (15.57% of the total), the outstanding principal being EUR

26,311,313.04 (20.72% of the total), and in (ii) Andalusia, is 300 (25.38% of the total), the outstanding principal being EUR 24,637,422.09 (19.40% of the total).

Given this concentration level, any circumstance whatsoever having a substantial adverse effect on Aragón, Navarre and Andalusia could affect payments of the Mortgage Loans backing the Fund's Issue of Asset-Backed Bonds.

**f) Concentration concerning selected mortgage loan origination date.**

Selected portfolio selected mortgage loans originated in the year 2012 account for 60.76%, in terms of outstanding principal, of the total selected portfolio. Presumably, given this concentration and based on experience, the delinquency rate has not reached its highest value and it is therefore likely that the Mortgage Loan delinquency rate may rise in the coming months.

The weighted average age of the portfolio was 30.84 months at June 9, 2014, the selected portfolio selection date.

**g) Impact of Act 1/2013.**

Act 1/2013, May 14, implementing measures to boost the protection of mortgagors, debt restructuring and social rentals ("Act 1/2013") introduces a number of measures which may affect recovery of unpaid Mortgage Loans and, therefore, the Fund, mainly as follows:

- The two-year stay of eviction in awards of the main residence of people who are in the specially vulnerable and financial circumstances provided for would delay repossession by the Fund of any such residences and therefore their marketing and sale.
- The limitation of default interest applicable to Mortgage Loans for the purchase of the main residence reduces the default interest amount recoverable in Mortgage Loans where the agreed default interest exceeds three times the legal interest of money.
- Where a competent body holds that one or several Mortgage Loan clauses are abusive, it may extend or invalidate the recovery proceedings and reduce the amount which may be claimed by the Fund.
- In the event of a mortgaged home being awarded at an amount below the Mortgage Loan debt, the obligor may be released from liability with respect to 35% of the outstanding debt where payment of 65% is covered within five years thereafter or with respect to 20% where payment of 80% of the debt is covered within ten years thereafter, and the amounts which the Fund may claim from obligors subsequently to the award may be reduced.
- At an auction with no bidders of the main residence upon Mortgage Loan mortgage foreclosure, the Fund may request the award of the home at 70 percent of the auction value if the total debt is above that percentage, compared to 60 percent before Act 1/2013, and therefore the amounts which the Fund may claim from obligors subsequently to the award may be reduced.

**h) Mortgage loan margin risk.**

Out of the portfolio mortgage loans selected at June 9, 2014, 65.93] in terms of outstanding principal allow reductions in the margin applicable for determining the floating nominal interest rate (the "eligible mortgage loans"), the average margin weighted by the outstanding principal including the reductions in force at that date being 1.37% (1.24% for the entire selected portfolio). In the event that all obligors with eligible mortgage loans should have met all the requirements listed in section 2.2 of the Building Block in relation to mortgage loan reductions at June 9, 2014, the margin of the eligible mortgage loans at that date would have been 1.11% (1.08% for the entire selected portfolio).

The margin of the Bond Issue upon the Fund being established will be 1.50%.

In order to cover the existing difference between the Bond margin and the Mortgage Loan margin, the Originators will grant to the Fund a Subordinated Interest Loan to allow payment of the items listed in 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> place in the Priority of Payments on each Payment Date, on the terms described in section 3.4.3.2 of the Building Block. Additionally, in order to cover for potential payment defaults by the securitised Mortgage Loan Obligors, a number of credit enhancement transactions have been arranged allowing the amounts payable to the Bonds to be covered to a different extent and mitigating the interest risk due to the different terms of the interest clauses of the Mortgage Loans and of the Bonds and Loan B. In exceptional circumstances, the enhancement transactions could actually fall short. The credit enhancement transactions are described in sections 3.4.2, 3.4.3 and 3.4.4 of the Building Block.

*This is a Certified Translation into English of the Spanish Prospectus. No document other than the Spanish Prospectus registered by the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores may have any legal effect whatsoever or be taken into account with respect to the Bond Issue.*

## **SECURITIES REGISTRATION DOCUMENT**

### **(Annex VII to Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004 of April 29, 2004)**

#### **1. PERSONS RESPONSIBLE**

##### **1.1 Persons responsible for the information given in the Registration Document.**

Mr Mario Masiá Vicente, acting for and on behalf of EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN S.A., SOCIEDAD GESTORA DE FONDOS DE TITULIZACIÓN, the company sponsoring RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS, takes responsibility for the contents of this Registration Document.

Mr Mario Masiá Vicente, the Management Company's General Manager, is acting using the authorities conferred by the Board of Directors at its meetings held on January 19, 1993 and March 31, 2010, and by the Board of Directors' Executive Committee at its meetings held on January 28, 2000 and November 23, 2009, and specifically for establishing the Fund pursuant to authorities conferred by the Board of Directors' Executive Committee on April 1, 2014.

##### **1.2 Declaration by those responsible for the contents of the Registration Document.**

Mr Mario Masiá Vicente declares that, having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, the information contained in this Registration Document is, to the best of his knowledge, in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

#### **2. STATUTORY AUDITORS**

##### **2.1 Fund's Auditors.**

In accordance with the provisions of section 4.4.2 of this Registration Document, the Fund has no historical financial information.

The Fund's annual accounts shall be audited and reviewed every year by statutory auditors. The Fund's annual accounts and their audit report shall be filed with the Companies Register and the CNMV.

The Management Company shall proceed to designate, for periods of not more than three (3) years, the statutory auditor who is for that period of time to audit the Fund's annual accounts, reporting that appointment to the CNMV. The designation of an auditor for a given period shall not preclude the designation of that auditor for subsequent periods, observing in any event the laws in force on the subject. The Management Company shall notify the CNMV of that designation.

##### **2.2 Accounting policies used by the Fund.**

Income and expenditure will be accounted for by the Fund in accordance with the applicable accounting principles in force from time to time, currently set out mainly in CNMV Circular 2/2009, March 25, on Securitisation Fund accounting rules, annual accounts, public financial statements and non-public statistical information statements, as currently worded.

The Fund's fiscal year shall match a calendar year. However, the first fiscal year will exceptionally begin on the date of establishment of the Fund and the last fiscal year will end on the date on which the Fund terminates.



### 3. RISK FACTORS

The risk factors linked to the Issuer are described in paragraph 1 of the preceding section of Risk Factors of this Prospectus.

### 4. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ISSUER

#### 4.1 Statement that the Issuer has been established as a securitisation fund.

The Issuer is a closed-end asset securitisation fund to be established in accordance with Spanish laws.

#### 4.2 Legal and commercial name of the Issuer.

The Issuer's name is "RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS" and the following short names may also be used without distinction to identify the Fund:

- RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FTA
- RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII F.T.A.

#### 4.3 Place of registration of the Issuer and registration number.

The place of registration of the Fund is in Spain at the CNMV. The Fund has been entered in the Official Registers of the CNMV.

##### ***Companies Register***

For the record, neither the establishment of the Fund nor the Bonds to be issued backed by its assets shall be entered in the Companies Register, in pursuance of the facultative authority for which provision is made in article 5.4 of Royal Decree 926/1998.

#### 4.4 Date of establishment and existence of the Issuer.

##### 4.4.1 Date of establishment of the Fund.

The Management Company shall with the Originators proceed to execute on July 3, 2014 a public deed whereby RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS will be established, the Originators will assign the Mortgage Loan receivables by issuing, and upon the Fund subscribing for, the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, and the Fund will issue the Asset-Backed Bonds (the "**Deed of Constitution**"), on the terms provided in article 6 of Royal Decree 926/1998.

The Management Company represents that the contents of the Deed of Constitution shall match the draft Deed of Constitution it has submitted to the CNMV and the terms of the Deed of Constitution shall at no event contradict, change, alter or invalidate the contents of this Prospectus, notwithstanding the need to complete the respective details and amounts of the Mortgage Loan Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates to be issued and subscribed for under the Deed of Constitution.

As provided for in article seven of Investment Trusts and Companies System and Mortgage Securitisation Funds Act 19/1992, July 7, as currently worded ("**Act 19/1992**"), the Deed of Constitution may be amended, upon request by the Management Company and subject to the requirements therein set down.

#### **4.4.2 Existence of the Fund.**

The Fund shall commence its operations on the date of execution of the Deed of Constitution.

The Fund shall be in existence until January 14, 2057) or the following Business Day if that is not a Business Day (the “**Final Maturity Date**”), other than in the event of Early Liquidation before then as set forth in section 4.4.3 of this Registration Document or if any of the events laid down in section 4.4.4 of this Registration Document should occur.

#### **4.4.3 Early Liquidation of the Fund.**

4.4.3.1 Following notice served on the CNMV, the Management Company shall be entitled to proceed to early liquidation (“**Early Liquidation**”) of the Fund and thereby early amortisation of the entire Bond Issue (“**Early Amortisation**”) on a date other than the Payment Date and in any of the following events (“**Early Liquidation Events**”):

- (i) When the amount of the Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans yet to be repaid is less than ten (10) percent of the initial Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans upon the Fund being established, and provided that payment obligations derived from the Bonds then outstanding may be honoured and settled in full in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

The payment obligations derived from the Bonds on the Early Liquidation date of the Fund shall at all events be deemed to be the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bonds on that date plus interest accrued and not paid until that date, which amounts shall be deemed to be due and payable on that date to all statutory intents and purposes.

- (ii) Where, in any event or circumstance whatsoever unrelated to the Fund’s operations, a substantial alteration occurs or the financial balance of the Fund is permanently damaged as provided for in article 11.b) of Royal Decree 926/1998. This event includes such circumstances as changes in the law or supplementary implementing regulations, the establishment of withholding obligations or other situations which might permanently affect the financial balance of the Fund.
- (iii) Mandatorily, in the event that the Management Company should be adjudged insolvent and/or have its licence to operate as a securitisation fund management company revoked by the CNMV, or the statutory term to do so or otherwise four months should elapse without a new management company being designated in accordance with the provisions of section 3.7.1.3 of the Building Block of this Prospectus.
- (iv) When a default occurs indicating a major permanent imbalance in relation to the Bonds issued or that it is about to occur.
- (v) If the Management Company should have the express consent and acceptance of all Bondholders and of lenders of Loan B, as regards both payment of amounts resulting from, and the procedure for, such Early Liquidation.
- (vi) Upon the lapse of thirty-six (36) months from the date of the last maturity of the Mortgage Loan receivables, even if amounts are still due and payable thereunder.

4.4.3.2 The following requirements shall have to be satisfied to proceed to that Early Liquidation of the Fund:

- (i) That Bondholders be given not less than fifteen (15) Business Days’ notice, as prescribed in section 4.1.3.2 of the Building Block, of the Management Company’s resolution to proceed to Early Liquidation of the Fund.
- (ii) That the Management Company previously notify the CNMV and the Rating Agencies of that notice.

- (iii) The notice of the Management Company's resolution to proceed to Early Liquidation of the Fund shall contain a description of (i) the event or events triggering Early Liquidation of the Fund, (ii) the liquidation procedure, and (iii) the manner in which Bond payment obligations are to be honoured and settled in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

4.4.3.3 In order for the Fund, through its Management Company, to proceed to Early Liquidation of the Fund and Early Amortisation of the Bond Issue, the Management Company shall, for and on behalf of the Fund:

- (i) Proceed to sell the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates remaining in the Fund at a reasonable market price, initially not less than the sum of the principal still outstanding plus interest accrued and not paid on the relevant Mortgage Loans, subject to the provisions of paragraph (iv) below.
- (ii) Proceed to terminate such agreements as are not necessary for the Fund liquidation procedure.
- (iii) Be entitled to arrange for a loan which shall be fully allocated to early amortisation of the Bonds then outstanding. Financial expenses due shall be paid and loan principal shall be repaid in accordance with the Liquidation Priority of Payments.
- (iv) Finally, both due to the preceding actions falling short and the existence of Mortgage Certificates, Pass-Through Certificates or other remaining assets of the Fund, the Management Company shall proceed to sell them and shall therefore invite a bid from at least five (5) entities which may, in its view, give a reasonable market value, in Early Liquidation Events other than (i) and (v). The Management Company shall be bound to accept the best bid received for the Mortgage Certificates, the Pass-Through Certificates and the assets on offer. In order to set the reasonable market value, the Management Company may secure such valuation reports as it shall deem necessary.

In (i) and (iv) above, however, each Originator shall have a pre-emptive right and may therefore voluntarily acquire with priority over third parties the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by each of them and other assets originating from the same still on the assets of the Fund, and in (iii) above, they shall have priority to grant to the Fund the loan, if any, designed for early amortisation of the Bonds then outstanding (to be distributed among the Originators in the same proportion represented by the Mortgage Certificates, Pass-Through Certificates issued by each of them and other of their assets remaining on the Fund's assets). The Management Company shall in relation to (iv) above send each Originator a list of the assets and of third-party bids received, if any, and each Originator may use that right for all the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by each of them or their other remaining assets offered by the Management Company within ten (10) Business Days of receiving said notice, and provided that its bid is at least equal to the best of the third-party bids, if any. The relevant Originator shall communicate to the Management Company that the exercise of the pre-emptive right was subject to its usual revision procedures and that the exercise of that right is not designed to implicitly support securitisation.

4.4.3.4 The Management Company shall forthwith apply all the proceeds from the sale of the Mortgage Certificates, the Pass-Through Certificates and the Fund's assets to paying the various items, in such manner, amount and order as shall be requisite in the Liquidation Priority of Payments, other than the amounts, if any, drawn under the loan arranged for early amortisation of the Bonds then outstanding, which shall be applied to meeting the payment obligations of the Bonds.

#### **4.4.4 Termination of the Fund.**

The Fund shall terminate in any case, after the relevant legal procedure is carried out, in the following events:

- (i) Upon the Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates pooled therein being fully amortised.
- (ii) Upon the Bonds issued being fully amortised.
- (iii) When the Early Liquidation procedure established in section 4.4.3 above is over.

- (iv) At all events, upon final liquidation of the Fund on the Final Maturity Date on January 14, 2057) or the following Business Day if that is not a Business Day.
- (v) Upon the establishment of the Fund terminating (a) in the event that the Rating Agencies should not confirm any of the assigned provisional ratings as final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, or (b) in the event that Bond Issue is not fully paid up. In these events, the Management Company shall terminate the establishment of the Fund, subscription for the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates by the Fund and issue of the Bonds.

Termination of the establishment of the Fund shall be notified to the CNMV as soon as such is confirmed, and shall be publicised by means of the procedure specified in section 4.1.3.2 of the Building Block. Within not more than one month after the occurrence of the event of termination, the Management Company shall execute a statutory declaration before a notary declaring that the Fund's obligations have been settled and terminated and that the Fund has terminated. notwithstanding the above, the Management Company shall defray the Fund set-up and Bond issue expenses payable with the Start-Up Loan, and the Start-Up Loan agreement shall not be terminated but shall rather be cancelled after those amounts are settled, principal repayment being subordinated to fulfilment of all other obligations undertaken by the Management Company, acting for and on behalf of the Fund.

In the event that there should be any remainder upon the Fund being liquidated and after making all payments to the various creditors by distributing the Liquidation Available Funds in the Liquidation Priority of Payments, that remainder shall be for the Originators on the liquidation terms established by the Management Company. If that remainder is not a liquid amount, since relating to Mortgage Loan receivables that are pending the outcome of court or out-of-court proceedings instituted as a result of default by the Mortgage Loan Obligor, both their continuation and the proceeds of their termination shall be for the Originators, to the extent appropriate.

Upon a period of three (3) months elapsing from liquidation of the Fund's remaining assets and distribution of the Liquidation Available Funds, and at all events by the Final Maturity Date, the Management Company may proceed to terminate and Fund and shall execute a statutory declaration before a notary declaring (i) that the Fund has terminated, and the events prompting its termination, (ii) as the case may be, how Bondholders and the CNMV were notified, and (iii) how the Liquidation Available Funds were distributed in the Liquidation Priority of Payments; this shall be the subject of an extraordinary notice and all other appropriate administrative procedures will be observed. The Management Company will submit that statutory declaration to the CNMV.

#### **4.5 Domicile, legal form and legislation applicable to the Issuer.**

In accordance with the provisions of article 1.1 of Royal Decree 926/1998, the Fund has no own legal personality and the Management Company is entrusted with establishing, managing and being the authorised representative of the same, and, as the manager of third-party portfolios, with representing and enforcing the interests of the holders of the Bonds issued by the Fund managed thereby and of all its other ordinary creditors.

The Fund shall have the same domicile as the Management Company:

- Street: Lagasca number 120
- Town: Madrid
- Post Code: 28006
- Country: Spain
- Telephone: (34) 91 411 84 67

The establishment of the Fund is subject to Spanish Law and in particular is carried out pursuant to the legal system provided for by (i) Royal Decree 926/1998 and implementing regulations, (ii) Act 19/1992, failing a provision in Royal Decree 926/1998 and to the extent applicable, (iii) Additional Provision Five of Act 3/1994, (iv) Securities Market Act 24/1988, July 28, as currently worded (the "**Securities Market Act**"), (v) Mortgage Market Regulation Act 2/1981, March 25, as currently worded ("**Act 2/1981**"), (vi) Royal Decree 716/2009, April 24, implementing certain aspects of Act 2/1981, and other mortgage and financial system rules, as currently worded ("**Royal Decree 716/2009**"), (vii) Royal Decree 1310/2005, (viii) Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004, and (ix) all other legal and statutory provisions in force and applicable from time to time.

#### **4.5.1 Tax system of the Fund.**

In accordance with the provisions of Royal Decree 926/1998, Act 19/1992, Royal Decree 716/2009, article 7.1.h) of the Consolidation of the Corporation Tax Act approved by Legislative Royal Decree 4/2004, March 5, article 20.One.18 of Value Added Tax Act 37/1992, December 28, article 59.k of the Corporation Tax Regulations approved by Royal Decree 1777/2004, July 30, articles 45.I.B).15 and 45.I.B).20.4 of the Consolidation of the Capital Transfer and Documents Under Seal Tax Act approved by Legislative Royal Decree 1/1993, September 24, Additional Provision Five of Act 3/1994, April 14, and Personal Income Tax Act 35/2006, November 28, partly amending the Corporation, Non-Resident Income and Wealth Tax Acts, and all other applicable rules and regulations, the most relevant characteristics of each tax under the current tax system of the Fund are mainly as follows:

- (i) The establishment of the Fund, and all transactions entered into by the Fund are subject to and exempt from under the "corporate transactions" category of Capital Transfer and Documents under Seal Tax.
- (ii) Bond issue, subscription, transfer, repayment and redemption are not subject to or exempt from, as the case may be, payment of Value Added Tax and Capital Transfer and Documents Under Seal Tax.
- (iii) The Fund pays Corporation Tax, the taxable income being determined in accordance with the provisions of Title IV of the Corporation Tax Act, applying the general rate in force from time to time, which currently stands at 30%, and subject to common rules regarding tax credit, set-off of losses and other substantial constituent elements of the tax.

Rule 13 of Circular 2/2009, as worded by Circular 4/2010, October 14, both of the CNMV, provides that securitisation funds must make valuation adjustments for impairment in the value of financial assets. The amendment made by Act 2/2010, March 1, to article 12.2 of the consolidation of the Corporation Tax Act, approved by Legislative Royal Decree 4/2004, March 5, provides that the rules relating to the circumstances determining deductibility of valuation adjustments due to impairment in the value of debt instruments valued at their depreciated cost held by mortgage securitisation funds and asset securitisation funds shall be laid down by way of implementing regulations. Until such implementing regulations are established, the aforesaid Act 2/2010 has introduced a Transitional Provision thirty-one in the consolidation of the Corporation Tax Act, which makes provision for a transitional tax system whereby the set criteria for credit institutions regarding deductibility of the specific client insolvency risk cover shall apply.

- (iv) As for returns on the Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates, loans or other receivables constituting Fund income, there shall be no Corporation Tax withholding or interim payment obligation.
- (v) The management and custody services provided to the Fund are exempt from Value Added Tax.
- (vi) Assignment of the Mortgage Loan receivables by issuing and upon the Fund subscribing for the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates is a transaction exempt from and subject to Value Added Tax and Capital Transfer and Documents Under Seal Tax.

- (vii) Fulfilment of the reporting duties established by Additional Provision One of Credit Institution Arrangement, Supervision and Capital Requirements Act 10/2014. June 26, shall apply to the Fund.

The procedure to satisfy those reporting duties is set out in Royal Decree 1065/2007, July 27, approving General Regulations for tax management and inspection actions and procedures and implementing rules common to procedures applicable to taxes, and as worded by Royal Decree 1145/2011, July 29, amending those General Regulations.

- (viii) The posting and assignment of collateral to the Fund is subject to the general tax system, and there are no special provisions in the field of Capital Transfer and Documents Under Seal Tax Act for Securitisation Funds.

#### **4.6 Issuer's authorised and issued capital.**

Not applicable.

### **5. BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

#### **5.1 Brief description of the issuer's principal activities.**

The Fund's activity is to subscribe for a set of mortgage participation certificates (the "**Mortgage Certificates**") and a set of pass-through certificates (the "**Pass-Through Certificates**") issued by CAJA RURAL DE ARAGÓN, S.C.C., CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, S.C.C., CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA, S.C.C. and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, S.C.C. (the "**Originators**") on mortgage loans they own granted to Spanish individuals or individuals residing in Spain with senior real estate mortgage security on finished homes (and their annexes -parking spaces and/or lumber rooms- if any), located in Spain (each of them a "**Mortgage Loan**" and, collectively, the "**Mortgage Loans**") and to issue asset-backed bonds (either the "**Asset-Backed Bonds**" or the "**Bonds**"), the subscription for which is designed to finance the acquisition of the Pass-Through Certificates.

(In this Registration Document and elsewhere in the Prospectus the term "Mortgage Loans" shall be used in some definitions to generically refer to the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates perfecting the assignment of the Mortgage Loan receivables, other than where reference is made specifically to the Mortgage Certificates and to the Pass-Through Certificates as such or to the documents representing the same.)

Mortgage Loan interest and repayment income received by the Fund shall be allocated quarterly on each Payment Date to interest payment and principal repayment on the Bonds issued and in accordance with the Priority of Payments established for Fund payments.

Moreover, the Fund, represented by the Management Company, shall arrange a number of financial and service transactions in order to consolidate the Fund's financial structure, enhance Bond payment safety or regularity, cover timing differences between scheduled Mortgage Loan and Bond principal and interest flows and generally enable the financial transformation carried out in respect of the Fund's assets between the financial characteristics of the Mortgage Loans and the financial characteristics of the Bonds.

## 5.2 Global overview of the parties to the securitisation program.

- EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.A., SOCIEDAD GESTORA DE FONDOS DE TITULIZACIÓN (“**EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN**”) is the Management Company that will establish, manage and be the authorised representative of the Fund and has, together with BANCO COOPERATIVO, structured the financial terms of the Fund and of the Bond Issue.

EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN is a securitisation fund management company incorporated in Spain and entered in the CNMV’s special register under number 2.

TIN: A-805144 66 Business Activity Code No.: 6630

Registered office: Calle Lagasca number 120, 28006 Madrid (Spain).

- CAJA RURAL DE ARAGÓN, S.C.C., CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, S.C.C., CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA, S.C.C. and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, S.C.C. are the Originators of the Mortgage Loan receivables to be assigned to the Fund upon being established by issuing the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, and will be the Fund’s counterparty in the Loan B, Subordinated Principal Loan, Subordinated Interest Loan, Start-Up Loan, Mortgage Loan Servicing and Financial Intermediation Agreements.

- CAJA RURAL DE ARAGÓN, S.C.C. (“**BANTIERRA**”) is a credit co-operative incorporated in Spain and entered in the Companies Register of SARAGOSSA, Book 0, Folio 108, Sheet Z-52070, its code number at the Bank of Spain being 3191.

TIN: F-45003993 Business Activity Code No.: 6419

Registered office: San Voto, 6 50003 Saragossa (Spain).

BANTIERRA has not been rated by the Rating Agencies.

- CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, S.C.C. (“**CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA**”) is a credit co-operative incorporated in Spain and entered in the Companies Register of Granada, Book 966, Folio 210, Sheet GR-7223, entry 536, its code number at the Bank of Spain being 3023.

TIN: F-18009274 Business Activity Code No.: 6419

Registered office: Avenida Don Bosco, 2 18006 Granada (Spain).

Ratings for CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA’s short- and long-term unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations assigned by DBRS, valid at the registration date of this Prospectus:

	<b>DBRS Ratings</b>
<b>Short-term</b>	R-2 (low) (December 2013)
<b>Long-term</b>	BBB (low) (December 2013)
<b>Outlook</b>	Negative

CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA has not been rated by Fitch.

- CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA, S.C.C. (“**CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA**”) is a credit co-operative incorporated in Spain and entered in the Companies Register of Navarre, Volume 11, Folio 175, Sheet NA-183, entry 1.

TIN: F-31021611 Business Activity Code No.: 6419

Registered office: Plaza de los Fueros, 1, 31002 Navarre (Spain).

Ratings for CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA’s short- and long-term unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations assigned by Fitch, valid at the registration date of this Prospectus:

	<b>Fitch Ratings</b>
<b>Short-term</b>	F3 (March 2014)
<b>Long-term</b>	BBB (March 2014)
<b>Outlook</b>	Stable

CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA has not been rated by DBRS.

- CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, S.C.C. (“**CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL**”) is a credit co-operative incorporated in Spain and entered in the Companies Register of Teruel, Book 185, Folio 110, Sheet TE-242.

TIN: F-44002756 Business Activity Code No.: 6419

Registered office: Calle Plaza Carlos Castel, 14, 44001 Teruel (Spain).

CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL has not been rated by the Rating Agencies.

- BANCO COOPERATIVO ESPAÑOL S.A. (“**BANCO COOPERATIVO**”) shall be the Lead Manager of the Bond Issue.

Out of the functions and activities that lead managers may discharge in accordance with article 35.1 of Royal Decree 1310/2005, BANCO COOPERATIVO has, together with the Management Company, structured the financial terms of the Fund and the Bond Issue.

It shall also take on the duties of article 35.3 of said Royal Decree.

In addition, it shall be the Fund’s counterparty in the Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate Custody and Mortgage Loan Servicing Agreements (as the Servicers’ potential substitute in certain circumstances).

BANCO COOPERATIVO is a bank incorporated and registered in Spain and entered in the Bank of Spain’s Special Register of Banks and Bankers under code number 0198.

TIN: A-79496055 Business Activity Code No.: 6419

Registered office: Calle Virgen de los Peligros number 4, Madrid 28013

Ratings for BANCO COOPERATIVO’s short- and long-term unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations assigned by the Rating Agencies, valid at the registration date of this Prospectus:

	DBRS Ratings	Fitch Ratings
Short-term	R-1 (low) (April 2013)	F3 (November 2013)
Long-term	BBB (high) (April 2013)	BBB (November 2013)
Outlook	Negative	Negative

- The EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK will be the Bond Issue Subscriber.

The EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK is a financing institution with own legal personality, created by the Treaty of Rome on March 25, 1957 establishing the European Economic Community, with place of business in Luxembourg, 100 boulevard Konrad Adenauer, and Luxembourg Tax Number P50246636.

- BARCLAYS BANK PLC, SUCURSAL EN ESPAÑA (“**BARCLAYS**”) will be the Fund’s counterparty in the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) and Paying Agent Agreements.

BARCLAYS BANK PLC, SUCURSAL EN ESPAÑA, is a branch of Barclays Bank PLC. Barclays Bank PLC is a bank incorporated in accordance with the laws of England, with registered office at 1 Churchill Place, E14 5HP, London (United Kingdom).

TIN: W-0061418J Business Activity Code No.: 6419

Registered office: Plaza de Colón, 1 28046 Madrid (Spain).

Ratings for BARCLAYS’ short- and long-term unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations assigned by the Rating Agencies, valid at the registration date of this Prospectus:

	DBRS Ratings	Fitch Ratings
Short-term	R-1 (middle) (September 2013)	F1 (March 2014)
Long-term	A (high) (September 2013)	A (March 2014)
Outlook	Negative	Stable



- DBRS Ratings Limited (“**DBRS**”) is one of the Rating Agencies rating the Bond Issue.

DBRS is a rating agency with place of business at 1 Minster Court, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Mincing Lane, London, EC3R 7AA, United Kingdom, is privately owned and operated and provides independent assessments in North America, Europe and Asia. The DBRS ratings are all available online at Bloomberg and at its website ([www.dbrs.com](http://www.dbrs.com)).

DBRS Ratings Limited was registered and authorised on October 31, 2011 as a credit rating agency in the European Union in accordance with Regulation (EC) no. 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of September 16, 2009 on credit rating agencies.

- Fitch Ratings España, S.A.U. is one of the Rating Agencies rating the Bond Issue.

Fitch Ratings España, S.A.U. was registered and authorised on October 31, 2011 as a credit rating agency in the European Union in accordance with Regulation (EC) no. 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of September 16, 2009 on credit rating agencies.

Fitch Ratings España, S.A.U. is a single-member Spanish company and is affiliated to and operates in accordance with the methodology, standards and quality control of Fitch Ratings Limited (both of them “**Fitch**” without distinction).

TIN: A-58090655

Registered Office: Paseo de Gracia number 85, 7<sup>th</sup> floor, 08008 Barcelona (Spain)

- The law firm J&A Garrigues S.L.P. (“**GARRIGUES**”), as independent adviser, has provided legal advice for establishing the Fund and issuing the Bonds and has been involved in reviewing the legal, tax and contractual aspects of this Prospectus, the transaction and financial service agreements referred to herein and the Deed of Constitution.

TIN: B-81709081

Registered Office: Hermosilla number 3, 28001 Madrid (Spain).

- Deloitte S.L. (“**Deloitte**”) has issued the audit report on certain features and attributes of a sample of all of the Originators’ selected mortgage loans from which the Mortgage Loans will be taken to be assigned to the Fund upon being established.

Deloitte is entered in the Official Register of Auditors (ROAC) of Spain under number S0692.

TIN: B-79104469

Registered Office: Plaza Pablo Ruiz Picasso s/n (Torre Picasso) 28020 Madrid (Spain)

BANCO COOPERATIVO has a 0.7965% interest in the share capital of EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN.

BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL have a joint 32.04% interest in the share capital of BANCO COOPERATIVO.

The following table gives each Originator’s share in the share capital of BANCO COOPERATIVO.

Originator	Share (%)
BANTIERRA	9.970
CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA	9.543
CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA	9.970
CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL	2.557
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>32.040</b>

No other direct or indirect ownership or controlling interest whatsoever is known to exist between the above-mentioned legal persons involved in the securitisation transaction.

## 6. ADMINISTRATION, MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISORY BODIES

The Management Company, EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN, shall be responsible for managing and being the authorised representative of the Fund on the terms set in Royal Decree 926/1998, Act 19/1992, failing a provision in Royal Decree 926/1998 and to the extent applicable, and other applicable laws, and on the terms of the Deed of Constitution and of this Prospectus.

### 6.1 Incorporation and registration at the Companies Register.

EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN was incorporated in a public deed executed on January 19, 1993 before Madrid Notary Mr Roberto Blanquer Uberos, his document number 117, with the prior authorisation of the Economy and Finance Ministry, given on December 17, 1992, and was entered in the Companies Register of Madrid at volume 5,461, book 0, folio 49, section 8, sheet M-89355, entry 1, on March 11, 1993; the company was re-registered as a Securitisation Fund Management Company in accordance with the provisions of chapter II and of the single transitional provision of Royal Decree 926/1998, pursuant to an authorisation granted by a Ministerial Order dated October 4, 1999 and in a deed executed on October 25, 1999 before Madrid Notary Mr Luis Felipe Rivas Recio, his document number 3,289, which was entered under number 33 of the sheet opened for the Company in said Companies Register.

EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN has perpetual existence, other than upon the occurrence of any of the events of dissolution provided by the laws and the articles of association.

### 6.2 Audit.

The annual accounts of EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 have been audited by the firm Deloitte S.L. and are unqualified. The annual accounts for the year ended December 31, 2013 are yet to be approved.

In addition, Deloitte S.L. has audited BANTIERRA's, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA's and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL's annual accounts for the year ended December 31, 2013.

### 6.3 Principal activities.

The exclusive objects of EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN are to establish, manage and be the authorised representative of both asset securitisation funds and mortgage securitisation funds.

EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN manages 92 securitisation funds at May 31, 2014, 10 being mortgage securitisation funds and 82 being asset securitisation funds.

The following table itemises the 92 securitisation funds managed, giving their date of establishment and the face amount of the bonds issued by those funds and their outstanding principal balances as at May 31, 2014.

Securitisation Fund	Establishment	Initial Bond Issue	Bond Issue Balance 31.05.2014		Bond Issue Balance 31.12.2013		Bond Issue Balance 31.12.2012
		EUR	EUR	Δ%	EUR	Δ%	EUR
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>126,172,950,000.00</b>	<b>46,753,790,439.93</b>	<b>-4.84</b>	<b>49,133,231,438.93</b>	<b>-7.64%</b>	<b>53,198,158,405.18</b>
<b>Mortgage (FTH)</b>		<b>8,997,500,000.00</b>	<b>1,710,113,274.37</b>	<b>-4.61</b>	<b>1,816,519,318.65</b>	<b>-32.92%</b>	<b>2,707,929,306.59</b>
Bankinter 12 FTH	06.03.2006	1,200,000,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		619,867,304.96
Valencia Hipotecario 2 FTH	07.12.2005	950,000,000.00	337,692,494.65	-6.16%	359,866,923.20	-12.00%	408,929,627.85
Bankinter 11 FTH	28.11.2005	900,000,000.00	406,885,793.63	-2.66%	426,679,902.45	-8.45%	466,053,438.64
Bankinter 7 FTH	18.02.2004	490,000,000.00	134,616,066.02	-3.11%	138,933,790.90	-9.93%	154,244,617.24
Bankinter 5 FTH	16.12.2002	710,000,000.00	143,993,879.16	-3.65%	153,811,878.94	-11.99%	174,763,197.44
Rural Hipotecario IV FTH	14.11.2002	520,000,000.00	81,767,325.13	-4.30%	88,889,509.18	-14.79%	104,315,846.15
Bancaja 4 FTH	05.11.2002	1,000,000,000.00	148,706,729.90	-3.76%	154,512,357.95	-13.02%	177,644,322.50
Bankinter 4 FTH	24.09.2002	1,025,000,000.00	201,370,606.86	-4.04%	216,756,691.49	-12.78%	248,511,950.01
Rural Hipotecario III FTH	14.05.2002	325,000,000.00	41,403,149.47	-5.36%	43,748,303.86	-17.46%	53,004,438.64
Bankinter 3 FTH	22.10.2001	1,322,500,000.00	186,194,380.55	-8.28%	202,997,099.43	-15.24%	239,495,896.56
Rural Hipotecario II FTH	29.05.2001	235,000,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		23,505,328.60

Securitisation Fund	Establishment	Initial Bond Issue	Bond Issue Balance 31.05.2014		Bond Issue Balance 31.12.2013		Bond Issue Balance 31.12.2012
		EUR	EUR	Δ%	EUR	Δ%	EUR
Bankinter 2 FTH	25.10.1999	320,000,000.00	27,482,849.00	-9.37%	30,322,861.25	-19.34%	37,593,338.00
<b>Asset (FTA)</b>		<b>117,175,450,000.00</b>	<b>45,501,004,849.84</b>	<b>-3.84%</b>	<b>47,316,712,120.28</b>	<b>-6.29%</b>	<b>50,490,229,098.59</b>
BBVA RMBS 12 FTA	09.12.2013	4,350,000,000.00	4,284,465,814.50	-1.51%	4,350,000,000.00		
BANKIA PYME I FTA	20.12.2013	645,000,000.00	570,144,550.80	-11.61%	645,000,000.00		
Rural Hipotecario XVI FTA	24.07.2013	150,000,000.00	143,348,229.00	-3.32%	148,272,056.10		
Rural Hipotecario XV FTA	18.07.2013	529,000,000.00	499,841,779.21	-3.58%	518,414,916.31		
Rural Hipotecario XIV FTA	12.07.2013	225,000,000.00	210,782,151.00	-4.00%	219,567,390.75		
BBVA Securitised Funding 1 FTA	11.03.2013	850,000,000.00	778,100,380.00	-8.46%	850,000,000.00		
BBVA-9 PYME FTA	24.12.2012	470,000,000.00	306,859,200.00	-9.22%	338,028,200.00	-28.08%	470,000,000.00
BBVA RMBS 11 FTA	11.06.2012	1,400,000,000.00	1,294,572,221.60	-2.32%	1,325,381,979.60	-4.31%	1,385,045,356.80
Rural Cédula I FTA	09.03.2012	1,000,000,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		1,000,000,000.00
Valencia Activos 1 FTA	24.01.2012	1,313,000,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		953,345,414.84
BBVA Empresas 6 FTA	19.12.2011	1,200,000,000.00	480,255,742.80	-22.50%	619,655,835.60	-31.66%	906,686,971.20
BBVA RMBS 10 FTA	20.06.2011	1,600,000,000.00	1,454,179,363.20	-1.92%	1,482,672,745.60	-3.46%	1,535,816,342.40
BBVA Empresas 5 FTA	14.03.2011	1,250,000,000.00	469,617,800.00	-5.76%	498,323,067.50	-27.94%	691,536,477.50
MBS BANCAJA 8 FTA	23.12.2010	450,000,000.00	360,949,427.55	-2.50%	370,186,599.60	-9.12%	407,340,751.05
BBVA Consumo 5 FTA	20.12.2010	900,000,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		653,197,680.00
MBS BANCAJA 7 FTA	23.07.2010	875,000,000.00	688,629,651.50	-4.39%	720,262,109.00	-7.94%	782,388,818.75
BBVA Empresas 4 FTA	19.07.2010	1,700,000,000.00	328,410,420.00	-17.54%	398,249,990.00	-37.72%	639,461,120.00
BBVA RMBS 9 FTA	19.04.2010	1,295,000,000.00	1,090,693,936.50	-1.16%	1,103,462,118.50	-4.83%	1,159,438,364.00
BBVA Empresas 3 FTA	21.12.2009	2,600,000,000.00	387,078,874.00	-11.98%	439,738,039.00	-39.32%	724,657,427.00
BBVA Consumo 4 FTA	09.12.2009	1,100,000,000.00	225,289,247.34	-14.08%	262,215,498.26	-43.20%	461,633,062.85
Rural Hipotecario XII FTA	04.11.2009	910,000,000.00	657,283,489.48	-2.40%	673,419,648.70	-9.19%	741,610,270.72
Bancaja Leasing 1 FTA	22.10.2009	800,000,000.00	358,218,771.20	-4.23%	374,048,518.40	-18.66%	459,831,161.60
VAL Bancaja 1 FTA	27.05.2009	300,000,000.00	218,501,313.23	-4.61%	229,064,138.92	-8.59%	250,589,832.27
Bancaja - BVA VPO 1 FTA	03.04.2009	390,000,000.00	260,716,699.92	-5.14%	274,831,794.06	-9.43%	303,442,444.50
PYME Valencia 2 FTA	13.03.2009	500,000,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		178,507,602.00
BBVA Empresas 2 FTA	09.03.2009	2,850,000,000.00	548,535,254.64	-14.22%	639,446,570.16	-30.90%	925,441,740.00
Rural Hipotecario XI FTA	25.02.2009	2,200,000,000.00	1,405,880,115.20	-3.06%	1,450,215,066.30	-10.46%	1,619,574,325.93
MBS Bancaja 6 FTA	02.02.2009	1,000,000,000.00	610,025,338.40	-6.71%	653,910,560.80	-13.19%	753,257,358.40
Valencia Hipotecario 5 FTA	17.12.2008	500,000,000.00	307,925,405.60	-6.95%	330,907,388.00	-13.24%	381,387,786.80
Bancaja 13 FTA	09.12.2008	2,895,000,000.00	2,055,528,999.52	-4.91%	2,161,749,298.81	-9.33%	2,384,255,734.22
PYME Bancaja 7 FTA	10.10.2008	1,100,000,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		339,925,156.88
Bankinter 4 FTPYME FTA	15.09.2008	400,000,000.00	142,064,294.60	-10.16%	158,137,683.40	-18.07%	193,007,619.20
BBVA-8 FTPYME FTA	21.07.2008	1,100,000,000.00	159,950,076.41	-7.63%	173,169,886.34	-31.55%	253,004,418.65
Rural Hipotecario X FTA	25.06.2008	1,880,000,000.00	1,086,809,409.60	-6.01%	1,156,267,798.08	-9.75%	1,281,247,318.72
BBVA RMBS 5 FTA	26.05.2008	5,000,000,000.00	3,172,952,965.00	-1.69%	3,227,376,510.00	-7.07%	3,473,006,620.00
BBVA Consumo 3 FTA	14.04.2008	975,000,000.00	81,904,752.15	-26.86%	111,989,597.85	-43.94%	199,771,051.35
BBVA-7 FTGENCAT FTA	11.02.2008	250,000,000.00	27,549,884.21	-22.27%	35,441,609.49	-26.18%	48,011,449.56
Valencia Hipotecario 4 FTA	21.12.2007	978,500,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		683,115,598.52
Bankinter 3 FTPYME FTA	12.11.2007	617,400,000.00	201,226,951.11	-8.78%	220,597,490.40	-17.14%	266,240,220.06
BBVA Empresas 1 FTA	05.11.2007	1,450,000,000.00	107,985,978.45	-22.85%	139,961,241.60	-33.80%	211,409,728.48
FTPYME Bancaja 6 FTA	26.09.2007	1,027,000,000.00	144,902,099.08	-9.89%	160,802,572.30	-17.87%	195,781,583.31
BBVA RMBS 3 FTA	23.07.2007	3,000,000,000.00	2,088,201,784.65	-1.25%	2,114,644,751.25	-4.15%	2,206,218,117.00
PYME Valencia 1 FTA	20.07.2007	865,300,000.00	157,441,616.80	-3.93%	163,880,066.56	-14.60%	191,891,277.64
Bancaja 11 FTA	16.07.2007	2,022,900,000.00	1,175,023,440.80	-3.78%	1,221,245,867.90	-8.36%	1,332,644,151.70
BBVA Leasing 1 FTA	25.06.2007	2,500,000,000.00	270,668,646.52	-13.63%	313,382,311.36	-26.86%	428,474,670.28
BBVA-6 FTPYME FTA	11.06.2007	1,500,000,000.00	124,303,468.22	-9.52%	137,376,852.64	-37.82%	220,944,959.20
BBVA Finanzia Autos 1 FTA	30.04.2007	800,000,000.00	55,895,053.88	-24.40%	73,932,260.00	-40.34%	123,917,974.40
MBS Bancaja 4 FTA	27.04.2007	1,873,100,000.00	813,679,847.53	-6.26%	867,987,260.66	-12.20%	988,556,514.82
Rural Hipotecario IX FTA	28.03.2007	1,515,000,000.00	746,820,063.09	-5.67%	791,709,372.12	-10.33%	882,919,085.37
BBVA RMBS 2 FTA	26.03.2007	5,000,000,000.00	2,849,319,360.00	-1.90%	2,904,606,720.00	-6.40%	3,103,285,680.00
BBVA RMBS 1 FTA	19.02.2007	2,500,000,000.00	1,458,631,020.00	-1.62%	1,482,708,080.00	-5.65%	1,571,465,000.00
Bancaja 10 FTA	26.01.2007	2,631,000,000.00	1,379,729,532.60	-3.89%	1,435,645,285.20	-9.38%	1,584,331,437.50
BBVA Consumo 2 FTA	27.11.2006	1,500,000,000.00	85,955,111.05	-17.52%	104,216,127.62	-47.21%	197,424,231.10
Ruralpyme 2 FTPYME FTA	24.11.2006	617,050,000.00	101,098,149.78	-10.35%	112,767,449.76	-27.45%	155,436,189.90
Bankinter 13 FTA	20.11.2006	1,570,000,000.00	825,353,277.54	-4.20%	861,501,919.44	-7.50%	931,390,085.64
Valencia Hipotecario 3 FTA	15.11.2006	911,000,000.00	420,269,812.80	-2.88%	432,726,740.07	-10.14%	481,552,108.42
BBVA-5 FTPYME FTA	23.10.2006	1,900,000,000.00	104,592,393.92	-8.43%	114,219,254.75	-33.40%	171,509,186.01
PYME Bancaja 5 FTA	02.10.2006	1,178,800,000.00	104,235,900.88	-9.93%	115,725,000.04	-20.05%	144,749,613.68
Bankinter 2 PYME FTA	26.06.2006	800,000,000.00	159,709,546.40	-9.63%	176,728,515.40	-20.77%	223,058,139.40
Consumo Bancaja 1 FTA	26.06.2006	612,900,000.00	15,526,988.16	-18.70%	19,097,366.40	-46.40%	35,628,108.78
Rural Hipotecario VIII FTA	26.05.2006	1,311,700,000.00	549,366,841.68	-5.39%	580,670,750.52	-10.74%	650,526,703.24
BBVA Consumo 1 FTA	08.05.2006	1,500,000,000.00	62,421,744.00	-26.71%	85,172,535.75	-43.89%	151,782,722.25
MBS Bancaja 3 FTA	03.04.2006	810,000,000.00	294,575,208.80	-2.96%	303,547,116.80	-11.81%	344,196,319.60
Bancaja 9 FTA	02.02.2006	2,022,600,000.00	794,905,800.00	-2.37%	814,198,420.00	-10.97%	914,571,180.00
BBVA Autos 2 FTA	12.12.2005	1,000,000,000.00	41,292,734.55	-31.36%	60,154,516.00	-46.49%	112,413,951.55
EdT FTPYME Pastor 3 FTA	05.12.2005	520,000,000.00	21,685,901.68	-12.31%	24,729,482.53	-32.90%	36,853,151.50
Rural Hipotecario Global I FTA	18.11.2005	1,078,000,000.00	371,427,952.12	-6.68%	398,019,714.73	-11.56%	450,044,933.05
BBVA-4 PYME FTA	26.09.2005	1,250,000,000.00	32,551,162.44	-18.82%	40,098,493.32	-31.24%	58,317,666.27

Securitisation Fund	Establishment	Initial Bond Issue	Bond Issue Balance 31.05.2014		Bond Issue Balance 31.12.2013		Bond Issue Balance 31.12.2012
		EUR	EUR	Δ%	EUR	Δ%	EUR
Bankinter 10 FTA	27.06.2005	1,740,000,000.00	680,532,897.05	-2.57%	698,510,855.45	-8.92%	766,897,823.29
MBS Bancaja 2 FTA	27.06.2005	809,200,000.00	209,979,853.68	-6.31%	224,114,744.72	-12.57%	256,322,268.48
BBVA Hipotecario 3 FTA	13.06.2005	1,450,000,000.00	93,470,415.77	-19.10%	115,545,213.39	-35.04%	177,877,037.75
Rural Hipotecario VII FTA	29.04.2005	1,100,000,000.00	351,717,300.86	-3.56%	364,697,004.48	-12.10%	414,883,935.55
Bancaja 8 FTA	22.04.2005	1,680,100,000.00	548,005,001.28	-4.98%	576,751,213.18	-10.57%	644,886,934.82
Bankinter 9 FTA	14.02.2005	1,035,000,000.00	376,642,860.93	-5.25%	397,500,283.92	-9.34%	438,438,842.62
BBVA-3 FTPYME FTA	29.11.2004	1,000,000,000.00	19,548,208.62	-23.60%	25,587,706.14	-44.21%	45,865,077.14
Ruralpyme 1 FTPYME FTA	23.11.2004	214,000,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		22,449,450.40
BBVA Autos 1 FTA	25.10.2004	1,000,000,000.00	Liquidated		Liquidated		10,081,044.00
FTPYME Bancaja 3 FTA	11.10.2004	900,000,000.00	37,744,946.49	-6.41%	40,329,875.20	-24.82%	53,641,656.52
Bancaja 7 FTA	12.07.2004	1,900,000,000.00	477,120,852.88	-5.82%	506,616,918.92	-10.97%	569,061,855.46
Rural Hipotecario VI FTA	07.07.2004	950,000,000.00	258,447,866.06	-6.48%	276,350,954.18	-11.78%	313,238,820.31
MBS Bancaja 1 FTA	17.05.2004	690,000,000.00	81,845,215.98	-9.81%	90,747,080.88	-18.97%	111,987,643.74
Valencia Hipotecario 1 FTA	23.04.2004	472,000,000.00	103,015,016.57	-8.17%	112,185,470.91	-14.40%	131,054,401.95
Bankinter 8 FTA	03.03.2004	1,070,000,000.00	297,504,016.34	-3.12%	307,088,538.01	-10.56%	343,352,648.80
Bancaja 6 FTA	03.12.2003	2,080,000,000.00	386,979,244.60	-5.91%	411,270,258.36	-11.57%	465,084,397.44
Rural Hipotecario V FTA	28.10.2003	695,000,000.00	155,777,487.20	-3.98%	162,241,044.44	-12.55%	185,534,300.30
Bankinter 6 FTA	25.09.2003	1,350,000,000.00	361,708,654.47	-6.08%	385,119,051.45	-10.95%	432,478,967.09
FTPYME Bancaja 2 FTA	19.09.2003	500,000,000.00	20,571,164.45	-16.26%	24,565,274.15	-29.01%	34,602,897.20
Bancaja 5 FTA	14.04.2003	1,000,000,000.00	169,368,896.95	-6.83%	181,777,165.65	-12.32%	207,311,985.20
Bancaja 3 FTA	29.07.2002	520,900,000.00	117,940,708.69	-5.51%	124,812,686.60	-19.95%	155,919,014.67
BCL Municipios I FTA	21.06.2000	1,205,000,000.00	69,893,610.00	-12.02%	79,440,630.00	-22.26%	102,188,130.00

#### 6.4 Share capital and equity.

The Management Company's wholly subscribed for, paid-up share capital amounts to one million eight hundred and three thousand and thirty-seven Euros and fifty Eurocents (EUR 1,803,037.50) represented by 2,500 registered shares, all in the same class, correlatively numbered from 1 to 2,500, both inclusive, wholly subscribed for and paid up, and divided into two series:

- Series A comprising 1,250 shares, numbers 1 to 1,250, both inclusive, having a unit face value of EUR 276.17.
- Series B comprising 1,250 shares, numbers 1,251 to 2,500, both inclusive, having a unit face value of EUR 1,166.26.

The shares are all in the same class and confer identical political and economic rights.

(EUR)	31.03.2014	31.12.2013	Δ%	31.12.2012
<b>Equity *</b>	<b>33,478,771.33</b>	<b>29,122,908.50</b>	<b>11.74%</b>	<b>26,063,642.39</b>
Capital	1,803,037.50	1,803,037.50	0.00%	1,803,037.50
Reserves	27,319,871.00	27,319,871.00	12.61%	24,260,604.89
Legal	360,607.50	360,607.50	0.00%	360,607.50
Voluntary	26,959,263.50	26,959,263.50	12.80%	23,899,997.39
Previous financial year's result	4,353,862.83			
<b>Year's profit</b>	<b>1,003,232.12</b>	<b>4,355,862.83</b>	<b>-14.57%</b>	<b>5,098,776.85</b>

\* Equity at December 31, 2013 and 2012 does not include year's profit

#### 6.5 Existence or not of shareholdings in other companies.

There are no shareholdings in any other company.

## 6.6 **Administrative, management and supervisory bodies.**

Under the articles of association, the General Shareholders' Meeting and the Board of Directors are entrusted with governing and managing the Management Company. Their duties and authorities are as prescribed for those bodies in the Companies Act and in Royal Decree 926/1998, in relation to the objects.

As provided for in the articles of association, the Board of Directors has delegated to an Executive Committee all its authorities that may be delegated by law and in accordance with the articles, including resolving to set up Asset Securitisation Funds. There is also a General Manager vested with extensive authorities within the organisation and vis-à-vis third parties.

### **Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors has the following membership:

<b>Chairman:</b>	Mr Sergio Fernández-Pacheco Ruiz-Villar(*) (**)
<b>Vice-Chairman:</b>	Mr Pedro María Urresti Laca (**)
<b>Directors:</b>	Mr Ignacio Echevarría Soriano (*) (**) Mr Carlos José Alsina Costa (*) (**) Mr Mario Masiá Vicente (*) Mr Antonio Muñoz Calzada, on behalf of Bankinter, S. A. Mr Ignacio Benlloch Fernández-Cuesta, on behalf of Banco Cooperativo Español, S.A.

**Non-Director Secretary:** Ms Belén Rico Arévalo

(\*) Member of the Board of Directors' Executive Committee.

(\*\*) Proprietary Directors for BBVA.

The business address of the directors of EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN is for these purposes at Madrid, calle Lagasca number 120.

### **General Manager.**

The Management Company's General Manager is Mr Mario Masiá Vicente.

## 6.7 **Principal activities of the persons referred to in section 6.6 above, performed outside the Management Company where these are significant with respect to the Fund.**

Mr Ignacio Benlloch Fernández-Cuesta is currently a member of staff of BANCO COOPERATIVO, which is in turn the Lead Manager, and counterparty in the Mortgage Loan Servicing (as the Servicers' potential substitute in certain circumstances) and Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate Custody Agreement entered into by the Fund, represented by the Management Company.

## 6.8 **Lenders of the Management Company in excess of 10 percent.**

The Management Company has received no loan or credit from any person or institution whatsoever.

## 6.9 **Litigation in the Management Company.**

The Management Company is not involved in any event in the nature of insolvency or in any litigation or actions which might affect its economic and financial position or, in the future, its capacity to discharge its Fund management and administration duties as at the registration date of this Registration Document.

## 7. MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS

### 7.1 Statement as to whether the Management Company is directly or indirectly owned or controlled.

The ownership of shares in the Management Company is distributed among the companies listed below, specifying the percentage holding of each one in the share capital:

Name of shareholder company	Holding (%)
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A.	87.5041
J.P. Morgan España, S.A.	4.0000
Banco de Sabadell, S.A.	3.0737
Bankinter, S.A.	1.5623
Banco Cooperativo Español, S.A.	0.7965
Banco Popular Español, S.A.	0.7658
CaixaBank, S.A.	0.7658
BNP Paribas España, S.A.	0.7658
Bankia, S.A.	0.3829
Banco de Caja España de Inversiones, Salamanca y Soria, S.A.	0.3829
	<b>100.0000</b>

For the purposes of Commercial Code article 42, EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN is a member of Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria Group.

EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN has established an Internal Code of Conduct for the Securities Market in fulfilment of the provisions of Chapter III of Royal Decree 217/2008, February 15, on the legal system of investment services companies and other undertakings providing investment services and partially amending the implementing Regulations of Undertakings for Collective Investment Act 35/2003, November 4, approved by Royal Decree 1309/2005, November 4, which has been notified to the CNMV.

## 8. FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE ISSUER'S ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, FINANCIAL POSITION, AND PROFITS AND LOSSES

### 8.1 Statement as to commencement of operations and financial statements of the Issuer as at the date of the Registration Document.

In accordance with the provisions of section 4.4.2 of this Registration Document, the Fund's operations shall commence on the date of execution of the Deed of Constitution and therefore the Fund has no financial statement as at the date of this Registration Document.

### 8.2 Historical financial information where an issuer has commenced operations and financial statements have been prepared.

Not applicable.

### 8.2 bis Historical financial information for issues of securities having a denomination per unit of at least EUR 100,000.

Not applicable.

### 8.3 Legal and arbitration proceedings.

Not applicable.

**8.4 Material adverse change in the issuer's financial position.**

Not applicable.

**9. THIRD PARTY INFORMATION, STATEMENT BY EXPERTS AND DECLARATIONS OF ANY INTEREST**

**9.1 Statement or report attributed to a person as an expert.**

No statement or report is included.

**9.2 Information sourced from a third party.**

No information sourced from a third party is included.

**10. DOCUMENTS ON DISPLAY**

**10.1 Documents on display.**

If necessary, the following documents or copies thereof shall be on display during the life of the Fund:

- a) the Deed of Constitution of the Fund;
- b) the transcripts of the Management Company's and the Originators' corporate resolutions;
- c) this Prospectus;
- d) the audit report on certain features and attributes of a sample of all of the Originators' selected mortgage loans from which the Mortgage Loans will be taken to issue the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates to be subscribed for by the Fund upon being established;
- e) the Rating Agencies' letters notifying the provisional and final ratings assigned to the Bond Issue;
- f) the letter from BANCO COOPERATIVO taking responsibility, with the Management Company, for the Securities Note;
- g) the notarial certificate of payment of the Bond Issue, once the Bond Issue is paid up;
- h) the Management Company's annual accounts and the relevant audit reports; and
- i) the Management Company's articles of association and memorandum of association.

Those documents are physically on display at the registered office of EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN at Madrid, calle Lagasca number 120.

Moreover, the Prospectus is also on display at the website of EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN, at [www.edt-sg.es](http://www.edt-sg.es), and of the CNMV at [www.cnmv.es](http://www.cnmv.es).

The Fund's Deed of Constitution is physically on display at the place of business of Iberclear in Madrid, Plaza de la Lealtad number 1.

In addition, the documents listed in a) to g) are on display at the CNMV.

## **SECURITIES NOTE**

**(Annex XIII to Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004 of April 29, 2004)**

### **1 PERSONS RESPONSIBLE**

#### **1.1 Persons responsible for the information given in the Securities Note.**

Mr Mario Masiá Vicente, acting for and on behalf of EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN S.A. SOCIEDAD GESTORA DE FONDOS DE TITULIZACIÓN, the company sponsoring RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS, takes responsibility for the contents of this Securities Note (including the Building Block).

Mr Mario Masiá Vicente, the Management Company's General Manager, is acting using the authorities conferred by the Board of Directors at its meetings held on January 19, 1993 and March 31, 2010, and by the Board of Directors' Executive Committee at its meetings held on January 28, 2000 and November 23, 2009, and specifically for establishing the Fund pursuant to authorities conferred by the Board of Directors' Executive Committee on April 1, 2014.

Mr Ignacio Benloch Fernández-Cuesta and Ms Pilar Villaseca Pérez, duly authorised for these presents, for and on behalf of BANCO COOPERATIVO ESPAÑOL S.A., Lead Manager of the Bond Issue by RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS, take responsibility for the contents of this Securities Note.

Mr Ignacio Benloch Fernández-Cuesta is acting as attorney-in-fact for the Lead Manager BANCO COOPERATIVO using the powers conferred on him before Madrid Notary Mr José María de Prada Guaita on March 25, 1997, his document number 642.

Ms Pilar Villaseca Pérez is acting as attorney-in-fact for the Lead Manager BANCO COOPERATIVO using the powers conferred on her before Madrid Notary Mr José María de Prada Guaita on February 2, 2001, his document number 231.

#### **1.2 Declaration by those responsible for the Securities Note.**

Mr Mario Masiá Vicente declares that, having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, the information contained in this Securities Note (including the Building Block) is, to the best of his knowledge, in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

Mr Ignacio Benloch Fernández-Cuesta and Ms Pilar Villaseca Pérez declare that, having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, the information contained in this Securities Note is, to the best of their knowledge, in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

### **2 RISK FACTORS**

The risk factors linked to the securities are described in paragraph 2 of the preceding Risk Factors section of this Prospectus.

The risk factors linked to the assets backing the issue are described in paragraph 3 of the preceding section of Risk Factors of this Prospectus.



### **3 KEY INFORMATION**

#### **3.1 Interest of natural and legal persons involved in the offer.**

The identity of the legal persons involved in the offer and direct or indirect shareholdings or controlling interest or association between them are detailed in section 5.2 of the Registration Document. Their interest as persons involved in the offer of the Bond Issue are as follows:

- a) EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN is the Fund Management Company.
- b) BANCO COOPERATIVO and EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN have structured the financial terms of the Fund and of the Bond Issue.
- c) BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL are the Originators of the Mortgage Loan receivables by issuing the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates to be pooled in the Fund. In addition, they shall be the Fund's counterparty in the Loan B, Subordinated Principal Loan, Subordinated Interest Loan, Start-Up Loan, Mortgage Loan Servicing and Financial Intermediation Agreements.
- d) BANCO COOPERATIVO is involved as Lead Manager of the Bond Issue and as Fund counterparty under the Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate Custody and Mortgage Loan Servicing Agreements (as potential substitute in certain circumstances).
- e) The EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK is involved as Bond Issue Subscriber.
- f) BARCLAYS is involved as Paying Agent of the Bond Issue and shall be the Fund's counterparty in the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement.
- g) DELOITTE have audited certain features and attributes of a sample of all the Originators' selected mortgage loans from which the Mortgage Loans will be taken to be assigned to the Fund upon being established.
- h) GARRIGUES, as independent adviser, has provided legal advice for establishing the Fund and the Bond Issue and has been involved in reviewing the legal, tax and contractual aspects of this Prospectus, the transaction and financial service agreements referred to herein and the Deed of Constitution.
- i) DBRS and Fitch are the Rating Agencies that have assigned the ratings to the Bond Issue.

The Management Company is not aware of the existence of any other significant link or economic interest between the aforesaid institutions involved in the Bond Issue, other than what is strictly professional derived from their involvement as detailed in this section and in section 5.2 of the Registration Document.

### **4 INFORMATION CONCERNING THE SECURITIES TO BE OFFERED AND ADMITTED TO TRADING.**

#### **4.1 Total amount of the securities and underwriting.**

##### **4.1.1 Total amount of the securities.**

The total face value amount of the Issue of Asset-Backed Bonds (the "**Bond Issue**" or the "**Bonds**") is EUR ninety million (90,000,000.00), consisting of nine hundred (900) Bonds having a unit face value of EUR one hundred thousand (100,000), represented by means of book entries.

##### **4.1.2 Bond issue price.**

The issue price of the Bonds is to be 100 percent of their face value.

Bond issue expenses and taxes shall be borne by the Fund. The issue price of the Bonds shall be EUR one hundred thousand (100,000) per Bond, clear of taxes and subscription costs for the subscriber through the Fund.

#### **4.1.3 Management of and Subscription for the Bond Issue.**

The entire Bond Issue shall be exclusively subscribed for by the EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK (the “**Subscriber**”) under the Management and Subscription Agreement to be entered into by the Management Company for and on behalf of the Fund.

BANCO COOPERATIVO shall be involved as Lead Manager in the Bond Issue and shall receive a Bond Issue management fee of 0.02% of the total face value amount of the Bond Issue.

The EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK shall receive no fee whatsoever for subscribing for Bond Issue.

The Management and Subscription Agreement shall be fully terminated (a) in the event that the Rating Agencies should not confirm the provisional ratings assigned to the Bonds as final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, or (b) in the event that Bond Issue is not fully paid up.

#### **4.2 Description of the type and class of the securities.**

The Bonds legally qualify as marketable fixed-income securities with an explicit yield and are subject to the system prescribed in the Securities Market and implementing regulations.

#### **4.3 Legislation under which the securities have been created.**

The establishment of the Fund and the Bond Issue are subject to Spanish Law and in particular are carried out in accordance with the legal system provided for by (i) Royal Decree 926/1998 and implementing regulations, (ii) Act 19/1992, failing a provision in Royal Decree 926/1998 and to the extent applicable, (iii) Additional Provision five of Act 3/1994, as currently worded, (iv) the Securities Market Act and applicable implementing regulations, (v) Regulation 809/2004, (vi) Royal Decree 1310/2005 and (vii) all other legal and statutory provisions in force and applicable from time to time.

The Deed of Constitution, the Bond Issue and the agreements to be entered into by the Management Company on the Fund’s behalf shall be subject to Spanish Law and shall be governed by and construed in accordance with Spanish laws.

#### **4.4 Indication as to whether the securities are in registered or bearer form and whether the securities are in certificated or book-entry form.**

The Bonds issued by the Fund will be exclusively represented by means of book entries, and will become such Bonds when entered at Iberclear, the institution in charge of the accounting record, in accordance with article 11 of Royal Decree 116/1992. In this connection, and for the record, the Deed of Constitution shall have the effects prescribed by article 6 of the Securities Market Act.

Sociedad de Gestión de los Sistemas de Registro, Compensación y Liquidación de Valores S.A. (“**Iberclear**”), with place of business at Plaza de la Lealtad, no. 1, Madrid, shall be the institution designated in the Deed of Constitution to account for the Bonds in order for the Bonds to be cleared and settled in accordance with the operating rules regarding securities admitted to trading on the AIAF and represented by means of book entries, established now or henceforth by Iberclear or AIAF.

Bondholders shall be identified as such when entered in the accounting record kept by the members of Iberclear.

#### **4.5 Currency of the issue.**

The Bonds shall be denominated in Euros.

#### **4.6 Ranking of the securities.**

Loan B interest payment and principal repayment is deferred with respect to the Bonds, as provided in the Priority of Payments and in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

##### **4.6.1 Simple reference to the order number of Bond interest payment in the Fund priority of payments.**

Payment of interest accrued by the Bonds is (i) second (2<sup>nd</sup>) in the application of Available Funds in the Priority of Payments established in section 3.4.6.2.1.2 of the Building Block, and (ii) third (3<sup>rd</sup>) in the application of Liquidation Available Funds in the Liquidation Priority of Payments established in section 3.4.6.3 of the Building Block.

##### **4.6.2 Simple reference to the order number of Bond principal repayment in the Fund priority of payments.**

The Amortisation Withholding amount designed for repaying the Bonds and Loan B as a whole is fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) in the application of Available Funds in the Priority of Payments established in section 3.4.6.2.1.2 of the Building Block.

Bond principal shall be repaid in accordance with the rules for Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation given in section 4.9.3.5 of this Securities Note.

Repayment of Bond principal is fourth (4<sup>th</sup>) in the application of Liquidation Available Funds in the Liquidation Priority of Payments established in section 3.4.6.3 of the Building Block.

#### **4.7 Description of the rights attached to the securities.**

Bondholders' economic and financial rights associated with acquiring and holding the Bonds shall be as derived from the terms as to interest rate, yields and redemption terms on which they are to be issued and given in sections 4.8 and 4.9 of this Securities Note. In accordance with the laws in force for the time being, the Bonds subject of this Securities Note shall vest the investor acquiring the same in no present and/or future political rights in and to the Fund.

Bondholders and all other creditors of the Fund shall have no recourse whatsoever against Mortgage Loan Obligors who may have defaulted on their payment obligations or against the Originators. Any such rights shall lie with the Management Company, representing the Fund.

Bondholders and all other creditors of the Fund shall have no recourse whatsoever against the Fund or against the Management Company in the event of non-payment of amounts due by the Fund resulting from the existence of Mortgage Loan default or prepayment, breach of obligations by the Originators or by the counterparties to the transactions entered into for and on behalf of the Fund, or shortfall of the financial hedging transactions for servicing the Bonds.

Bondholders and all other creditors of the Fund shall have no recourse against the Management Company other than as derived from breaches of its duties or inobservance of the provisions of this Prospectus and of the Deed of Constitution. Those actions shall be resolved in the relevant ordinary declaratory proceedings depending on the amount claimed.

All matters, disagreements, actions and claims arising out of the Management Company establishing the Fund, managing and being the authorised representative of the Fund and the Bond Issue by the same shall be heard and ruled upon by the competent Spanish Courts and Tribunals.

#### **4.8 Nominal interest rate and provisions relating to interest payable.**

##### **4.8.1 Bond nominal interest rate.**

The Bonds shall, from the Closing Date until they mature fully, accrue yearly nominal interest, floating and payable quarterly, which shall be the result of applying the policies established hereinafter.

The resultant yearly nominal interest rate (the “**Nominal Interest Rate**”) shall be payable quarterly in arrears on each Payment Date on the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bonds at the preceding Determination Date, provided that the Fund has sufficient liquidity in the Priority of Payments or in the Liquidation Priority of Payments, as the case may be.

Withholdings, interim payments, contributions and taxes established or to be established in the future on Bond principal, interest or returns shall be borne exclusively by Bondholders, and their amount, if any, shall be deducted by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, or through the Paying Agent, as provided by law.

##### **4.8.1.1 Interest accrual.**

For interest accrual purposes, the duration of the Bonds shall be divided into successive interest accrual periods (“**Interest Accrual Periods**”) comprising the exact number of days elapsed between every two consecutive Payment Dates, each Interest Accrual Period including the beginning Payment Date but not including the ending Payment Date. Exceptionally,

- (i) the duration of the first Interest Accrual Period shall be equivalent to the exact number of days elapsed between the Closing Date, July 8, 2014, inclusive, and the first Payment Date, October 14, 2014, exclusive; and
- (ii) the duration of the last Interest Accrual Period shall be equivalent to the exact number of days elapsed between the last Payment Date prior to Fund liquidation, inclusive, and the liquidation date, exclusive.

The Nominal Interest Rate shall accrue on the exact number of days in each Interest Accrual Period for which it was determined, calculated based upon a 360-day year.

##### **4.8.1.2 Nominal Interest Rate.**

The Nominal Interest Rate applicable to the Bonds and determined for each Interest Accrual Period shall be the result of adding:

- (i) the Reference Rate, as established in the following section, and
- (ii) a 1.50% margin.

The resultant Nominal Interest Rate shall be expressed as a percentage to three decimal spaces rounding the relevant figure to the nearest thousandth, rounding up when equidistant.

##### **4.8.1.3 Reference Rate and determining the same.**

The reference rate (“**Reference Rate**”) for determining the Nominal Interest Rate applicable to the Bonds is as follows:

- i) Other than for the first Interest Accrual Period, three- (3-) month Euribor, “Euro Interbank Offered Rate”, calculated and distributed by the BRIDGE financial information system under an FBE (“Fédération Bancaire de l’Union Européene”) mandate, set at 11am (CET or “Central European Time”) on the Interest Rate Fixing Date described below, which is currently published on electronic page EURIBOR01 supplied by Reuters, or any other page taking its stead in providing this service.

Exceptionally, the Reference Rate for the first Interest Accrual Period shall be the result of a straight-line interpolation between three- (3-) month Euribor and six- (6-) month Euribor, set at 11am (CET) on the second Business Day preceding the Closing Date, bearing in mind the number of days in the first Interest Accrual Period. The Reference Rate for the first Interest Accrual Period shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$IR = [(D-90)/90] \times E6 + [1 - ((D-90)/90)] \times E3$$

Where:

IR = Reference Rate for the first Interest Accrual Period.

D = Number of days in the first Interest Accrual Period.

E6 = Six- (6-) month Euribor.

E3 = Three- (3-) month Euribor.

Euribor definitions approved by the FBE and the Financial Markets Association (ACI) supplementing the current definition of Euribor shall be considered included for the purpose of the Euribor Reference Rate without having to amend these Reference Rate terms or have the Management Company notify Bondholders.

- ii) In the event that the Euribor rate established in i) above should not be available or be impossible to obtain, the substitute Reference Rate shall be the interest rate resulting from finding the simple arithmetic mean of the interbank offered interest rates for non-transferable three- (3-) month deposit transactions in Euros in an amount equivalent to the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue, declared by four (4) prime banks in the Euro zone, following a simultaneous request to each of their headquarters by the Paying Agent as soon as possible after 11am (CET) on the Interest Rate Fixing Date.

Exceptionally, the substitute Reference Rate for the first Interest Accrual Period shall be the rate resulting from a straight-line interpolation, based on the formula of i) above, between the interest rate resulting from finding the simple arithmetic mean of the interbank offered interest rates for non-transferable three- (3-) month deposit transactions in Euros and the interest rate resulting from finding the simple arithmetic mean of interbank offered interest rates for non-transferable six- (6-) month deposit transactions in Euros, both in an amount equivalent to the face amount of the Bond Issue, declared by the banks as provided for in paragraph one above, following a simultaneous request to each of their headquarters by the Paying Agent as soon as possible after 11am (CET) on the Business Day preceding the Closing Date.

The substitute Reference Rate shall be expressed as a percentage rounding the relevant figure to the nearest thousandth, rounding up when equidistant.

Should it be impossible to apply the above substitute Reference Rate, upon the failure by any or several of the banks to provide written quotations as provided for in paragraphs one and two of this section, the interest rate resulting from applying the simple arithmetic mean of the interest rates declared by at least two of the other banks shall be applicable.

- iii) If the rates established in i) and ii) above should not be available or be impossible to obtain, the last Reference Rate or substitute Reference Rate applied to the next preceding Interest Accrual Period shall apply, and so on for subsequent Interest Accrual Periods whilst matters remain the same. For the first Interest Accrual Period, this shall be the rate resulting from a straight-line interpolation, based on the formula of i) above, between three- (3-) month Euribor and six- (6-) month Euribor available immediately before 11am (CET) on the Business Day preceding the Closing Date, calculated and distributed as described in the first paragraph of i) above.

On each Interest Rate Fixing Date, the Paying Agent shall notify the Management Company of the Reference Rate determined in accordance with i) to iii) above. The Management Company shall keep the listings and supporting documents on which the Paying Agent shall notify it the Reference Rate determined.

#### 4.8.1.4 Interest Rate Fixing Date.

The Management Company shall, for and on behalf of the Fund, determine the Nominal Interest Rate applicable to the Bonds for every Interest Accrual Period as provided for in sections 4.8.1.2 and 4.8.1.3 above, on the second Business Day preceding each Payment Date (the “**Interest Rate Fixing Date**”), and it will apply for the following Interest Accrual Period.

Exceptionally, the Management Company shall determine the Nominal Interest Rate applicable to the Bonds for the first Interest Accrual Period as provided for in sections 4.8.1.2 and 4.8.1.3 above, on the Business Day preceding the Closing Date, and shall notify the same by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014 to the Lead Manager and to the Subscriber. The Management Company will also notify this to the CNMV, the Paying Agent, AIAF and Iberclear.

The nominal interest rates determined for the Bonds for subsequent Interest Accrual Periods shall be communicated to Bondholders within the deadline and in the manner for which provision is made in section 4.1.1.a) of the Building Block.

#### 4.8.1.5 Formula for calculating interest.

Interest settlement for the Bonds, payable on each Payment Date for each Interest Accrual Period, shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$I = P \times \frac{R}{100} \times \frac{d}{360}$$

Where:

*I* = Interest payable on a given Payment Date or on the liquidation date.

*P* = Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bonds at the Determination Date preceding that Payment Date or at the liquidation date.

*R* = Nominal Interest Rate of the Bonds expressed as a yearly percentage.

*d* = Exact number of days in each Interest Accrual Period.

#### 4.8.2 Dates, place, institutions and procedure for paying interest.

Interest on the Bonds will be paid until the Bonds are finally amortised by Interest Accrual Periods in arrears on January 14, April 14, July 14 and October 14 in each year, or the following Business Day if any of those is not a Business Day (each of those dates, a “**Payment Date**”), and interest for the then-current Interest Accrual Period will accrue until said first Business Day, not inclusive, on the terms established in section 4.8.1.2 of this Securities Note.

The first interest Payment Date for the Bonds shall be October 14, 2014, and interest will accrue at the applicable Nominal Interest Rate between the Closing Date, July 8, 2014, inclusive, and October 14, 2014, exclusive.

In this Bond Issue, business days (“**Business Days**”) shall be deemed to be all days other than a non-business day in the TARGET 2 calendar (or future replacement calendar).

Both interest resulting for Bondholders and the amount, if any, of interest accrued and not paid, shall be notified to Bondholders as described in section 4.1.1.a) of the Building Block, at least one (1) calendar day in advance of each Payment Date.

Bond interest accrued shall be paid provided that the Fund has sufficient liquidity to do so on each Payment Date in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

In the event that on a Payment Date the Fund should be unable to make full or partial payment of interest accrued on the Bonds, in the Priority of Payments, unpaid amounts shall be accumulated on the following Payment Date to interest, if any, payable on that same Payment Date, and will be paid in the Priority of Payments and applied by order of maturity if it should be impossible once again not to pay the same fully due to a shortfall of Available Funds.

Overdue interest amounts shall not earn additional or late-payment interest and shall not be accumulated to the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bonds.

The Fund, through its Management Company, may not defer Bond interest payment beyond January 14, 2057), the Final Maturity Date, or the following Business Day if that is not a Business Day.

The Bond Issue shall be serviced through the Paying Agent, to which end the Management Company shall, for and on behalf of the Fund, enter into the Paying Agent Agreement with BARCLAYS.

#### **4.9 Maturity date and amortisation of the securities.**

##### **4.9.1 Bond redemption price.**

The redemption price of the Bonds shall be EUR one hundred thousand (100,000.00) per Bond, equivalent to 100 percent of their face value, payable as established in section 4.9.2 below.

Each and every one of the Bonds shall be amortised in an equal amount by reducing the face amount of each Bond.

##### **4.9.2 Characteristics specific to the amortisation of the Bond.**

Bond principal shall be amortised by partial amortisation on each Payment Date, in an amount equal to the Available Funds for Amortisation applied on each Payment Date to amortising the Bonds, in accordance with the rules for Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation given in section 4.9.3.5 below, prorated between the Bonds proper by reducing the face amount of each Bond.

The first partial amortisation of the Bonds shall occur on the first Payment Date, October 14, 2014, in accordance with the rules for Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation.

Final amortisation of the Bonds shall occur on the Final Maturity Date (January 14, 2057) or the following Business Day if that is not a Business Day), notwithstanding potential full amortisation before that date due to the partial amortisation for which provision is made or because the Management Company may, for and on behalf of the Fund, and in accordance with the provisions of section 4.9.4 below, proceed to Early Amortisation of the Bond Issue before the Final Maturity Date.

##### **4.9.3 Partial amortisation of the Bonds.**

Irrespective of the Final Maturity Date and subject to Early Amortisation of the Bond Issue in the event of Early Liquidation of the Fund, the Fund shall, through its Management Company, proceed to partial amortisation of the Bonds on each Payment Date other than the Final Maturity Date or upon Early Liquidation of the Fund on the specific Bond amortisation terms established in sections 4.9.2 of this Securities Note and on the terms described hereinafter in this section.

##### **4.9.3.1 Determination Dates and Determination Periods.**

Determination dates (the “**Determination Dates**”) will be the dates falling on the fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) Business Day preceding each Payment Date on which the Management Company on behalf of the Fund will make all necessary calculations to distribute or withhold the Available Funds and the Available Funds for Amortisation which the Fund shall dispose of on the relevant Payment Date, in the Priority of Payments. The first Determination Date shall be October 7, 2014.

Determination periods (the “**Determination Periods**”) shall be periods comprising the exact number of days elapsed between every two consecutive Determination Dates, each Determination Period excluding the beginning Determination Date and including the ending Determination Date. Exceptionally:

- (i) the duration of the first Determination Period shall be equal to the days elapsed between the date of establishment of the Fund, inclusive, and the first Determination Date, October 7, 2014, inclusive, and
- (ii) the duration of the last Determination Period shall be equal to the days elapsed a) until the Final Maturity Date or the date on which Early Liquidation of the Fund concludes, as provided for in section 4.4.3.3 of the Registration Document, on which the Mortgage Certificates, Pass-Through Certificates and assets remaining in the Fund have been liquidated and all the Liquidation Available Funds have been distributed in the Liquidation Priority of Payments of the Fund, b) from the Determination Date preceding the Payment Date preceding the date referred to in a), not including the first date but including the last date.

#### 4.9.3.2 **Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bonds and Loan B.**

The outstanding principal balance of the Bonds (the “**Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bonds**” or the “**Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue**”) shall be the sum of the principal pending repayment (outstanding balance) at a date of all the Bonds.

The outstanding principal balance of Loan B (the “**Outstanding Principal Balance of Loan B**”) shall be the principal pending repayment (outstanding balance) at a date of Loan B.

#### 4.9.3.3 **Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans.**

The outstanding balance (the “**Outstanding Balance**”) of a Mortgage Loan at a date shall be the sum of the capital or principal not yet due and the capital or principal due and not paid into the Fund on the specific Mortgage Loan at that date.

The outstanding balance of the Mortgage Loans (the “**Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans**”) at a date shall be the sum of the Outstanding Balance of each and every one of the Mortgage Loans at that date.

Delinquent Mortgage Loans (the “**Delinquent Mortgage Loans**”) shall be deemed to be Mortgage Loans that are delinquent with a period of arrears in excess of three (3) months in payment of overdue amounts, excluding Doubtful Mortgage Loans. Non-delinquent Mortgage Loans (the “**Non-Delinquent Mortgage Loans**”) shall be deemed to be Mortgage Loans that at a date are not deemed to be either Delinquent Mortgage Loans or Doubtful Mortgage Loans.

Doubtful Mortgage Loans (the “**Doubtful Mortgage Loans**”) shall be deemed to be Mortgage Loans that are delinquent at a date with a period of arrears equal to or greater than eighteen (18) months in payment of overdue amounts or classified as bad debts by the Management Company because there are reasonable doubts as to their full repayment based on indications or information received from the Servicers. Non-doubtful Mortgage Loans (the “**Non-Doubtful Mortgage Loans**”) shall be deemed to be Mortgage Loans that are not deemed to be Doubtful Loans at a date.

The Outstanding Balance of Delinquent Mortgage Loans (the “**Outstanding Balance of Delinquent Mortgage Loans**”) at a date shall therefore be the sum of the capital or principal not yet due and the capital or principal due and not paid into the Fund on Mortgage Loans that are delinquent with a period of arrears in excess of three (3) months at a date in payment of overdue amounts, excluding Doubtful Mortgage Loans, and the Outstanding Balance of Doubtful Mortgage Loans (the “**Outstanding Balance of Doubtful Mortgage Loans**”) at a date shall be the sum of the capital or principal not yet due and the capital or principal due and not paid into the Fund on Mortgage Loans that are delinquent at a date with a period of arrears equal to or greater than eighteen (18) months in payment of overdue amounts or classified as bad debts by the Management Company because there are reasonable doubts as to their full repayment based on indications or information received from the Servicers.



#### 4.9.3.4 **Amortisation Withholding and Available Funds for Amortisation on each Payment Date.**

On each Payment Date, the Available Funds shall be used in fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) place in the Priority of Payments for withholding the amount altogether allocated to amortising the Bonds and Loan B, without distinguishing between them (“**Amortisation Withholding**”), in an amount equal to the positive difference, if any, at the Determination Date preceding the relevant Payment Date, between (a) the sum of (i) the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue, and (ii) the Outstanding Principal Balance of Loan B; and (b) the Outstanding Balance of Non-Doubtful Mortgage Loans.

Depending on the liquidity existing on each Payment Date, the amount of the Available Funds actually applied to Amortisation Withholding shall make up the available funds for amortisation (the “**Available Funds for Amortisation**”) and be applied in accordance with the Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation established in section 4.9.3.5 below.

#### 4.9.3.5 **Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation.**

The Available Funds for Amortisation shall be sequentially applied (“**Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation**”), firstly to amortising the Bonds until fully amortised, and secondly to amortising Loan B until fully amortised.

#### 4.9.4 **Early Amortisation of the Bond Issue.**

Subject to the Fund’s obligation, through its Management Company, to proceed to final amortisation of the Bonds on the Final Maturity Date or partial amortisation of the Bonds before the Final Maturity Date, the Management Company shall, after notifying the CNMV, be authorised to proceed, as the case may be, to Early Liquidation of the Fund and hence Early Amortisation of the entire Bond Issue in the Early Liquidation Events and subject to the requirements established in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document and subject to the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

#### 4.9.5 **Final Maturity Date.**

The final maturity date (the “**Final Maturity Date**”) and consequently final amortisation of the Bonds shall be on January 14, 2057) or the following Business Day if that is not a Business Day, without prejudice to the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and in accordance with the provisions of sections 4.9.2 to 4.9.4 of this Securities Note, proceeding to amortise these Bonds before the Final Maturity Date. Final amortisation of the Bonds on the Final Maturity Date shall be made subject to the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

### 4.10 **Indication of yield.**

The average life, yield, term and final maturity of the Bonds depend on several factors, most significant among which are the following:

- i) Each Mortgage Loan repayment schedule and system as established in the relevant contracts.
- ii) The Obligors’ capacity to prepay the Mortgage Loans in whole or in part and the aggregate prepayment pace throughout the life of the Fund. In this sense, Mortgage Loan prepayments by Obligors, subject to continual changes, and estimated in this Prospectus using several performance assumptions of the future effective constant annual early amortisation or prepayment rate (hereinafter also “**CPR**”), are very significant and shall directly affect the pace at which the Bonds are amortised, and therefore their average life and duration.
- iii) The floating interest rates which shall apply to each Mortgage Loan resulting in the repayment amount on every instalment differing.
- iv) The Obligors’ delinquency in payment of Mortgage Loan instalments.

The following assumed values have been used for the above-mentioned factors in calculating the amounts contained in the tables of this section:

- Mortgage Loan interest rate: the prevailing interest rate of each mortgage loan selected at June 9, 2014 has been used for calculating the repayment and interest instalments of each selected mortgage loan;
- Mortgage Loan portfolio delinquency: 2.76% of the Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans (the Originators' average private individual home mortgage delinquency rate at March 31, 2014, given in section 3.5 of the Building Block, weighted by each Originator's selected portfolio outstanding principal, given in section 2.2 of the Building Block), with 60% recoveries within 18 months of becoming doubtful (based on the performance of mortgage loans previously securitised by the Originators);
- Mortgage Loan portfolio doubtful rate: 1.10% (the result of applying 40% not recovered to 2.76% of the Mortgage Loan portfolio, as set out in the preceding paragraph), with 60% recovery within 18 months of becoming doubtful;
- cumulative Mortgage Loan portfolio doubtful rates from the establishment of the Fund with respect to the initial Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans upon the Fund being established: 5.89% for a 4% CPR; 5.43% for a 5% CPR; and 5.02% for a 6% CPR. With these cumulative Doubtful Mortgage Loan entry rates there would be no deferred Loan B interest payment in the Priority of Payments;
- that the Mortgage Loan prepayment rate remains constant throughout the life of the Bonds;
- that the Bond Closing Date is July 8, 2014; and
- that there is no extension of the term of any of the selected mortgage loans.

The actual adjusted life and the yield or return on the Bonds will also depend on their floating interest rate. The nominal interest rate of the Bonds assumed for the first Interest Accrual Period is the result of a straight-line interpolation between 3-month Euribor (0.207%) and 6-month Euribor (0.306%) at June 27, 2014, bearing in mind the number of days in the First Interest Accrual Period, and the margins set in section 4.8.1.2 of this Securities Note:

<b>Bonds</b>	
<b>Nominal interest rate</b>	1.716%

For subsequent Interest Accrual Periods, the floating nominal interest rate of the Bonds is assumed to be constant as follows, resulting from 3-month Euribor (0.207%) at June 27, 2014 and the margin set in section 4.8.1.2 of this Securities Note:

<b>Bonds</b>	
<b>Nominal interest rate</b>	1.707%

The weighted average interest rate of the mortgage loans selected at June 9, 2014, as detailed in section 2.2.2.j) of this Building Block, is 2.59%, which is above the 1.716% nominal interest rate of the Bonds assumed for hypothetical purposes for the first Interest Accrual Period.

#### **4.10.1 Estimated average life, yield or return, duration and final maturity of the Bonds.**

Assuming that the Management Company shall exercise the Early Liquidation of the Fund and Early Amortisation of the Bond Issue option provided in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document when the Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans is less than 10% of their initial Outstanding Balance upon the Fund being established, the average life, return (IRR) for the Bond subscriber, duration and final maturity of the Bonds for different CPRs, based on the performance over the past twelve months of mortgage loans previously securitised by the Originators, would be as follows:

<b>% CPR:</b>	<b>4.00%</b>	<b>5.00%</b>	<b>6.00%</b>
	<b>Bonds</b>		
<b>Average life (years)</b>	8.64	7.84	7.15
<b>IRR</b>	1.746%	1.746%	1.746%
<b>Duration (years)</b>	7.65	7.00	6.43
<b>Final maturity</b>	14 04 2036	16 10 2034	14 07 2033
<b>(in years)</b>	21.78	20.29	19.03

The Management Company expressly states that the servicing tables described hereinafter are merely theoretical and given for illustrative purposes, and represent no payment obligation whatsoever, on the basis that:

- Whereas CPRs are assumed to be constant respectively at 4.00%, 5.00% and 6.00% throughout the life of the Bond Issue, as explained above actual prepayment changes continually.
- The Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bonds on each Payment Date and hence interest payable on each such dates shall depend on the actual Mortgage Loan prepayment, delinquency and default rates.
- Whereas Bond nominal interest rates are assumed to be constant from the second Interest Accrual Period, the interest rate of the Bonds is known to float.
- The assumed values referred to at the beginning of this section 4.10 are at all events taken for granted.
- It is assumed that the Management Company will exercise the Early Liquidation option of the Fund and thereby proceed to Early Amortisation of the Bond Issue when the Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans is less than 10% of the initial Outstanding Balance upon the Fund being set up, as provided in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document.



#### 4.11 Representation of security holders.

No syndicate of bondholders will be set up for the securities included in this Bond Issue.

On the terms provided for in article 12.1 of Royal Decree 926/1998, it is the Management Company's duty, as the manager of third-party portfolios, to represent and enforce the interests of the holders of the Bonds issued by the Fund and of all its other ordinary creditors. Consequently, the Management Company shall make its actions conditional on their protection and observe the provisions established for that purpose from time to time.

#### 4.12 Resolutions, authorisations and approvals for issuing the securities.

##### a) Corporate resolutions.

###### **Resolution to set up the Fund and issue the Bonds:**

EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN's Board of Directors' Executive Committee resolved on April 1, 2014 that:

- i) RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS be set up in accordance with the legal system for which provision is made in Royal Decree 926/1998, Act 19/1992, failing a provision in Royal Decree 926/1998 and to the extent applicable, and all other legal and statutory provisions in force and applicable from time to time.
- ii) Pass-through certificates and/or mortgage participation certificates issued by BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL on loans owned thereby granted to individuals with real estate mortgage security on finished homes (and annexes, if any) located in Spain and shown on its assets, be pooled in the Fund.
- iii) The Bonds be issued by the Fund.

###### **Resolution to issue the Mortgage Loan Mortgage Certificates and/or Pass-Through Certificates:**

The Management Boards of BANTIERRA, at a meeting held on April 29, 2014, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, at a meeting held on May 26, 2014, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA, at a meeting held on April 25, 2014, and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, at a meeting held on May 26, 2014, resolved that the issue of mortgage loan mortgage participation certificates and/or pass-through certificates to be subscribed for by the Fund be authorised.

##### b) Registration by the CNMV.

The condition precedent for the Fund to be established and the Bonds to be issued is that this Prospectus and all other supporting documents be entered in the Official Registers of the CNMV, in accordance with the provisions of article 5 of Royal Decree 926/1998.

This Prospectus regarding the establishment of the Fund and Bond Issue has been entered in the CNMV's Official Registers.

##### c) Execution of the Fund public deed of constitution.

Upon the CNMV registering this Prospectus, the Management Company shall with the Originators proceed to execute on July 3, 2014 a public deed whereby RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS will be established, the Originators will issue and the Fund will subscribe for Mortgage Loan Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates, and the Fund will issue the Asset-Backed Bonds, on the terms provided in article 6 of Royal Decree 926/1998.

The Management Company represents that the contents of the Deed of Constitution shall match the draft Deed of Constitution it has submitted to the CNMV and the terms of the Deed of Constitution shall at no event contradict, change, alter or invalidate the contents of this Prospectus, notwithstanding the need to complete the respective details and amounts of the Mortgage Loan Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates to be respectively issued and subscribed for under the Deed of Constitution.

The Management Company shall submit a copy of the Deed of Constitution to the CNMV to be entered in the Official Registers by July 8, 2014.

**4.13 Issue date of the securities.**

The Bond issue date shall be July 3, 2014.

**4.13.1 Potential investors to whom the Bonds are offered.**

The Bond Issue shall be fully subscribed for by the EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK, the Subscriber, at 100% of the face value.

**4.13.2 Bond Issue subscription payment method and dates.**

The Subscriber shall subscribe for the Bond Issue on July 4, 2014 and pay to the Fund by 2pm (CET) on July 8, 2014 (the “**Closing Date**”), for same day value, the issue price at the face value of all the Bonds subscribed for.

If the Bond Issue should not have been fully paid up at 2pm (CET) on July 8, 2014, this circumstance would forthwith be notified to the CNMV and be publicised in the manner for which provision is made in section 4.1.2.2 of the Building Block. Furthermore, this circumstance would result in the establishment of the Fund, the Bond Issue and issue of and subscription for the Pass-Through Certificates terminating, as provided for in section 4.4.4.(iv) of the Registration Document.

**4.14 Restrictions on the free transferability of the securities.**

There are no restrictions on the free transferability of the Bonds. They may be freely transferred by any means admissible at Law and in accordance with the rules of the AIAF market where they will be traded. A transfer in the accounts (book entry) will convey the ownership of each Bond. The effects of entering the conveyance to the transferee in the accounting record shall be the same as handing over the certificates and the transfer shall thereupon be enforceable on third parties.

**5 ADMISSION TO TRADING AND DEALING ARRANGEMENTS.**

**5.1 Market where the securities will be traded.**

In fulfilment of the provisions of article 2.3 of Royal Decree 926/1998, the Management Company shall, upon the Bonds having been paid up, apply for this Bond Issue to be listed on AIAF Mercado de Renta Fija (“**AIAF**”), which is a qualified official secondary securities market pursuant to the Securities Market Act. The Management Company undertakes to do all such things as may be necessary in order that definitive admission to trading is achieved not later than one month after the Closing Date.

The Management Company expressly represents that it is aware of the requirements and terms that must be observed for the securities to be eligible to be listed, remain listed and be excluded from listing on the AIAF, in accordance with the laws in force and the requirements of its governing bodies, and the Fund agrees through its Management Company to observe the same.

In the event that, by the end of the one-month period referred to in the first paragraph of this section, the Bonds should not be admitted to trading on the AIAF, the Management Company shall forthwith proceed to notify Bondholders and the Lead Manager thereof, moreover advising of the reasons resulting in such breach, using the extraordinary notice procedure provided for in section 4.1.2 of the Building Block. This shall be without prejudice to the Management Company being held to be contractually liable, as the case may be, if it is exclusively at fault for the delay.

## **5.2 Paying agent and depository agents.**

### **5.2.1 Bond Issue Paying Agent.**

The Bond Issue will be serviced through BARCLAYS as Paying Agent. Payment of interest and repayments shall be notified to Bondholders in the events and in such advance as may be provided for each case in section 4.1.1 of the Building Block. Interest and amortisation shall be paid to Bondholders by the relevant members and to the latter in turn by Iberclear, the institution responsible for the accounting record.

The Management Company shall, for and on behalf of the Fund, enter with BARCLAYS into a paying agent agreement to service the Bond Issue, the most significant terms of which are given in section 3.4.7.1 of the Building Block.

## **6 EXPENSE OF THE OFFERING AND OF ADMISSION TO TRADING.**

The expenses deriving from setting up the Fund and issue and admission to trading of the Bond Issue are expected to be EUR five hundred thousand (500,000.00). These expenses include, inter alia, the initial Management Company fee, the Lead Manager's fee, rating and legal advice fees, notary's fees, CNMV fees, AIAF and Iberclear fees for including the Bonds in the register of book entries, the initial fee payable to European DataWarehouse ("ED") and Prospectus translation expenses.

## **7 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.**

### **7.1 Statement of the capacity in which the advisors connected with the issue mentioned in the Securities Note have acted.**

GARRIGUES, as independent advisers, have provided legal advice for establishing the Fund and issuing the Bonds and have been involved in reviewing the legal, tax and contractual aspects of this Prospectus, the transaction and financial service agreements referred to herein and the Deed of Constitution.

BANCO COOPERATIVO and EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN have structured the financial terms of the Fund and of the Bond Issue.

### **7.2 Other information in the Securities Note which has been audited or reviewed by auditors.**

Not applicable.

### **7.3 Statement or report attributed to a person as an expert.**

DELOITTE have audited certain features and attributes of a sample of the selected mortgage loans on the terms set forth in section 2.2 of the Building Block and have audited BANTIERRA's, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA's, CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL's and the Management Company's annual accounts for the year ended December 31, 2013.

### **7.4 Information sourced from a third party.**

Within its duties to verify the information contained in this Prospectus, the Management Company has received confirmation from BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, as Originators, as to the truthfulness of the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans, given in section 2.2.8 of the Building Block, and of the remaining information on the Originators and the Mortgage Loans given in this Prospectus.

In the Deed of Constitution of the Fund, BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL shall reaffirm to the Management Company the fulfilment of those characteristics on the date on which the Fund is established.

The Management Company confirms that the information sourced from BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL in relation to the selected mortgage loans, the Mortgage Certificates, the Pass-Through Certificates and the Originators themselves has been accurately reproduced and, to the best of its knowledge and ability to determine based on that information provided by the Originators, that no fact has been omitted which might result in the information reproduced being inaccurate or deceptive.

## 7.5 Credit ratings assigned to the securities by rating agencies.

DBRS and Fitch have, on June 27, 2014, assigned the following provisional ratings to the Bonds, and expect to assign the same final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014.

	<b>DBRS Rating</b>	<b>Fitch Rating</b>
<b>Bonds</b>	A (high) (sf)	A+sf

If the Rating Agencies should not confirm any of the assigned provisional ratings as final by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, this circumstance would forthwith be notified to the CNMV and be publicised in the manner for which provision is made in section 4.1.2.2 of the Building Block. Furthermore, this circumstance would result in the establishment of the Fund, the Bond Issue and issue of and subscription for the Pass-Through Certificates terminating, as provided for in section 4.4.4.(iv) of the Registration Document.

### Rating considerations.

The rating assigned to the Bonds by DBRS is an opinion as to timely interest payment and principal payment by or on the Final Maturity Date, in accordance with the transaction documents.

The rating assigned to the Bonds by Fitch measures the Fund's capacity for timely Bond interest payment and principal repayment throughout the life of the transaction and at all events before the Final Maturity Date, on the terms given in this Prospectus.

The aforementioned Rating Agencies have been previously registered and authorised on October 31, 2011 as rating agencies in the European Union in accordance with Regulation (EC) no. 1060/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of September 16, 2009 on credit rating agencies, as currently worded.

The Rating Agency's ratings are not an assessment as to the likelihood of Obligors prepaying capital, nor indeed of the extent to which such prepayments differ from what was originally forecast. The ratings are not by any means a rating of the level of actuarial performance.

The ratings assigned, and any revision or suspension of the ratings:

- (i) are assigned by the Rating Agencies based on manifold information received with respect to which they can give no assurance, nor even as to their accuracy or wholeness, wherefore the Rating Agencies may in no event be deemed to be responsible therefor; and
- (ii) are not and cannot therefore be howsoever construed as an invitation, recommendation or encouragement for investors to proceed to carry out any transaction whatsoever on the Bonds and, in particular, acquire, keep, charge or sell those Bonds.

In carrying on the rating and monitoring process, the Rating Agencies rely on the accuracy and wholeness of the information provided by the Originators, the Management Company, Deloitte, as auditor of certain features and attributes of a sample of the selected loans, and on the legal advice as to the establishment of the Fund provided by GARRIGUES, as independent legal adviser.



The ratings take into account the structure of the Bond Issue, the legal aspects thereof and of the issuing Fund, the characteristics of the loans selected to be assigned to the Fund and the regularity and continuity of the operating flows.

The Rating Agencies may revise, suspend or withdraw the final ratings assigned to the Bonds at any time, based on any information that may come to their notice. Those events, which shall not constitute alone early liquidation events of the Fund, shall forthwith be notified to both the CNMV and Bondholders, in accordance with the provisions of section 4.1 of the Building Block.

## **ASSET-BACKED SECURITIES NOTE BUILDING BLOCK**

**(Annex VIII to Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004 of April 29, 2004)**

### **1. SECURITIES**

#### **1.1 Minimum denomination of the issue.**

The Fund shall be set up with the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, representing Mortgage Loan receivables, which shall be issued by BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL and subscribed for by the Fund upon being established, and their Outstanding Balance shall be equal to or slightly above EUR one hundred and one million one hundred and twenty-four thousand (101,124,000.00), the sum of (i) the face value amount of the Bond Issue and (ii) the amount of Loan B.

#### **1.2 Confirmation that the information relating to an undertaking or obligor not involved in the issue has been reproduced.**

Not applicable.

### **2. UNDERLYING ASSETS**

#### **2.1 Confirmation that the securitised assets have capacity to produce funds to service any payments due and payable on the securities.**

In accordance with the information supplied by the Originators, the Management Company represents that, based on their contractual characteristics, the flows of principal, interest and any other amounts generated by the securitised Mortgage Loan receivables might not be sufficient to make the payments due and payable on the Bond Issue. Accordingly, the Originators will grant to the Fund a Subordinated Interest Loan allowing the items listed in 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> place in the Priority of Payments to be settled on each Payment Date on the terms set forth in section 3.4.3.2 of the Building Block.

Additionally, in order to cover for potential payment defaults by the securitised Mortgage Loan Obligors, a number of credit enhancement transactions have been arranged allowing the amounts payable to the Bonds to be covered to a different extent. In exceptional circumstances, the enhancement transactions could actually fall short. The credit enhancement transactions are described in sections 3.4.2, 3.4.3 and 3.4.4 of this Building Block.

Upon the occurrence of any of the events for which provision is made in section 4.4.3.1 of the Registration Document, the Management Company may proceed to Early Liquidation of the Fund and thereby Early Amortisation of the Bond Issue on the terms laid down in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document.

The contents of the preceding paragraphs are provided by the Management Company based on the Originators' representations given in section 2.2.8 of the Building Block in relation to the Mortgage Certificates, the Pass-Through Certificates and the Mortgage Loans, and to the Originators proper, on the information supplied by the Originators and on the audit report on certain features and attributes of a sample of the portfolio of selected mortgage loans that will mostly be assigned to the Fund.

#### **2.2 Assets backing the issue.**

The receivables to be pooled in the Fund, represented by the Management Company, upon being established, shall be exclusively the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by the Originators on the Mortgage Loans (loans granted by the Originators to private individuals residing in Spain with senior real estate mortgage security on finished homes (and their annexes -parking spaces and/or lumber rooms- if any) located in Spain).

The portfolio of selected mortgage loans from which the Mortgage Loans will be taken in order for their receivables to be mostly assigned to the Fund upon being established by having the Originators issue and the Fund subscribe for the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates comprises mortgage loans owned by the Originators granted to private individuals residing in Spain with senior real estate mortgage security on finished homes (and their annexes -parking spaces and/or lumber rooms- if any) located in Spain and made up of 1,182 mortgage loans, their outstanding principal at June 9, 2014 being EUR 126,998,622.08 and the overdue principal being EUR 3,668.35.

Out of the selected portfolio mortgage loans, 96.66%, in terms of outstanding principal, are mortgage loans granted to Spanish individuals, whereas the remaining 3.34% are mortgage loans granted to resident foreign individuals.

Out of the selected portfolio mortgage loans, 29.64%, in terms of outstanding principal, are secured by third parties (personal surety, bonds or guarantees).

The contract terms of 68.36% of all the selected mortgage loans (65.93% in terms of outstanding principal) allow for a lowering of the margin applicable for determining the interest rate.

The selected mortgage loans of BANTIERRA which allow for a margin reduction (179 loans with an outstanding principal of EUR 20,368,348.61 at June 9, 2014 and with a 1.154% weighted average margin) start off with an initial spread ranging between 1.40% and 1.80%. The maximum reduction shall be 1% and will depend on the following requirements being met:

- (a) The mortgage loan obligor shall have arranged for direct payment at BANTIERRA of his or her wages, pension or unemployment benefit, or, in the case of self-employed workers, business income. The amount paid directly shall be at least EUR 800 per month. The margin reduction for meeting this requirement is 0.25%.
- (b) Multi-risk household insurance shall be in place, insuring the mortgaged property at least at the value set in the property appraisal. The insurance shall be purchased through BANTIERRA. The margin reduction for meeting this requirement is 0.10%.

Additionally, and only in the event that any borrower should satisfy above two requirements (a) and (b), the margin may be the subject of additional rebates as detailed below:

- (a) Having loan repayment risk life insurance in place naming BANTIERRA as the beneficiary covering at least 100% of the outstanding mortgage loan liability, purchased through BANTIERRA: 0.25%.
- (b) Having payment protection insurance in place for payment of periodic mortgage loan instalments in the event of unemployment or temporary disability, purchased through BANTIERRA: 0.15%.
- (c) Holding the credit card marketed by BANTIERRA and using it to make purchases totalling in excess of EUR 600 in the immediately preceding six months: 0.10%.
- (d) Having arranged for payment by direct debit at BANTIERRA of at least 3 basic household bills for periodic supplies or utilities: 0.05%.
- (e) Where the borrower has a pension scheme purchased through BANTIERRA, making a contribution of at least EUR 400 on a yearly basis: 0.10%.

Those rebates shall cease to be applied upon the interest rate being reset if the necessary requirements for the same to apply are not met. This will be checked on a six-monthly basis, and will apply on the last day of the month preceding the month in which the interest rate is reset.

In the event that, in addition to the reduced margin, the mortgage loan should include an interest rate floor clause, if the interest rate resulting from adding the reduced margin to the benchmark index should be less than that set in the interest rate floor clause, the interest rate to be used for calculating the payments would be as established in the floor clause.

The selected mortgage loans of CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA which allow for a margin reduction (300 loans with an outstanding principal of EUR 26,360,368.13 at June 9, 2014 and with a weighted average margin of 1.127%) are divided into three groups as follows:

- (a) Mortgage loans with respect to which in order to be eligible for a margin reduction it is necessary to have purchased all the products resulting in eligibility for the rebate. The maximum rebate applicable to the margin shall range between 0.30% and 0.75%.
- (b) Mortgage loans with respect to which in order to be eligible for a margin reduction it is necessary to have purchased 5 out of the 6 products resulting in eligibility for the rebate. The maximum rebate applicable to the margin shall range between 0.50% and 0.60%.
- (c) Loans in which a 0.25% rebate is granted. In this case, the maximum rebate applicable to the margin shall range between 1% and 1.25%. (In one loan, with an outstanding principal of EUR 83,331.89, the rebate could actually reach 1.75% if the average balance on the borrower's account is in excess of EUR 2,500 for the period immediately preceding the margin reset date).

The margin reduction is checked at the date on which the interest rate is reset.

In addition to purchasing the products making the client eligible for the reduction, the client is required to have arranged for direct payment of his or her wages or professional income, to have taken out a debit card in the above three cases through the savings bank, and to have arranged for online banking and activated the virtual mailbox for mortgage loans which must purchase all products in order to be eligible for the reduction and in which a 0.25% rebate is granted for every product purchased.

The products providing eligibility for a rebate if purchased through CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA are the following:

1. Household insurance
2. Pension scheme
3. Life insurance.
4. Payment protection insurance
5. Credit card
6. Life insurance retirement plan.

In the event that, in addition to the reduced margin, the mortgage loan should include an interest rate floor clause, if the interest rate resulting from adding the reduced margin to the benchmark index should be less than that set in the interest rate floor clause, the interest rate to be used for calculating the payments would be as established in the floor clause.

Insofar as the selected mortgage loans of CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA which allow for a reduced margin (154 loans with an outstanding principal of EUR 21,236,543.43 at June 9, 2014 and with a weighted average margin of 1.685%) are concerned, the margin or spread applicable to each loan interest period will be reduced in the event that the borrowers meet the following product requirements, as set out below, on each of the client review dates immediately preceding each loan interest rate reset date.

- (a) Direct payment of wages, pension or unemployment benefit, or direct debit of social security payments for self-employed workers, provided that the direct debit or payment is made to accounts with any of the borrowers as the first holder: 0.20%.
- (b) Credit card: 0.10%
- (c) Payment of at least three bills by direct debit: 0.05%.
- (d) Multi-risk household insurance: 0.05%.

In order for the above rebates to apply, it will be necessary for the percentage points set out in the above 4 paragraphs to altogether add up to not less than 0.10 percentage points. Otherwise, no rebate whatsoever

shall be applied to the spread. In addition, the maximum applicable reduction shall be 0.40 percentage points.

In the event that, in addition to the reduced margin, the mortgage loan should include an interest rate floor clause, if the interest rate resulting from adding the reduced margin to the benchmark index should be less than that set in the interest rate floor clause, the interest rate to be used for calculating the payments would be as established in the floor clause.

Insofar the selected mortgage loans of CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL which allow for a margin reduction (175 loans with an outstanding principal of EUR 15,764,688.64 at June 9, 2014 and with a weighted average margin of 1.614%) are concerned, loans which allow for a rebate are encompassed within three mortgage products, each product having its own rebate requirements.

The first product allows a maximum rebate of 0.50%, whereas the second and third products allow a maximum rebate of 0.75%. In all three cases, the products required to be eligible, provided that they are purchased through CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL are the following:

1. Household Insurance: rebate ranging between 0.05% and 0.15%
2. Life insurance: rebate ranging between 0.10% and 0.15%
3. Direct debit of three or more utility or supply bills: rebate ranging between 0.05% and 0.10%
4. Direct payment of wages, income or unemployment benefits or pensions: rebate ranging between 0.20% and 0.25%
5. Credit card: rebate ranging between 0.05% and 0.15%
6. Sight deposit products, where an average balance of between EUR 1,500 and EUR 3,000 is held: 0.05% rebate, and if the average balance is higher, then the rebate can be 0.15%.

The margin reduction is checked at the date on which the interest rate is reset.

In the event that, in addition to the reduced margin, the mortgage loan should include an interest rate floor clause, if the interest rate resulting from adding the reduced margin to the benchmark index should be less than that set in the interest rate floor clause, the interest rate to be used for calculating the payments would be as established in the floor clause.

The details by Originator of the 1,182 selected mortgage loans for the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the issue of the Pass-Through Certificates, based on the criteria for loans to be eligible for issues of mortgage securities established in Chapter II of Royal Decree 716/2009, at the mortgage loan selection date, is as follows:

	Eligible loans				Ineligible Loans			
	Mortgage Loans		Principal		Mortgage Loans		Principal	
	No.	%	Amount	%	No.	%	Amount	%
BANTIERRA	250	27.29	29,608,270.98	33.53	16	6.02	2,062,283.96	5.33
CAJA R. DE GRANADA	356	38.86	29,663,557.28	33.59	3	1.13	453,631.07	1.17
CAJA R. DE NAVARRA	61	6.66	8,266,233.13	9.36	238	89.47	35,194,450.59	90.97
CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL	249	27.18	20,772,244.03	23.52	9	3.38	977,951.04	2.53
<b>Total</b>	<b>916</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>88,310,305.42</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>38,688,316.66</b>	<b>100.00</b>

Mortgage Loan receivables assigned to the Fund by issuing mortgage participation certificates are so assigned because the relevant Mortgage Loans satisfy all the requirements established in Chapter II of Royal Decree 716/2009, and are therefore considered eligible loans for mortgage participation certificates to be issued. Mortgage Loan receivables assigned to the Fund by issuing pass-through certificates are so assigned because the relevant Mortgage Loans do not satisfy all the requirements established in Chapter II of Royal Decree 716/2009, and are not therefore considered eligible loans for mortgage participation certificates to be issued.

Pursuant to Act 2/1981, as amended by article 4 of Act 1/2013 and as additional provision nine of this Act has been construed, mortgage loans originated after May 15, 2013 to finance the acquisition, building or renovation of the main residence, may not exceed thirty years to be considered eligible loans. Out of the 1,182 selected mortgage loans, 7 mortgage loans with an outstanding principal at June 9, 2014 totalling EUR 837,832.34 do not meet that maximum term.

The Management Boards of BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL resolved that the issue of mortgage loan mortgage certificates and/or pass-through certificates to be subscribed for by the Fund be authorised in the following maximum amounts:

	<b>Maximum amount for the issue of mortgage certificates and/or pass-through certificates</b>
BANTIERRA	50,000,000.00
CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA	25,000,000.00
CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA	50,000,000.00
CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL	25,000,000.00

***Audit of the assets securitised through the Fund.***

DELOITTE has audited the significant features of the selected mortgage loans.

That audit was made using sampling techniques consisting of analysing a number of transactions fewer (sample) than the full selection of mortgage loans (population), allowing a conclusion to be arrived at regarding that population. The verification deals with a number of both quantitative and qualitative attributes regarding the sample transactions and specifically regarding: loan and mortgage origination, loan purpose, identification of the borrower, loan origination date, loan maturity date, initial loan amount, current loan balance, reference rate or benchmark index, interest rate spread, interest rate applied, mortgaged property, mortgaged property address, appraisal value, current loan-to-value ratio, mortgage security, arrears in payment, damage insurance and mortgage loan transfer; and, additionally, for transactions eligible for mortgage participation certificates to be issued, regarding: current loan-to-value ratio, damage insurance and loan repayment term. The Originators shall not assign to the Fund selected mortgage loans in respect of which errors are detected in verifying the sample.

The audit results are set out in a report prepared by DELOITTE, which is one of the documents on display as determined in section 10 of the Registration Document.

**2.2.1 Legal jurisdiction by which the pool of assets is governed.**

The securitised assets are governed by Spanish Law.

## 2.2.2 Description of the general characteristics of the obligors and the economic environment, as well as global statistical data referred to the securitised assets.

### a) Information as to number and distribution of the selected mortgage loan obligors.

The following table gives the concentration of the ten obligors weighing most in the portfolio of selected mortgage loans as at June 9, 2014.

Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014				
Classification by Obligor				
	Mortgage loans		Outstanding principal	
		%	(EUR)	%
Obligor 1	1	0.08	401,998.87	0.32
Obligor 2	1	0.08	350,126.28	0.28
Obligor 3	1	0.08	346,753.29	0.27
Obligor 4	1	0.08	345,250.23	0.27
Obligor 5	1	0.08	334,652.38	0.26
Obligor 6	1	0.08	315,839.16	0.25
Obligor 7	1	0.08	306,944.65	0.24
Obligor 8	1	0.08	303,597.86	0.24
Obligor 9	1	0.08	286,149.45	0.23
Obligor 10	1	0.08	279,804.94	0.22
Remaining obligors	1,172	99.15	123,727,504.97	97.42
<b>Total obligors: 1,182</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>

The outstanding principal for each obligor is the result of the sum of the outstanding principal of each selected mortgage loan granted to a same obligor.

### b) Information regarding selected mortgage loan purpose.

The following table gives the purpose of the selected mortgage loans as at June 9, 2014.

Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014				
Classification by mortgage loan purpose				
	Mortgage loans		Outstanding principal	
		%	(EUR)	%
Acquisition of residential property or subrogation to developer financing	1,152	97.46	125,212,231.87	98.59
Renovation/refurbishment of residential property	30	2.54	1,786,390.21	1.41
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### c) Information as to type of property mortgaged as security for the selected mortgage loans.

The selected mortgage loans are all secured with a senior ranked real estate mortgage granted on the legal and beneficial ownership of each and every one of the mortgaged properties -homes and annexes, if any (parking spaces and/or lumber rooms-).

Additionally to the mortgage securities, some of the selected mortgage loans have third-party personal surety.

Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014				
Classification by third-party personal surety				
	Mortgage loans		Outstanding principal	
		%	(EUR)	%
With third-party personal surety	302	25.55	37,639,333.04	29.64
Without third-party personal surety	880	74.45	89,359,289.04	70.36
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>

The following table gives the distribution by legal system of the residential property securing the selected mortgage loans.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>				
<b>Classification by legal system of the residential property given as security</b>				
<b>Classification of the residential property</b>	<b>Mortgage loans (EUR)</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>	
			<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>
Free-market housing	1,016	85.96	108,761,493.51	85.64
Officially protected housing	166	14.04	18,237,128.57	14.36
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**d) Information regarding selected mortgage loan origination date.**

The following table gives the distribution of the selected mortgage loans according to their origination year, and the weighted average, minimum and maximum age.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>				
<b>Classification by loan origination date</b>				
<b>Date interval</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>	
		<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>
2004	4	0.34	442,740.43	0.35
2005	7	0.59	752,907.95	0.59
2006	11	0.93	1,217,172.73	0.96
2007	14	1.18	1,315,483.02	1.04
2008	34	2.88	4,623,941.88	3.64
2009	93	7.87	14,592,520.66	11.49
2010	65	5.50	8,537,817.84	6.72
2011	60	5.08	6,802,619.54	5.36
2012	787	66.58	77,170,618.71	60.76
2013	107	9.05	11,542,799.32	9.09
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>
	<b>30,84</b>	<b>Months</b>	<b>Weighted average age</b>	
<b>09.01.2004</b>	<b>125,06</b>	<b>Months</b>	<b>Maximum age</b>	
<b>28.06.2013</b>	<b>11,38</b>	<b>Months</b>	<b>Minimum age</b>	

**e) Information regarding outstanding selected mortgage loan principal.**

The following table gives the distribution of the outstanding mortgage loan principal as at June 9, 2014 by EUR 25,000 intervals, and the average, minimum and maximum amount.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>				
<b>Classification by outstanding principal</b>				
<b>Principal interval (EUR)</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>	
	<b>No.</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>
0.00 - 24,999.99	37	3.13	700,648.30	0.55
25,000.00 - 49,999.99	130	11.00	4,906,315.43	3.86
50,000.00 - 74,999.99	193	16.33	11,964,343.77	9.42
75,000.00 - 99,999.99	212	17.94	18,636,188.16	14.67
100,000.00 - 124,999.99	219	18.53	24,418,897.07	19.23
125,000.00 - 149,999.99	166	14.04	22,650,816.71	17.84
150,000.00 - 174,999.99	99	8.38	16,140,372.45	12.71
175,000.00 - 199,999.99	55	4.65	10,156,291.80	8.00
200,000.00 - 224,999.99	26	2.20	5,418,929.47	4.27
225,000.00 - 249,999.99	18	1.52	4,201,693.13	3.31
250,000.00 - 274,999.99	15	1.27	3,978,744.75	3.13
275,000.00 - 299,999.99	4	0.34	1,120,218.32	0.88



<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>				
<b>Classification by outstanding principal</b>				
<b>Principal interval (EUR)</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>	
	<b>No.</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>
300,000.00 - 324,999.99	3	0.25	926,381.67	0.73
325,000.00 - 349,999.99	3	0.25	1,026,655.90	0.81
350,000.00 - 374,999.99	1	0.08	350,126.28	0.28
400,000.00 - 424,999.99	1	0.08	401,998.87	0.32
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>
<b>Average principal:</b>			<b>107,443.84</b>	
<b>Minimum principal:</b>			<b>3,577.21</b>	
<b>Maximum principal:</b>			<b>401,998.87</b>	

**f) Information regarding the nature of the reference rate and benchmark indices applicable for determining the floating interest rates applicable to the selected mortgage loans.**

The selected mortgage loans are all floating interest rate mortgage loans. The following table gives the mortgage loan distribution according to benchmark indices applicable to the loans for determining the nominal interest rate.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>					
<b>Classification by Interest rate benchmark index</b>					
<b>Benchmark Index</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>		<b>% Margin*</b>
	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>	
1-Year Euribor	1,182	98.45	126,998,622.08	100.00	1.24
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>	

\*Average margin weighted by the outstanding principal. Had all margin reductions been in place at that date, the average portfolio margin would have been 1.08%.

In the event that the mortgage loan should provide for an interest rate floor clause, if the interest rate resulting from increasing the reference rate by the reduced margin should be below the rate set in the interest rate floor clause, the interest rate to be used for calculating payments would be the rate set in the interest rate floor clause. As set out in j) below, the average nominal interest rate of the mortgage loans at June 9, 2014 (including, as the case may be, margin reductions, minimum interest rates and maximum interest rates) weighted by the outstanding principal at that date is 2.59%.

**g) Information regarding selected mortgage loan interest rate reset period.**

The following table gives the selected mortgage loan distribution based on the mortgage loan interest rate reset period.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>				
<b>Classification by benchmark index reset period</b>				
<b>Interest rate reset period</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>	
	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>
Yearly	276	23.35	32,423,188.54	25.53
Six-Monthly	906	76.65	94,575,433.54	74.47
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**h) Information regarding selected mortgage loan instalment payment frequency.**

The following table gives the selected mortgage loan distribution based on mortgage loan instalment payment frequency.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>				
<b>Classification by instalment payment frequency</b>				
<b>Frequency</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>	
		<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>
Monthly	1,182	100.00	126,998,622.08	100.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**i) Information regarding selected mortgage loan principal repayment exclusion period.**

The following table gives the selected mortgage loan distribution according to expiry of the principal repayment exclusion period, if any, in force with respect to the mortgage loans.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>				
<b>Classification by principal repayment exclusion period</b>				
<b>Expiry of the principal exclusion period</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>	
		<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>
No Exclusion	1,182	100.00	126,998,622.08	100.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**j) Information regarding applicable nominal interest rates: selected mortgage loan maximum, minimum and average rates.**

The following table gives the distribution of the selected mortgage loans by 0.25% nominal interest rate intervals applicable as at June 9, 2014 (including, as the case may be, margin reductions, minimum interest rates and maximum interest rates), and their average, minimum and maximum values. The nominal interest rates applicable to the mortgage loans range between 0.91% and 7.00%. No details are given of intervals with no contents.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>					
<b>Classification by applicable nominal interest rate</b>					
<b>Interest Rate % Interval</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>		<b>% Interest Rate*</b>
		<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>	
0.7500 - 0.9999	6	0.51	1,170,672.67	0.92	0.94
1.0000 - 1.2499	47	3.98	6,332,126.90	4.99	1.10
1.2500 - 1.4999	50	4.23	5,941,891.57	4.68	1.37
1.5000 - 1.7499	23	1.95	3,230,299.42	2.54	1.58
1.7500 - 1.9999	75	6.35	8,351,631.12	6.58	1.83
2.0000 - 2.2499	60	5.08	8,804,506.25	6.93	2.02
2.2500 - 2.4999	80	6.77	10,782,042.53	8.49	2.29
2.5000 - 2.7499	198	16.75	25,658,013.96	20.20	2.52
2.7500 - 2.9999	171	14.47	17,360,807.59	13.67	2.87
3.0000 - 3.2499	171	14.47	16,487,180.43	12.98	3.00
3.2500 - 3.4999	25	2.12	2,277,616.44	1.79	3.25
3.5000 - 3.7499	84	7.11	8,256,254.75	6.50	3.52
3.7500 - 3.9999	89	7.53	6,411,123.40	5.05	3.76
4.0000 - 4.2499	41	3.47	2,457,965.60	1.94	4.00
4.2500 - 4.4999	22	1.86	1,208,294.06	0.95	4.25
4.5000 - 4.7499	13	1.10	982,017.52	0.77	4.50
4.7500 - 4.9999	16	1.35	781,529.01	0.62	4.75
5.0000 - 5.2499	5	0.42	219,694.91	0.17	5.00

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>					
<b>Classification by applicable nominal interest rate</b>					
<b>Interest Rate % Interval</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>		<b>% Interest Rate*</b>
		<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>	
5.2500 - 5.4999	1	0.08	22,451.72	0.02	5.25
5.5000 - 5.7499	4	0.34	235,778.31	0.19	5.50
7.0000 - 7.2499	1	0.08	26,723.92	0.02	7.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>	
	<b>Weighted average:</b>				<b>2.59 %</b>
	<b>Simple average:</b>				<b>2.77 %</b>
	<b>Minimum:</b>				<b>0.91 %</b>
	<b>Maximum:</b>				<b>7.00 %</b>

\*Average nominal interest rate of the interval weighted by the outstanding principal.

**k) Information regarding maximum and minimum nominal interest rates applicable to the selected mortgage loans.**

Part of the selected mortgage loans have had a minimum nominal interest rate floor set for applicable nominal interest rate variability ("interest rate floor clauses"). The minimum nominal interest rates applicable to the selected mortgage loans as at June 9, 2014 range between 1.25% and 7.00%.

The following table gives the selected mortgage loan distribution by 1.00% minimum nominal interest rate intervals applicable for determining the nominal interest rate.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>					
<b>Classification by applicable minimum nominal interest rates</b>					
<b>Minimum % Interest Rate Interval</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>		<b>Minimum % Int. Rate*</b>
		<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>	
1.01 - 2.00	68	5.75	10,721,756.12	8.44	1.98
2.01 - 3.00	586	49.58	68,233,292.25	53.73	2.74
3.01 - 4.00	209	17.68	15,601,350.23	12.28	3.63
4.01 - 5.00	56	4.74	3,191,535.50	2.51	4.50
5.01 - 6.00	5	0.42	258,230.03	0.20	5.48
6.01 - 7.00	1	0.08	26,723.92	0.02	7.00
No minimum applicable NIR	257	21.74	28,965,734.03	22.81	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>	

\*Average minimum interest rate of the interval weighted by the outstanding principal.

Out of 925 mortgage loans with an interest rate floor clause, the interest rate floor clause is in place for 861 at June 9, 2014 and therefore the nominal interest rate used to calculate the instalments is as established in the relevant interest rate floor clause. The average minimum interest rate of mortgage loans with interest rate floor clauses weighted by the outstanding principal at June 9, 2014 is 2.86%.

The distribution by Originator of selected mortgage loans having a set minimum nominal interest rate is as follows:

Mortgage loan portfolio with a minimum interest rate at 9.06.2014				
Distribution by Originator				
Originator	Mortgage loans		Outstanding principal	
		%	(EUR)	%
BANTIERRA	212	22.92	24,541,873.32	25.03
CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA	288	31.14	21,839,775.75	22.28
CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA	293	31.68	42,175,423.25	43.02
CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL	132	14.27	9,475,815.73	9.67
<b>Total</b>	<b>925</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>98,032,888.05</b>	<b>100.00</b>

In relation to those clauses, so-called "interest rate floor clauses", a recent Judgment no. 241/2013 of the Supreme Court's Civil Chamber dated May 9, 2013 has ruled that the interest rate floor clauses contained in certain mortgage loan deeds entered into with consumers for three lenders are null and void in that they are lacking transparency, albeit ruling the subsistence of the relevant agreements and that the judgment had no retrospective effect.

For the avoidance of doubt, it is noted that in the analysis of the selected portfolio mortgage loans by the Rating Agencies, the existence of interest rate floor clauses was not considered, and therefore the hypothetical elimination of interest rate floor clauses, as the case may be, would not have a bearing on the Bond rating.

The Originators have advised the Management Company that the use of clauses providing for interest rate floors and/or caps in retail loans with mortgage security, the Originators' stated commercial and business policy will be adjusted.

The signature of any such clauses with clients shall conform at all times to the requirements laid down in both legal and statutory regulations and the rules issued by the Bank of Spain to be used in loans with mortgage security.

Part of the selected mortgage loans have had a maximum nominal interest rate ceiling set for applicable nominal interest rate variability. The maximum nominal interest rates applicable to the selected mortgage loans as at June 9, 2014 range between 12.00% and 30.00%.

The following table gives the selected mortgage loan distribution by 1.00% maximum nominal interest rate intervals applicable for determining the nominal interest rate. No details are given of intervals with no contents.

Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014					
Classification by applicable maximum nominal interest rates					
Maximum % Interest Rate Interval	Mortgage loans		Outstanding principal		Maximum % Interest Rate*
		%	(EUR)	%	
11,01 - 12,00	896	75.80	87,610,536.03	68.99	12.00
14,01 - 15,00	141	11.93	17,154,677.36	13.51	15.00
16,01 - 17,00	2	0.17	365,649.26	0.29	17.00
17,01 - 18,00	137	11.59	21,155,903.81	16.66	18.00
25,01 - 30,00	5	0.42	581,111.68	0.46	30.00
No maximum applicable NIR	1	0.08	130,743.94	0.10	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>	

\*Average maximum interest rate of the interval weighted by the outstanding principal.

#### i) Information regarding final maturity date of the selected mortgage loans.

The following table gives the distribution of the selected mortgage loans according to final maturity date by annual intervals, and the weighted average total residual life and the first and last final maturity dates.

Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014						
Classification by final repayment year						
Final repayment year	Mortgage loans		Outstanding principal		Residual Life wa*	
		%	(EUR)	%	Years	Date
2015	3	0.25	20,572.92	0.02	1.02	15/06/2015
2016	1	0.08	16,234.03	0.01	2.56	28/12/2016
2017	3	0.25	65,728.32	0.05	3.28	19/09/2017
2018	1	0.08	77,770.97	0.06	4.55	26/12/2018
2019	4	0.25	117,274.71	0.09	4.87	22/04/2019
2020	3	0.25	60,860.47	0.05	6.28	16/09/2020
2021	6	0.59	183,614.84	0.14	7.39	27/10/2021
2022	20	1.68	968,977.01	0.76	8.28	19/09/2022
2023	7	0.59	391,087.37	0.31	8.92	08/05/2023
2024	21	1.76	1,081,570.24	0.85	10.19	14/08/2024
2025	8	0.67	488,970.43	0.39	11.11	18/07/2025
2026	13	1.09	827,202.89	0.65	12.14	26/07/2026
2027	47	3.94	2,422,896.66	1.91	13.13	25/07/2027
2028	12	1.01	658,722.62	0.52	13.82	02/04/2028
2029	8	0.67	699,696.86	0.55	15.06	25/06/2029
2030	22	1.93	1,600,597.28	1.26	16.10	10/07/2030
2031	15	1.26	1,193,995.03	0.94	17.13	21/07/2031
2032	87	7.29	6,479,678.45	5.10	18.28	14/09/2032
2033	28	2.43	2,692,347.83	2.12	18.98	28/05/2033
2034	16	1.34	1,707,569.72	1.34	20.15	29/07/2034
2035	15	1.26	1,936,769.09	1.53	21.14	26/07/2035
2036	21	1.76	2,363,493.34	1.86	22.06	26/06/2036
2037	126	10.81	11,863,611.52	9.34	23.33	01/10/2037
2038	58	4.86	6,305,535.82	4.97	23.93	10/05/2038
2039	25	2.43	3,907,020.80	3.08	25.17	06/08/2039
2040	27	2.26	3,825,428.89	3.01	26.11	12/07/2040
2041	18	1.51	2,140,185.48	1.69	27.05	21/06/2041
2042	195	16.35	22,218,044.87	17.49	28.29	15/09/2042
2043	47	4.02	5,344,036.53	4.21	28.82	28/03/2043
2044	25	2.10	3,624,548.43	2.85	30.19	08/08/2044
2045	29	2.43	5,083,037.55	4.00	31.13	17/07/2045
2046	12	1.09	1,786,681.64	1.41	32.14	24/07/2046
2047	87	7.21	11,681,586.44	9.20	33.35	07/10/2047
2048	29	2.43	3,890,207.17	3.06	33.94	10/05/2048
2049	29	2.43	4,397,865.11	3.46	35.16	27/07/2049
2050	6	0.50	741,878.20	0.58	36.08	28/06/2050
2051	11	1.01	2,030,514.89	1.60	37.14	20/07/2051
2052	76	6.29	9,544,066.15	7.52	38.26	03/09/2052
2053	21	1.84	2,558,741.51	2.01	38.71	14/02/2053
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>		
	<b>Weighted average:</b>				<b>27.32</b>	<b>27.09.2041</b>
	<b>Simple average:</b>				<b>25.23</b>	<b>28.08.2039</b>
	<b>Minimum:</b>				<b>0.82</b>	<b>06.04.2015</b>
	<b>Maximum:</b>				<b>39.08</b>	<b>28.06.2053</b>

\* Residual life to final maturity date (months and date) stands for averages weighted by the outstanding principal of mortgage loans with final maturity in the relevant year.

**m) Information regarding geographical distribution by Autonomous Communities.**

The following table gives the mortgage loan distribution by Autonomous Communities according to where the mortgage loan security is located.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>				
<b>Classification by Autonomous Communities</b>				
	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>	
		<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>
Andalusia	300	25.38	24,637,422.09	19.40
Aragón	444	37.56	44,818,092.80	35.29
Cantabria	1	0.08	124,981.05	0.10
Castile-La Mancha	1	0.08	95,657.73	0.08
Catalonia	28	2.37	3,798,660.74	2.99
Valencian Community	12	1.02	786,736.86	0.62
La Rioja	37	3.13	4,505,979.04	3.55
Madrid	87	7.36	8,172,309.05	6.43
Navarre	184	15.57	26,311,313.04	20.72
Basque Country	88	7.45	13,747,469.68	10.82
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**n) Information regarding any arrears in collecting selected mortgage loan interest or principal instalments and current principal amount, if any, of loans that are more than 30, 60 and 90 days in arrears.**

The following table gives the number of mortgage loans, the outstanding principal and the overdue principal of selected mortgage loans in arrears as at June 9, 2014 in payment of amounts due.

<b>Arrears in payment of instalments due at 9.06.2014</b>				
<b>Interval Days</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>	<b>Outstanding principal</b>	<b>Overdue principal</b>	
				<b>% on Total outstanding principal</b>
In good standing	1,162	125,405,711.79	0.00	0.0000
1 to 15 days	17	1,316,719.40	2,988.66	0.0024
16 to 30 days	3	276,190.89	679.69	0.0005
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>3,668.35</b>	<b>0.0029</b>

In accordance with the Originators' representation in section 2.2.8.2.(20) of the Building Block, none of the Mortgage Loans that will finally be assigned to the Fund upon being established shall have any payments more than one (1) month overdue on their assignment date.

**o) Loan to value ratio or level of collateralisation.**

The ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the initial outstanding principal as at June 9, 2014 to the appraisal value of the selected mortgage loan mortgaged properties ranged between 2.91% and 96.96%, and the average ratio weighted by the outstanding principal of each mortgage loan is 70.06%.

The following table gives the distribution of the mortgage loans by 5.00% intervals of that ratio.

<b>Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014</b>					
<b>Classification by loan to value ratio</b>					
<b>Ratio Intervals</b>	<b>Mortgage loans</b>		<b>Outstanding principal</b>		<b>(%) Loan to Value*</b>
		<b>%</b>	<b>(EUR)</b>	<b>%</b>	
0.00 - 4.99	1	0.08	3,577.21	0.00	2.65
5.00 - 9.99	6	0.51	92,659.83	0.07	8.35
10.00 - 14.99	9	0.76	199,787.51	0.16	12.54
15.00 - 19.99	16	1.35	443,212.56	0.35	17.84
20.00 - 24.99	28	2.37	984,149.80	0.77	22.54
25.00 - 29.99	25	2.12	1,086,170.58	0.86	27.81
30.00 - 34.99	30	2.54	1,642,552.71	1.29	33.05
35.00 - 39.99	29	2.45	1,607,985.41	1.27	37.50
40.00 - 44.99	13	1.10	872,429.31	0.69	43.37
45.00 - 49.99	82	6.94	6,438,850.33	5.07	47.67

Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014					
Classification by loan to value ratio					
Ratio Intervals	Mortgage loans		Outstanding principal		(% ) Loan to Value*
		%	(EUR)	%	
50.00 - 54.99	69	5.84	6,295,743.89	4.96	52.24
55.00 - 59.99	103	8.71	10,187,086.83	8.02	57.69
60.00 - 64.99	93	7.87	9,642,721.67	7.59	62.40
65.00 - 69.99	130	11.00	14,500,812.39	11.42	67.58
70.00 - 74.99	110	9.31	12,785,747.88	10.07	72.53
75.00 - 79.99	179	15.14	22,364,649.85	17.61	77.50
80.00 - 84.99	156	13.20	21,930,340.96	17.27	82.46
85.00 - 89.99	99	8.38	15,278,114.31	12.03	87.15
90.00 - 94.99	2	0.17	353,333.71	0.28	91.05
95.00 - 99.99	2	0.17	288,695.34	0.23	96.13
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>	
<b>Weighted Average:</b>					69.94 %
<b>Simple Average:</b>					64.41 %
<b>Minimum:</b>					2.65 %
<b>Maximum:</b>					96.75 %

\*Loan to Value Ratio lists averages weighted by the outstanding principal.

There is no overcollateralisation in the Fund since the Outstanding Balance of Mortgage Loans which the Originators shall assign to the Fund upon being set up shall be equal to or slightly above EUR one hundred and one million one hundred and twenty-four thousand (101,124,000.00), the sum of the face value amount of the Bond Issue and the amount of Loan B.

**p) Information on use of the home and type of the home given as security.**

The following table gives the distribution of the selected mortgage loans by use of the home.

Mortgage loan portfolio at 9.06.2014				
Classification by use of the mortgaged home				
Use	Mortgage loans		Outstanding principal	
		%	(EUR)	%
Main home	1,095	92.64	120,505,206.17	94.89
Second home	87	7.36	6,493,415.91	5.11
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,182</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>126,998,622.08</b>	<b>100.00</b>

**2.2.3 Legal nature of the pool of assets to be securitised.**

The selected assets to be securitised are loans with real estate mortgage security, originated in a public deed (the "Mortgage Loans") granted by the Originators to individuals with real estate mortgage security on finished homes (and their annexes -parking spaces and/or lumber rooms- if any) located in Spain.

The Mortgage Loans were originated in a public deed subject to the Mortgage Act, mortgage market regulation laws and ancillary laws.

The Mortgage Loan receivables shall be assigned to the Fund upon the Originators issuing and the Fund subscribing for Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates subject to the provisions of Act 2/1981, additional provision five of Act 3/1994 and Royal Decree 716/2009, on the terms provided for in section 3.3 of this Building Block.

**2.2.4 Expiry or maturity date(s) of the assets.**

The selected mortgage loans each have a final maturity date without prejudice to periodic partial repayment instalments, on the specific terms applicable to each of them.

Obligors may at any time during the life of the mortgage loans prepay all or part of the outstanding capital, in which case interest accrual on the part prepaid will cease as of the date on which repayment occurs.

The final maturity date of the selected mortgage loans at June 9, 2014 lies between April 6, 2015 and June 28, 2053.

#### **2.2.5 Amount of the assets.**

The Fund shall be set up with the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, representing Mortgage Loan receivables, issued by the Originators and subscribed for by the Fund upon being established, and their Outstanding Balance shall be equal to or slightly above EUR one hundred and one million one hundred and twenty-four thousand (101,124,000.00), the sum of the face value amount of the Bond Issue and the amount of Loan B.

The selected mortgage loan portfolio from which the Mortgage Loans will be taken in order for their receivables to be assigned to the Fund when it is established upon the Originators issuing and the Fund subscribing for Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates comprises 1,193 mortgage loans, their outstanding principal at June 9, 2014 being EUR 129,110,112.82 and the overdue principal being EUR 3,846.40.

In order to be assigned to the Fund upon being established, each Originator shall randomly select from the selected loans any loans which are in good standing or have no overdue payments in arrears for a period in excess of one (1) month altogether up to a total principal or capital equal to or slightly above EUR one hundred and one million one hundred and twenty-four thousand (101,124,000.00) and without individually exceeding the maximum authorised issue amount.

#### **2.2.6 Loan to value ratio or level of collateralisation.**

The loan to value ratio or level of collateralisation is given in section 2.2.2 o) of this Building Block.

#### **2.2.7 Method of creation of the assets.**

The mortgage loans selected for assignment to the Fund have been granted by the Originators (without any intermediary whatsoever being involved) following their usual credit risk analysis and assessment procedures for granting mortgage loans to individuals at the date of grant of the loans. Those procedures are described below:

##### **1. BANTIERRA**

Any risk transaction entails the existence of a correlatively numbered proposal. An analysis is made in the following order, and the process is stopped where the set requirements are not satisfied. That results in the risk being refused or negatively reported on.

Document analysis. Checking that the documentary information is as required for the analysis to be made:

- Full proposal.
- Supporting report.
- Economic data (income, payslips, corporation tax, etc.).
- Asnef / Experian.
- Cirbe.
- RAI.
- Wealth tax return, contracts, appraisals, etc.
- Customer (borrower/guarantor) analysis. Applicant's identification and business (legal entity/individual and activity) for, depending on these variables, the analysis is different.
- Transaction analysis.
- Identification of the transaction applied for.



- Intended use of funds.
- Repayment capacity based on repayment schedule.
- Cash flow stability.
- Analysis of collaterals.
- Credit standing.
- Assessment of collaterals and availability if the contract is enforced. This is the last analysis made and collaterals must always be considered in the event that the repayment forecasts based on customer and transaction analysis do not come true. Admission of the risk must not therefore be based only on the collaterals.

#### **Transaction origination.**

BANTIERRA has a system in place for delegation of authority controlled by the management board which provides the risks division with executive capacity to ensure that the risks are in line with the institution's strategy in terms of business and credit standing, taking responsibility for management, monitoring and, as the case may be, recovery of the risk and for the pattern of delegation of authority. Risk transactions are also analysed and, where appropriate, approved within the respective levels of authority, and those that exceed the level of authority are submitted to a higher body.

That proposal as to the level of authority to grant the credit risk takes into account the risk level which the institution wishes to take on, which is limited by regulation (capital and liquidity requirements described in Bank of Spain Circulars 3/2008 and 9/2010), guaranteeing that risk exposure is kept within the risks limits and tolerance established by the management board,

The levels of authority of the different decision-making bodies are set based on the following scale of authority:

BODY	Amount in KEUR
Management Board / Executive Committee	More than 3,000
Risks Committee with office of the general manager	Up to 3,000
Risks Committee without office of the general manager	Up to 2,000
Risks Area	Up to 1,000

These limits are established based on the concept of global risk per borrower or economic group.

#### Powers of the branch network

The maximum global risk which a branch may grant by level of authority shall have a maximum limit for loans with personal surety. Branches are sorted into 4 levels of authority,

TYPE	Customer Risk	Security Interest
1	200,000	200,000
2	150,000	150,000
3	120,000	120,000
4	100,000	100,000

#### Monitoring and recovery

The object of the monitoring process is to analyse the status of the institution's risks throughout the life of the transactions in order to detect in advance any potential increases in the risk of default, and to take corrective action.

The monitoring approach is based on the following structure:

- Setting objectives.
- Holding the necessary documents for monitoring purposes.
- Making regular controls.
- Detecting alert signals.
- Assessment and diagnostics.
- Decision making.

### **Debt renegotiation policy:**

Pursuant to Bank of Spain Circular 6/2012, September 28, the main policies and procedures relate to the activity carried out in the field of customer loan and credit facility refinancing and restructuring, and the threshold requirements for any of these transactions are the following:

- Obligor's willingness to pay.
- Institution's experience with the customer.
- Medium- and long-term sustainability.
- Strengthening of security interests or personal surety tendered, and in any event keeping the initial securities.

Where there are indications of impairment in the customer's credit quality which may endanger normal compliance with payment and cancellation of the risks undertaken, or incidents may occur in collection of outstanding debts, BANTIERRA reviews the position, compiling all necessary information:

- Current documents establishing recurrent cash generation capacity with which the counterparty must honour their financial obligations.
- Outstanding payments status and forecasts to meet both commercial and financial payments that are overdue and soon to be due.

The documents and information compiled will then be analysed in order to weigh up the position and the customer's problems, to determine whether these are short-term or structural problems.

Once the borrower's position has been detected and analysed and so have the risks taken on with that customer, the following are the possible decisions to be made:

- Establishing payment free periods: possibility of establishing payment free periods, deferrals or temporary suspensions of repayment instalments, the repayment schedules to be resumed after the difficulties are overcome.
- Refinancing: possibility of extending the repayment periods if it is believed that the counterparty is able to carry on generating cash and this allows a better adjustment to the client's cash flows.
- Restructuring: changing the structure and nature of transactions entered into with the customer, replacing them with transactions better suited and adjusted to the customer's circumstances, activity and cancellation possibilities.
- Posting of security or, as the case may be, further security.

Having analysed the position and arrived at an agreement with the customer, a report is issued by the credit risks analysis and monitoring area, and the transaction is submitted for approval to the institution's Risks Committee based on the same criteria and delegation of authority established for approval of new transactions, and additionally informing the body or committee above the same of agreements and actions taken in all restructuring processes.

The active assistance of the business officers and the legal department is in any event available, and the latter will, where necessary, issue a professional report and opinion as to the implications, contract position and guarantees.

### **Mortgage loan recovery process**

The following are the policies to be applied in this process:

- Establishment of mechanisms to guarantee early detection of transaction credit issues in order to successfully anticipate the search for solutions to these issues.
- Foreclosing doubtful transactions within the shortest possible space of time, other than where there are very clear chances of speedier out-of-court settlement or unless there are little chances of obtaining recovery in court.
- Regular review of doubtful debts and historical defaults in case, due to changes in the obligors' circumstances, there are chances of recovery.

### **Debt monitoring and recovery file**

The IT system automatically generates a “file” for each case from the first day of default. The manager or person responsible for each branch will review the new files generated by the IT system on a daily basis. Set commercial actions will then be taken, both over the telephone and in person.

All actions taken (the set actions and any others carried out) must be recorded in the file. Before 45 days of default have elapsed a solution must be in place and applied to the case at issue, unless the obligor is in a position that makes it necessary to bring this process forward in time and with the exception of the portfolio agreements which must be taken within not more than 30 days.

Beyond the aforementioned deadlines, the credit risk area -recoveries department- will receive the physical file along with the branch’s report in order to determine the actions to be taken.

### **Managing the file**

Once the file has been received at central services and in the absence of an immediate solution to the default, this department will try to contact the parties to the agreement, in turn issuing all necessary notices allowing receipt to be established (official fax-Burofax) so that if whatever is agreed is breached, court claims may be commenced by the legal department, any such actions being recorded as such in the IT system.

When the time of default exceeds the days which the recoveries department shall see fit from time to time, the necessary file shall be provided in order for court proceedings to be commenced from the legal department.

### **Legal proceedings**

The recoveries department submits to the legal department any and all cases which are past due, along with all original documents necessary to commence legal proceedings.

After reviewing the files, the necessary documents are prepared, checking for the possible existence of partial collections of the doubtful agreement, made after the date on which the debt was certified, in order to properly quantify the claim and pay the court fee.

Once the documents have been submitted to the court attorney, the details relating to the proceedings are recorded in the internal monitoring database of the department’s layers, and in the institution’s digital filing system.

## **2. CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA**

### **Origination channels:**

Distribution is made through the network of branches. There are operations spanning the provinces of Granada (159 branches), Malaga (31 branches), Almería (4 branches) and Madrid (1 branch).

### **Lending procedures:**

Caja Rural de Granada uses an analysis and assessment system allowing a client to be assigned a credit rating. That system is useful for:

- Having in place consistent risk policies.
- Delegating authority.
- Enabling distinct pricing policies.

The rating method provides a logistic regression credit rating taking into account two variable types: the customer’s own variables (ratios, balance sheets, profit and loss account, etc.) and variables based on the firm’s relationship with the group and the financial system.

The model ratings range from 1 to 8, the latter being the highest rating. The application shall provide three types of reports: (a) general reports, (b) aggregate reports and (c) simulations.

The admission process starts upon the customer's application being received. Caja Rural de Granada has standardised the minimum documents required to be included in an application file in order to properly study the risk and obtain a proper assessment.

After studying and analysing the file, the branch prepares the relevant proposal. If the transaction is accepted, it moves on to the approval process by the manager (if the manager has authority to do so on his or her own or to the relevant branch committee if decisions are made on a several basis) or it is referred to the joint approval body at central services where it exceeds the scope of empowerment at branches.

### **Delegation of authority for risks:**

The management board entrusts the management committee with defining the joint approval bodies and the powers to be conferred to the latter and such other powers as may be individually conferred. The management board's authority includes risk volume, exceptions and operation as detailed on the following pages.

The management committee has defined the *institution's empowerment structure* which seeks to address the objectives described above, and the same provides for the following approval levels and bodies:

- Individual Powers
- Branch Committee
- Risks Committee
- General Committee
- Irregular management committee
- Doubtful forecast committee
- Management committee
- Management Board or Executive Committee

*Quantitatively, the following table contains the joint approval bodies' powers:*

### **SCHEDULE 1: JOINT APPROVAL BODIES FOR LENDING TRANSACTIONS (1/3)**

BODIES & MEMBERSHIP	Branch Committee	Risks Committee	General Committee	Management Committee	Executive Committee Management Board
RAPORTEURS:	-	Corporate Banking Manager	Head of Specialised Unit Risk Analyst or Analysis Central Services	Corporate Banking Manager Head of Specialised Unit Analysis	General Manager Financial Controller/Head of Analysis
ATTENDANTS: Compulsory No.:	2	2	2	3	5
<i>Right to speak &amp; vote:</i>	Area Manager Branch Manager Branch Deputy Manager Lending Officer Branch Controller	Area Manager Branch Manager Head of Analysis, Head of Specialised Unit Risk Analyst or Analysis Central Services	Business Banking Manager Area Manager Financial Controller or Head of Analysis	General Manager Business Manager Network Manager Financial Controller Head of Analysis	Management Board Chairman Management Board Vice- Chairman and Secretary 2 designated members of the Management Board Legal Adviser
<i>Right to speak but not to vote:</i> Total Risk Customer or Group	50,000	500,000	Legal Adviser 1,000,000	Legal Adviser 1,500,000	Legal Adviser 5,000,000

(3) Overdrafts and Overuse:

Area Managers:	15,000
Business-Network Manager	25,000

Notes:

GENERIC 1  
GENERIC 2  
(3)

See Rule, regarding quorums, absentees and replacements.  
The limits given are for total risk, at no time exceeding the limits given thereafter per transaction type.  
For higher amounts, the express authorisation of two of the following members of the Management Committee shall be required:  
\* Business Manager  
\* Financial Controller or Head of Analysis  
\* Business Manager or Network Manager

### **OTHER REMARKS:**

**Ratings:**

In discount facilities, technical guarantee facilities and in documentary credit and export and import finance facilities the following excesses may be authorised over the limits authorised, irrespective of the risk client or group

**Area Managers** €50,000 in all cases, including occasional discounts.  
**Branches:** The lower of €10,000 or 10% of the limit.

In the case of discount facilities, the maximum percentage of overdue payments cannot exceed 5%.  
In the case of technical guarantee facilities, no guarantee claim or enforcement shall have previously occurred.  
In foreign transactions, the customer must not have had default events in their previous transactions.

**Transaction approval procedure**

Approvals within each joint body shall be adopted with one accord; in the event of disagreement among the members, the transaction shall be submitted for approval to the approval body immediately above. The decision may be given in three ways:

- A. Approved on the proposed terms
- B. Approved on other terms
- C. Refusal

**RECOVERIES**

**DEBT RECOVERY CASE CIRCUIT.**

In the recoveries department the flow of cases begins upon the same entering through the out-of-court unit. In managing and analysing these at the out-of-court unit, if the decision is that a court action should be brought, they are passed to the Court unit to be pursued in court, although the outcome and the decision made may be different because claiming in court is inconvenient or unnecessary (for instance, booking as bad debts due to insolvency, conditional on other actions being taken, payment in kind, etc.). Cases shall leave recoveries upon being regularised for any reason (payment, refinancing, payment in kind, etc.).

***Out-of-court unit***

Arrival of the case, friendly actions, analysis, documentation and credit searches, and decision on the case. Relationship with branches, and clients where required or necessary.

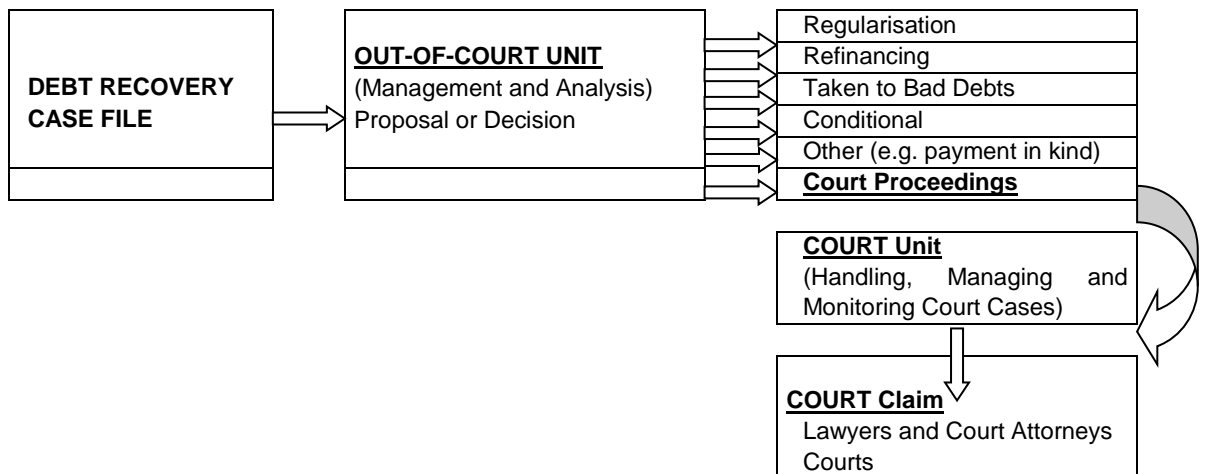
After the analysis, a decision is proposed or made on the case, or it is closed if regularised. The out-of-court unit may propose an alternative approach (refinancing, for example) resulting in submission of the case to another department or specialised unit, such as Analysis, Refinancing Team, real estate development unit, etc., requesting the branch for the relevant proposal or reconsideration.

The doubtful prevention committee shall study and analyse all cases where the risk exceeds the powers of recoveries, and those being managed by the monitoring and real estate development unit in spite of the debt recovery case file having been generated, and all necessary decisions shall be made in order to avoid the debt from becoming doubtful and to succeed in the debt being regularised.

***Court Unit***

Reconciliation of IRIS-Contracts data, preparing documents for a claim to be lodged, monitoring and management of court cases. Relationship, in addition to clients and branches, with lawyers, court attorneys, courts and notaries' offices.

The outline of the debt recovery case circuit at Recoveries is as follows:



### **DEBT RECOVERY PROCEEDINGS**

From the Recoveries Department the out-of-court unit shall start the debt recovery proceedings and take collection actions and steps.

These debt recovery cases shall be managed through the evenly-named IRIS application, the access being asset- debt recovery-claim proceedings.

### **GENERATING DEBT RECOVERY CASE FILE**

Upon the debt recovery case file being generated by Iris, the branch shall receive notice (by email), making it aware that the proceedings have come within the scope of Recoveries, and that actions have been started. The branch may report whatever it may deem necessary for the recoveries department to know (negotiation with the client, refinancing in progress, etc.).

The debt recovery case file shall, depending on the irregularity, be generated as follows:

#### **Upon default**

The criterion for Iris to automatically generate the debt recovery case file is the existence of debt that is more than 90 days overdue on account of capital, interest accrued, fees or expenses; and based on the following parameters:

<b>Total Debt Agreement</b>	<b>Debt overdue</b>
>= €1,000	90 days
< €1,000	Not generated automatically

These parameters may be changed by recoveries having regard to the Institution's operating or strategic needs.

#### **For subjective reasons**

Upon learning of the reason requiring the same to be done. They shall be manually generated upon request by the branch, area manager, audit or recoveries.

Claims in cases below €1,000 (small claims) shall be made where there are subjective reasons and as the branch, area manager, audit or recoveries shall see fit.

These subjective reasons may be: creditors' meeting, knowledge of attachments by other creditors, other ongoing claims, debtor's financial or family circumstances, inability to pay even if the debt is not old enough for automatic generation, etc.

### **OUT-OF-COURT UNIT: DEBT RECOVERY PROCEEDINGS**

#### **Recovery Case File**

Upon a debt recovery case file being generated for an agreement, the out-of-court unit shall proceed to check the client's global position, manually opening the client's other agreement files and indeed, if a commercial group, those of the other related borrowers. A recoveries officer is assigned to it. Recoveries compiles the necessary documents (originals) which must be submitted in court (originals in all cases), and a physical file with these documents must therefore be put together.

#### **Analysis and management of Recovery Debt Case File**

Recoveries shall proceed to check creditworthiness: General index service, register certificates, pay cheques, vehicles, etc. The resulting expenses are charged to the debt recovery case and may be viewed by the branches on the IT system.

The branch shall be asked to provide information, if necessary, on the steps taken to regularise the debt, or possible proposals preventing the debt from being claimed in court.

The branch shall provide recoveries with all such additional information or documents as shall be deemed necessary, if possible by e-mail to the out-of-court unit.

The out-of-court unit shall evaluate and take the necessary steps: sending of an official post office fax (burofax) claiming the debt, refinancing proposals, payments schedule, client visits or calls, etc.

If the debt is not successfully regularised, a decision shall be made on the debt recovery case file.

A debt recovery case file shall be decided as follows:

- Court Action: Start the court procedures to claim.

Customer Direct Risk Amount	Court Claim
<€300,000	Recoveries Department takes action.
>= €300,000 and < €1,000,000	Recoveries takes action and reports to the Doubtful Prevention Committee.
>=€1,000,000	Must be authorised by the Management Committee.

- Move to bad debts: No court claim is to be filed, due to insolvency or other reasons.
- Conditional: Awaiting the outcome of another court action against the client (for example where there are 2 transactions, first and second mortgage and only the second mortgage is foreclosed).
- Other: This could be payment in kind, refinancing proposal, etc.

There are empowerment levels at recoveries to decide a debt recovery case, depending on the risk of the transaction to be decided.

#### **COURT UNIT: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.**

##### ***Pursuing and handling claims.***

The court unit carries out a number of preliminary steps to check and reconcile information: it is checked that all Iris data, both financial (term, interest, variability, etc.), parties, addresses, etc. fully match the title to the debt (deed, agreement, etc.). The effectiveness of the subsequent court claim shall depend on this and that there are no subsequent formal defects or damaged titles.

The debt is Iris certified at a specific date and the transaction is terminated early (it is taken to be terminated and the entire debt is claimed, in loans and credits). Partial debts may not be claimed in court.

Debt certification and early termination results in an automatic minimum provision for bad debts as established by Bank of Spain Circular 4/2004, or higher if such a decision was made in the case. This implies legal protection of the related account.

The documents required to file the complaint are prepared:

- Certificate and abstract/settlement of the debt, which shall be certified by a notary.
- Certificate of notarisation or certified copy of the agreement for enforcement purposes: this is requested from the notary who was involved in the transaction upon being granted.
- Request for payment of the certified debt: served on the parties involved, by burofax, notarial request, or by other appropriate means, as the case may be.
- Delivery of the case file to the assisting lawyer: in order to write the relevant complaint to be filed in court through a court attorney.

The average time taken by these actions, namely that notaries provide the requisite documents, receipt of the payment requests is acknowledged, etc., is at least 20 days in normal circumstances, and provided that there are no incidents.

### **Managing and Monitoring Court Cases**

The court unit shall manage and monitor all court cases, requesting such actions as shall be deemed appropriate, and making all necessary decisions to succeed in collecting the debt. This shall all be done working closely with the assisting lawyers, and with the actual branches, in addition to other parties where circumstances so require, such as area managers, risks committees, other departments, etc.

Court cases shall be monitored through the existing Iris Judicial application, where the most relevant aspects of all procedural formalities of legal proceedings shall be recorded, as follows:

- Lawyer and court attorney in the case.
- Date of delivery to the lawyer.
- Date of submission of the complaint.
- Course case number and court.
- Debt claimed.
- Stages in the legal proceedings: complaint, attachment, leading to auction and award, as the case may be.

## **3. CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA**

### **MARKETING CHANNELS**

Private individual residential mortgage loans are marketed through the network of branches.

### **MORTGAGE LOAN APPLICATION**

The first requirement for non-customers to obtain a loan is to open an account at Caja Rural de Navarra, which involves identifying the customer in full, including a statement of assets upon a loan application being made. If the customer already has a loan with Caja Rural, the data on file is simply updated, and a new transaction application is generated.

#### **Information required**

Caja Rural de Navarra requests the following documents for all kinds of transactions:

- Proposal or novation documents.
- Application signed by the customer (in new transactions, not so in novations).
- Branch report.
- Details of the applicants' and/or guarantors' assets (may be included in the branch report).
- Experta 423 or 424, depending on whether the applicant is a natural or a legal person (this search includes the CIRBE details).
- Registration extracts of the applicants' and/or guarantors' assets if the total customer risk is in excess of €20,000.

In addition, depending on the type of customer applying for the transaction, the following documents are requested:

- Latest payslip preceding the application for the transaction.
- Personal Income Tax return for the previous year.

#### **Transaction analysis:**

Once the documents have been compiled, they are sent to the risks area to be studied. Day transactions are received and their viability is studied at the analysis department. In the event that the terms sent by the branch are to be changed, or it is necessary to obtain documents beyond the basic statutory documents, the analyst shall get in touch with the branch requesting whatever shall be deemed necessary.



After the transaction is reported on by the analyst, it goes to the legal department, where transaction viability is studied with reference to the collaterals reported on, and a legal report is issued. Upon the report being completed, the transaction is decided by the approval body appropriate to the customer's live risk.

Upon the transaction being approved, it passes to the administration department for origination.

### **Origination**

The risks department uses a specific application to fulfil its purpose referred to as electronic document management (GED) with which all lending transaction documents are scanned before submission to the risks department, thereby for the entire department staff to work with electronic files.

Additionally, that application controls at all times the status and position of all lending transactions, and the following statuses have been defined which any lending transaction can be in:

- At the branch.
- Sent to central services to be analysed and pending receipt of compulsory documents.
- Pending allocation of an analyst.
- Analysis by an analyst.
- Conditions set by the analyst.
- Legal review by the legal department.
- Pending a decision by the relevant body.
- Approved and pending origination.
- Originated and pending receipt of signed contract (agreement or deed).
- Filed.

In addition to knowing the status of each transaction from time to time, the GED system provides full traceability for the same, allowing the various statuses of the application, dates, people who have handled the case file, and so on to be viewed.

### **MORTGAGE TRANSACTION POWERS**

<b><u>POWERS</u></b>	<b><u>SECURITY INTEREST</u></b>
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE	€2,000,000
JOINT COMMITTEE	€1,000,000
GENERAL MANAGER	
INVESTMENTS AREA MANAGER	
BUSINESS AREA MANAGER	€600,000
CORPORATE AREA MANAGER	
HOUSING DEPARTMENT MANAGER	
ANALYST	
BRANCH MANAGER	
HOUSING MANAGER	€250,000
AREA OFFICER	
PRIVATE BANKING OFFICER	

### **MONITORING THE RISK**

One way of preventing delinquency is to watch out for alert signals. The following are most frequent:

- Continuous requests for renewals and payment deferrals.
- An offer to renew the liability by delivering promissory notes or bills with very late due dates.
- Asset decreases.

The last stage in the process involves nine court proceedings. Bad debts using a friendly procedure; they are often collected upon the defaulter being notified of the filing of a court claim. The entry into force of the new Civil Procedure Act introduced two new procedural avenues, namely note collection proceedings and fast-track small claims, which significantly expedite and reduce the costs and time of the procedure.

## **RECOVERY METHOD**

The recovery method consists of a sequence of actions: letters, telephone calls, blocking of claimed and related positions, etc.; however, the case manager may ask for such other actions as shall be thought fit to be put in place.

These actions, which are put in place from mildest to harshest, target:

- The persons involved in the account (borrowers and guarantors).
- The claimed accounts or related accounts by restricting operations.
- The case managers responsible for recovery.

The recovery method for loans with mortgage security is as follows:

The IT application generates a number of automatic warnings and claims:

- Within 30 days of the first default date: 1<sup>st</sup> letter to the borrower, giving 10 days to make good the default.
- Within 60 days of the first default date: 2<sup>nd</sup> letter to the borrower and guarantors (20 days after the deadline set in the first letter).
- Within 90 days of the first default date: 3<sup>rd</sup> letter.

The department controls deadlines outside the information system. The following tasks are done:

- 1<sup>st</sup> deadline: First letter sent when the loan has 2 or 3 payments overdue or the account has a 45-60 day overdraft to borrowers and guarantors. The client is asked to make good the position within 10/15 days.
- 2<sup>nd</sup> deadline: Second letter sent with more than 4 payments overdue or an overdraft of more than 3 months to borrowers and guarantors. The client is given a one-week deadline.

Beyond these deadlines, the following actions will be taken if the client has not made good the position:

1. Wait if the client is expecting a transaction, transfer, etc. allowing the position to be made good. The client is asked to provide all necessary documents proving the foregoing in order to be able to set a maximum response time.
2. An agreement is arrived at with the client in order to gradually pay the debt. Agreements of this kind will only be entered into with clients who have no security whatsoever and there is no other way of recovering the debt. In order to find this out, a credit check shall be requested from the index register. Additionally, wherever possible, agreements resolving the position in the short term shall be demanded.
3. The transaction is terminated in order to call in the security and take the client to court. This occurs where the case file enters the recovery stage.

Within 90 days the department decides whether or not the case should go to court.

Thereafter, the action is directed by each department case manager, who shall negotiate and decide the steps to be taken.

Case managers are the same for monitoring and recovery, but when a transaction goes to court it is the department supervisor who deals with handling the matter.

#### 4. CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL

##### **Marketing channels:**

The procedure begins at the different distribution channels: network of branches, area supervisor's office, sales people, etc.

Before a transaction is received for perusal, a preliminary analysis is made to check that a number of pre-set requirements are met:

- Examination of the documents submitted
- Analysis of the customer and the customer's activity
- Analysis of the transaction
- Analysis of collaterals
- Quantifying the customer's global risk.

##### **Transaction admission and analysis:**

After conducting the preliminary analysis through the different channels and establishing whether the transaction falls within the branch manager's powers or whether it must be submitted to the risks area, the relevant proposal is made.

If the application is submitted to the risks area, the analysts duly study and report on the same, submitting the transaction for approval.

##### **Approval bodies:**

- Risks Area Committee: consisting of the risks manager, deputy risks manager, recoveries supervisor and analysts. The first three are severally empowered for approving transactions of up to €200,000 with personal surety and €400,000 with mortgage security. Individually, €100,000 with personal surety and €200,000 with mortgage security.
- Risks Committee: consisting of the general manager, business manager, risks manager and deputy risks manager, with powers to approve transactions of up to €1,000,000 whatever the security may be.
- Management Board: For transactions in excess of €1,000,000, notwithstanding which the board is informed of all transactions in excess of €600,000.

The amounts set for the various committees refer to the overall customer risk, whatever the amount of the proposed transaction may be.

##### **Analysis Tools:**

Scoring: a statistical model for estimating a private or micro enterprise customer's default probability, based on certain variables:

- Micro enterprise variables: product type, purpose, security, turnover, equity, overused amounts, overdrafts, etc.
- Private individual mortgage variables: LTV, term, purpose, income, number of children, average liability balances, arrears indicator, etc.
- Private individual consumer variables: product, term, purpose, income, marital status, payment capacity, average asset balances, etc.

Electronic document management (GED): Tool expediting filing and improving control and monitoring of the processing circuit, minimising the transaction risk.

## **Originating mortgage transactions**

Transactions with mortgage security are also legally analysed and shall not be considered approved until they are not legally feasible. In the event of approval, the draft, binding offer and documents required shall be prepared by central services to be forwarded to a notary's office.

Settlement and entry in the register is especially monitored.

## **Monitoring**

### **1.- Monitoring begins based on the following structure:**

- Target setting
  - Maintenance of the documents required for monitoring purposes
  - Carrying out controls and monitoring
  - Detecting red flags
  - Evaluation and diagnostics
  - Decision making

This approach is supplemented with the issuance of reports and studies on the results obtained.

There are monitoring activities depending on whether the object is private individuals or companies, for specific transactions, based on the status of the debt, etc.

### **2.- Target setting**

Credit investment related targets are previously set in order to be monitored and achieved:

- Investment structure
- Diversification by business lines
- Diversification by geographical areas
- Diversification by production sectors
- Diversification by direct borrower risk
- Delinquency ratio.

### **3.- Communicating targets to the Branch Network.**

### **4.- Monitoring documents**

The relevant branch will request monitored customers to provide all necessary documents to update the information, which will supplement the information obtained through computerised systems and external databases (Equifax, CIRBE, Informa, etc.), and which shall vary depending on whether the object is a private individual or a company.

The documents requested will include, but not be limited to, the following:

- Updated income tax returns
- Registry search results
- Payslips
- Etc.

### **5.- Monitoring the risk**

Generally, any significant data change and changes in the parties involved shall be immediately notified without waiting for periodic monitoring, in writing to the risks department and to the relevant area officer.

- Employment status
- Relationship to business to which services are provided

- Family status
- Possible sale of properties
- Changes in the relationship with the bank

#### **6.- Monitoring of unpaid risk**

The recoveries area, reporting to the risks department, shall review the bank's defaults or overdrafts and, together with the office of the area supervisors, take all necessary action to recover the debt.

#### **Recoveries.**

1.- The risks department issues a weekly list of non-complying loans.

In addition, upon that list being requested, the following request may be made:

- Only overdue cases, i.e. less than 90 days.
- Only doubtful cases (more than 90 days and less than 36 months ....or manual cases)
- Very doubtful collection and bad debts (more than 36 months or manual cases)
- All non-complying cases.
- All save for very doubtful collection and bad debts.

2.- The loan inventory is used to call each branch with non-complying cases in order to find out why non-compliance has occurred in each case and what steps are being taken for collection. They are moreover advised that the following steps must be taken:

- Call the customer advising of the occurrence.
- Make a daily debit attempt, to which end the following priorities shall be set:
  - Regularising overdrafts.
  - Regularising debit settlements on the account.
  - Regularising overdue card drawings.
  - Regularising loan payments.

In addition to observing the above priorities, the same shall be carried out within each item by seniority.

- The risks-recoveries and delinquency area department supervisors shall be advised of steps taken and results, in an e-mail serving as a report. This report shall be weekly.

3.- Within a month of the first contact with the branch, and monitoring the customer's non-compliance, the branch supervisor is again asked to report on the position and why the case has not yet been regularised, and the branch must prepare a fuller report on the case and the steps taken for collection, which shall also be sent to the risks department supervisor.

4.- Within 45 days of the first default, the risks-recoveries and delinquency area department shall send a registered letter to the obligor advising of the situation the obligor is in, requesting payment and that the obligor contact the risks-recoveries and delinquency area department, advising that the obligor must within not more than 15 days make good the position, for actions will otherwise be taken to enforce payment in Court.

5.- If after this time the customer shall not have made good the position, court proceedings shall be commenced to claim the debt. However, the delinquency area supervisor and the risks department supervisor shall have weighed up during the previous stage the type of security, the amounts due and the type of customer, in order to decide whether or not to bring an action. Thus, it is considered that for transactions under 600 Euros, proceedings will not be lodged in order to avoid expenses.

6.- Exceptionally, and especially in the case of transactions with mortgage security, an analysis shall be made during days 1 to 60 of the non-compliance, to ascertain the then-current total debt (overdue and not due), existence of other debts (either at the Bank or elsewhere), current appraisal value of the mortgaged property/ies, and the customer's income, and the possibility of including guarantors. After analysing all of the above, subject to approval by the risks department or competent body, the term of the loans is extended (applying the last regulations on the subject), including a capital free or capital and interest free period.

## **2.2.8 Indication of representations and collaterals given to the issuer relating to the assets.**

### **Representations of each Originator.**

The Management Company sets out below the representations and warranties which the Originators shall, as holders of the Mortgage Loan receivables until assigned to the Fund and as issuers of the Mortgage Certificates and/or the Pass-Through Certificates, declare and give to the Fund and the Management Company in the Deed of Constitution, in relation to themselves and the Mortgage Loans, the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates.

#### **1. Each Originator in relation to itself.**

- (1) That it is a credit institution duly incorporated in accordance with the laws in force for the time being, entered in the Companies Register and the Bank of Spain's Register of Credit Institutions, and is authorised to operate in the mortgage market.
- (2) That neither at today's date nor at any time since it was incorporated has it been decreed to be insolvent, or bankrupt, or in suspension of payments under former laws, nor in any circumstance generating a liability which might result in the credit institution authorisation being revoked.
- (3) That it has obtained all necessary authorisations, including those required of its corporate bodies and, as the case may be, third parties who may be affected by the assignment of the Mortgage Loan receivables, to issue the Mortgage Certificates and/or the Pass-Through Certificates, to validly execute the Fund Deed of Constitution, the agreements relating to the establishment of the Fund and to fulfil the undertakings made.
- (4) That it has audited annual accounts for the financial years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 and that they have been filed with the Companies Register and, in addition, the audited annual accounts for the financial year 2013 have been filed with the CNMV. The audit report on the year 2013 annual accounts is unqualified.

#### **2. In relation to the Mortgage Loans and the Mortgage Certificates and, as the case may be, the Pass-Through Certificates issued by each Originator.**

- (1) That the Mortgage Loan receivables are assigned to the Fund by issuing the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates in the Originator's ordinary course of business and they are issued at arm's length in accordance with Act 2/1981, Royal Decree 716/2009 and as established by Additional Provision Five of Act 3/1994 and other applicable laws. Mortgage Loan receivables assigned to the Fund by issuing mortgage participation certificates are so assigned because the relevant Mortgage Loans satisfy all the requirements established in Chapter II of Royal Decree 716/2009. Mortgage Loan receivables assigned to the Fund by issuing pass-through certificates are so assigned because the relevant Mortgage Loans do not satisfy all the requirements established in Chapter II of Royal Decree 716/2009. This information shall be consistent with the contents laid down in schedule I to Royal Decree 716/2009 relating to the special book register of mortgage loans and credits.
- (2) That the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates are issued for the same term remaining until maturity and for the same interest rate of each of the underlying Mortgage Loans.
- (3) That all the Mortgage Loans exist and are valid and enforceable in accordance with the applicable laws.

- (4) That it is the legal and beneficial owner of each of the Mortgage Loans and there is no obstacle whatsoever for the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates to be issued.
- (5) That the details of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates and the Mortgage Loans included in the schedules to the Deed of Constitution accurately reflect the current status of those Mortgage Loans and the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates and are full and accurate, and match the data files sent to the Management Company on those Mortgage Loans.
- (6) That the Mortgage Loans are secured with a senior real estate mortgage on 100% of the legal and beneficial ownership of each and every one of the mortgaged properties.
- (7) That the Mortgage Loans are all originated in a public deed, and the mortgages are all duly granted and entered in the relevant Land Registries. The registration of the mortgaged properties is in force and has not been howsoever opposed and is subject to no limitation whatsoever taking precedence over the mortgage, in accordance with the applicable regulations.
- (8) That the Mortgage Loans all stand as a valid and binding payment obligation for the relevant Obligor and are enforceable on their own terms.
- (9) That the Mortgage Loans are all denominated and payable exclusively in Euros, and the capital or principal has been fully drawn down.
- (10) That all the Mortgage Loan payment obligations are satisfied by directly debiting an account at the Originators.
- (11) That the Mortgage Loans have been granted to private individuals resident in Spain for the purpose of financing the purchase, building or renovation of homes and their annexes (parking spaces and/or lumber rooms), if any, or are subrogations by resident private individuals in respect of financing granted to developers of properties designed to be sold.
- (12) That the mortgages are granted on real properties already built wholly legally and beneficially owned by the respective mortgagor and to the best of the Originator's knowledge there is no litigation over the ownership of those properties which might detract from the mortgages.
- (13) That the properties mortgaged under the Mortgage Loans are not ineligible assets, and are not affected by any circumstance which might render them ineligible, to be tendered as security under article 11.1 of Royal Decree 716/2009, nor do the Mortgage Loans have any of the credit features excluded or restricted under articles 12.1 a), c), d), f) and, as the case may be, e) and 12.2 of Royal Decree 716/2009.
- (14) That no Mortgage Loan is secured with a mortgage for which a contradictory registry entry exists recording a claim, sub-mortgage or attachment, and no Mortgage Loan is subject to any condition precedent or secured by a security or maximum-sum mortgage.
- (15) That the mortgaged properties are all finished homes (and their annexes -parking spaces and/or lumber rooms-, if any) located in Spain and have been appraised by institutions entered in the bank of Spain's Register of Institutions, evidence of which appraisal has been duly provided in the form of a certificate. The appraisals carried out satisfy all the requirements established in the mortgage market laws.
- (16) That the outstanding principal balance of each Mortgage Certificate does not on the date of issue thereof and of assignment to the Fund exceed 80% of the appraisal value of the properties mortgaged as security for the relevant Mortgage Loan. Similarly, the outstanding principal balance of each Pass-Through Certificate does not on the date of issue thereof and of assignment to the Fund exceed 100% of the appraisal value of the properties mortgaged as security for the relevant Mortgage Loan.

- (17) That the properties mortgaged as security for the Mortgage Loans all have at least damage and fire insurance under policies for the benefit of the Originator and the insured sum is not less than the appraisal value of the mortgaged property or mortgaged properties, excluding elements that are uninsurable by nature, or the Originator has taken out a secondary general insurance policy ensuring damage insurance in the event of that insurance not existing or of the insured sums falling short of (a) the appraisal value of the mortgaged property or mortgaged properties, excluding elements that are uninsurable by nature, in the case of Mortgage Certificates, or (b) the lower of: (i) the current Mortgage Loan balance or (ii) the appraisal value of the mortgaged property or properties, excluding elements that are uninsurable by nature, in the case of Pass-Through Certificates, and that the Originators are not aware of the purchased insurance premiums heretofore accrued not having been paid in full.
- (18) That with respect to Mortgage Loans secured with official protected housing, the appraisal value considered and reported for all calculation purposes has been the maximum statutory official protection value.
- (19) That the Mortgage Loans have not been assigned and are not perfected in registered, negotiable or bearer securities, other than the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued to be assigned to the Fund.
- (20) That upon the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates none of the Mortgage Loans have any payments that are more than one (1) month overdue.
- (21) That, to the best of its knowledge, no Mortgage Loan Obligor holds any receivable against the Originator whereby that Obligor might be entitled to a set-off which might adversely affect the rights conferred by the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates.
- (22) That the Originator has strictly adhered to the policies for granting credit in force at the time in granting each and every one of the Mortgage Loans and in accepting, as the case may be, the subrogation of subsequent borrowers in the initial borrower's position and in this connection section 2.2.7 of the Building Block sets out the mortgage lending policies to individuals.
- (23) That the deeds recording the mortgages granted on the Mortgage Loan properties have all been duly filed in records of the Originator suitable therefor, and are at the Management Company's disposal, for and on behalf of the Fund, and the Mortgage Loans are all clearly identified both in data files and by means of their deeds.
- (24) That upon the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates the outstanding capital balance of each Mortgage Loan on the date of issue is equivalent to the capital amount of the relevant Mortgage Certificate or Pass-Through Certificate and that, in turn, the total capital of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by all the Originators is at least equivalent to EUR one hundred and one million one hundred and twenty-four thousand (101,124,000.00).
- (25) That the final maturity date of the Mortgage Loans is at no event after January 14, 2057.
- (26) That, after being granted, the Mortgage Loans have been serviced and are still being serviced by the Originator in accordance with its set customary procedures.
- (27) That, to the best of its knowledge, there is no litigation whatsoever in relation to the Mortgage Loans which may detract from their validity or which may result in the application of Civil Code article 1535, nor do any circumstances exist which may result in the purchase agreement of the home mortgaged as security for the Mortgage Loans being ineffective.
- (28) That, to the best of its knowledge, no Obligor is able to make any objection whatsoever to paying any Mortgage Loan amount.
- (29) That on the date of issue it has received no notice of full prepayment of the Mortgage Loans.



- (30) That the Mortgage Loan payment frequency is monthly.
- (31) That, upon the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, at least two instalments have been collected on each Mortgage Loan.
- (32) That the information about the Mortgage Certificates, Pass-Through Certificates and Mortgage Loans given in the Prospectus is accurate and strictly true.
- (33) That, to the best of its knowledge, no circumstance whatsoever exists which might prevent the mortgage security of each Mortgage Loan from being enforced.
- (34) That the Mortgage Loans are not earmarked for any issue whatsoever of mortgage debentures, mortgage bonds, mortgage participation certificates or pass-through certificates, other than the issue of the Mortgage Certificates or the Pass-Through Certificates, and, during their life, the Mortgage Loans shall not be earmarked for any issue whatsoever of mortgage debentures, mortgage bonds, other mortgage participation certificates or other pass-through certificates.
- (35) That, to the best of its knowledge, no third party has a preferred right over the Fund in and to the Mortgage Loans, as holder of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates.
- (36) That none of the Mortgage Loans have clauses allowing deferment of periodic interest payment and principal repayment.
- (37) That none of the Mortgage Loans are an extension or reinstatement of earlier loans in arrears.

#### **2.2.9 Substitution of the securitised assets.**

##### **Set rules for substituting the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates or otherwise repayment to the Fund.**

1. In the event of early amortisation of the Mortgage Certificates or the Pass-Through Certificates upon the relevant Mortgage Loan capital being prepaid, there will be no substitution of the affected Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates.
2. In the event that during the full term of the Mortgage Certificates or the Pass-Through Certificates it should be found that any of them or the relevant Mortgage Loan fails to conform to the representations given in section 2.2.8 above upon the Fund being established, each Originator agrees with respect to the Mortgage Certificates or the Pass-Through Certificates issued thereby, subject to the Management Company's consent, to proceed forthwith to remedy and, if that is not possible, substitute or, if there is no substitution, redeem the affected Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates, by early amortisation, subject to the following rules:
  - (i) The party learning of the existence of a Mortgage Certificate or a Pass-Through Certificate in that circumstance, be it the Originator or the Management Company, shall advise the other party. The Originator shall have a period of not more than fifteen (15) Business Days from said notice to remedy that circumstance if it may be so remedied or proceed to substitute the affected Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates, notifying the Management Company of the characteristics of the mortgage loans intended to be assigned to take their stead, which shall fulfil the representations given in section 2.2.8 above and be of the same kind as to ranking, residual term, interest rate, outstanding principal value as the affected Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates, mortgage ranking and also credit quality in terms of loan to value ratio of the mortgaged property or properties of the Mortgage Certificates or the Pass-Through Certificates to be replaced, in order for the financial balance of the Fund not to be affected by such substitution, nor indeed the rating of the Bonds in connection with the provisions of section 7.5 of the Securities Note. Once the Management Company has checked the appropriateness of the substitute mortgage loan or loans, and after advising the Originator expressly of mortgage loans suitable for such substitution, such substitution shall be made by early amortisation of the affected Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates and, as the case may be, issuing the new substitute mortgage participation certificates or pass-through certificates.

Substitution shall be recorded in a public deed subject to the same formalities established for the issue of and subscription for the Mortgage Certificates or the Pass-Through Certificates upon the Fund being established, in accordance with the specific characteristics of the new mortgage loans assigned. The Management Company shall provide the CNMV, the undertaking in charge of the Bond accounting record and the Rating Agencies with a copy of the public deed.

- (ii) In the event that there should be no substitution of the affected Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates in accordance with rule (i) above, the Originator will amortise the affected Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates not substituted early. That amortisation shall take place by a repayment in cash to the Fund by the Originator of the outstanding principal of the affected Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates not substituted, interest accrued and not paid, calculated until the repayment date, and any other amount owing to the Fund under those Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates.
  - (iii) In the event of (i) and (ii) above occurring, the relevant Originator shall be vested in all the rights attaching to the Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates accruing from the date of substitution or repayment to the Fund or accrued and not due, and overdue amounts on that same date.
3. In particular, the amendment by an Originator during the life of the Mortgage Loans of their terms without regard to the limits established in the special laws applicable and, in particular, to the terms agreed between the Fund, represented by the Management Company, and the Originator in this Prospectus, in the Deed of Constitution and in the Servicing Agreement, which would therefore be an absolutely exceptional amendment, would constitute a unilateral breach by the Servicer of its duties which should not be borne by the Fund or by the Management Company.

Upon any such breach occurring, the Fund may, through the Management Company: (i) demand payment of the relevant damages and losses and (ii) request replacement or repayment of the affected Mortgage Certificates or Pass-Through Certificates, in accordance with the procedure provided for in paragraph 2 above of this section, which shall not result in the Originator guaranteeing that the transaction will be successfully completed, but only the requisite redress of the effects resulting from a breach of its duties, in accordance with article 1124 of the Civil Code.

The expenses originated by the actions to remedy an Originator's breach shall be borne by the Originator and cannot be charged to the Fund or the Management Company. The Management Company shall notify the CNMV of Mortgage Certificate or Pass-Through Certificate replacements on the terms of the procedure provided for in paragraph 2 above.

#### **2.2.10 Relevant insurance policies relating to the assets.**

In accordance with the Originators' representation (17) given in section 2.2.8.2 of this Building Block, the properties mortgaged as security for the Mortgage Loans have at least damage and fire insurance under policies for the benefit of the Originators and the insured sum is not less than the appraisal value of the mortgaged property or mortgaged properties, excluding elements that are uninsurable by nature, or the Originators have taken out a secondary general insurance policy ensuring damage insurance cover in the event of that insurance not existing or of the insured sums falling short of (a) the appraisal value of the mortgaged property or mortgaged properties, excluding elements that are uninsurable by nature, in the case of Mortgage Certificates or (b) the lower of: (i) the current Mortgage Loan balance or (ii) the appraisal value of the mortgaged property or properties, excluding elements that are uninsurable by nature, in the case of Pass-Through Certificates. To this end, three (3) of the Originators has taken out a secondary general insurance policy with Seguros Generales Rural S.A. de Seguros y Reaseguros to cover those risks in the event of the damage insurance policy taken out by the Obligor not existing or falling short. The total insured sum under this policy amounts to approximately MEUR 44.5.

Other than the general secondary insurance policy described above, no details are included regarding concentration of the insurers because that has not been considered significant.

The Originators shall upon the Fund being established complete the assignment attached to the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates of the rights in which it is vested as beneficiary of those damage insurance contracts entered into by the Obligors, and the general secondary insurance policy taken out by the relevant Originator. All amounts the Originators should have received under these policies shall therefore be for the Fund, as the holder of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates.

**2.2.11 Information relating to the obligors where the securitised assets comprise obligations of 5 or fewer obligors which are legal persons or where an obligor accounts for 20% or more of the assets, or where an obligor accounts for a material portion of the assets.**

Not applicable.

**2.2.12 Details of the relationship, if it is material to the issue, between the Issuer, guarantor and obligor.**

There are no relationships between the Fund, the Originator, the Management Company and other parties involved in the transaction other than as set forth in sections 5.2 and 6.7 of the Registration Document and in section 3.2 of this Building Block.

**2.2.13 Where the assets comprise fixed income securities, a description of the principal terms.**

Not applicable.

**2.2.14 Where the assets comprise equity securities, a description of the principal terms.**

Not applicable.

**2.2.15 If the assets comprise equity securities that are not traded on a regulated or equivalent market, where they represent more than ten (10) per cent of the securitised assets, a description of the principal terms.**

Not applicable.

**2.2.16 Valuation reports relating to the property and cash flow/income streams where a material portion of the assets are secured on real property.**

The appraisal values of the properties securing the selected mortgage loans correspond to appraisals made by appraisers for the purpose of granting and arranging the selected mortgage loans.

**2.3 Actively managed assets backing the issue.**

Not applicable.

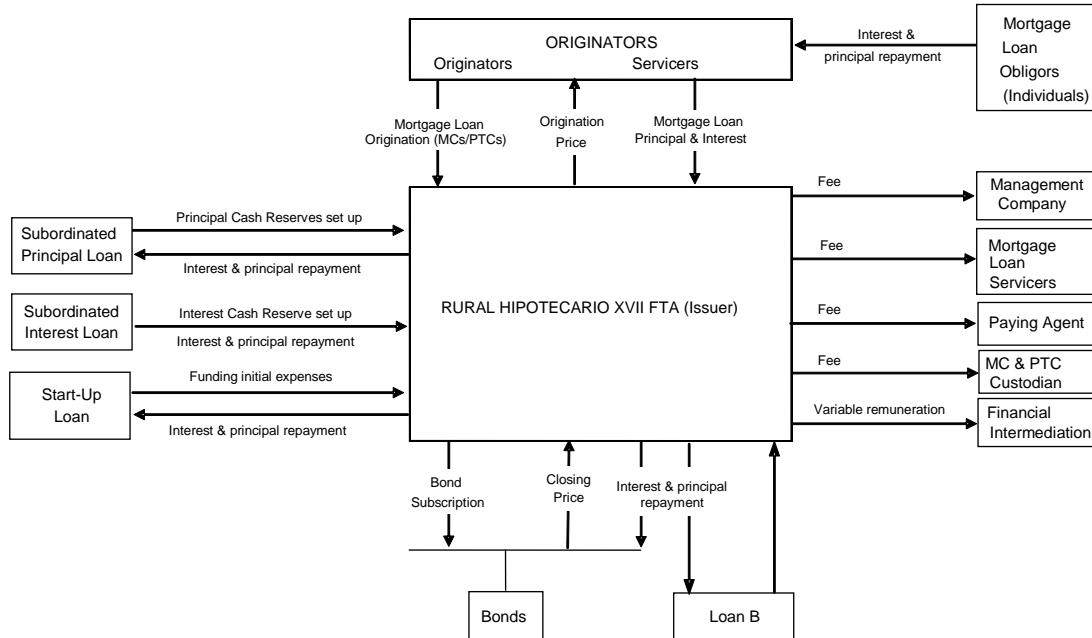
**2.4 Where the Issuer proposes to issue further securities backed by the same assets, statement to that effect and description of how the holders of that class will be informed.**

Not applicable.

### 3. STRUCTURE AND CASH FLOW

#### 3.1 Description of the structure of the transaction, including if necessary, a diagram.

Transaction structure diagram.



#### Initial balance sheet of the Fund.

The balance sheet of the Fund on the Closing Date will be as follows:

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
<b>Receivables</b>	<b>101,424,000.00</b>	<b>Obligations and securities</b>	<b>90,000,000.00</b>
Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates (adjustment excess to EUR 300,000.00)	101,424,000.00	Bonds	
<b>Liquid assets</b>	<b>20,349,180.00</b>	<b>Credit institution payables</b>	<b>31,473,180.00</b>
Treasury Account (Cash Reserves)	19,719,180.00	Loan B	11,124,000.00
Accrued interest receivable	130,000.00	Start-Up Loan	930,000.00
Funds for payment of the Fund's expenses *	500,000.00	Subordinated Interest Loan	10,112,400.00
		Subordinated Principal Loan	9,606,780.00
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>121.773.180.00</b>		<b>121.773.180.00</b>

(Amounts in EUR)

\* It is assumed that all the Fund set-up and Bond issue and admission expenses are not met on the actual Closing Date, as detailed in section 6 of the Securities Note.

#### 3.2 Description of the entities participating in the issue and of the functions to be performed by them.

- EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN is the Management Company that will establish, manage and be the authorised representative of the Fund.,
- BANCO COOPERATIVO and EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN have structured the financial terms of the Fund and the Bond Issue.

- (iii) BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL are the Originators of the Mortgage Loan receivables by issuing the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates to be pooled in the Fund. In addition, they shall be the Fund's counterparty in the Loan B, Subordinated Principal Loan, Subordinated Interest Loan, Start-Up Loan, Mortgage Loan Servicing and Financial Intermediation Agreements.
- (iv) BANCO COOPERATIVO is involved as Lead Manager of the Bond Issue and as Fund counterparty under the Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate Custody and Mortgage Loan Servicing Agreements (as potential substitute in certain circumstances).
- (v) The EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK is involved as Bond Issue Subscriber.
- (vi) BARCLAYS is involved as Paying Agent of the Bond Issue and shall be the Fund's counterparty in the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement.
- (vii) BANCO COOPERATIVO is involved as the Fund's counterparty in the Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate Custody and Mortgage Loan Servicing Agreements (as potential substitute in certain circumstances).
- (viii) GARRIGUES, as independent adviser, has provided legal advice for establishing the Fund and issuing the Bonds and has been involved in reviewing the legal, tax and contractual aspects of this Prospectus, the transaction and financial service agreements referred to herein and the Deed of Constitution.
- (ix) DELOITTE have audited certain features and attributes of a sample of all of the Originators' selected mortgage loans from which the Mortgage Loans will be taken to be assigned to the Fund upon being established.
- (x) DBRS and Fitch are the Rating Agencies that have assigned the ratings to the Bond Issue.

The description of the institutions referred to in the above paragraphs is given in section 5.2 of the Registration Document.

The Management Company represents that the summary descriptions of those agreements, given in the relevant sections of this Prospectus, which it shall enter into for and on behalf of the Fund, include the most substantial and relevant information on each agreement, duly reflect their contents and that no information has been omitted which might affect the contents of the Prospectus.

### **3.3 Description of the method and date of the sale, transfer, novation or assignment of the assets or of any rights and/or obligations in the assets to the issuer.**

#### **3.3.1 Perfecting the assignment of the Mortgage Loan receivables to the Fund.**

The Deed of Constitution shall perfect the issue by BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates which shall be the instruments for assigning the Mortgage Loan receivables effective upon the very date on which the Fund is established, and their subscription by the Fund, represented by the Management Company.

The Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates will be issued in accordance with the provisions of Act 2/1981 and additional provision five of Act 3/1994, as currently worded, and other applicable laws.

The Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by each Originator shall be represented by means of multiple registered certificates which shall contain the minimum data provided for pass-through certificates in article 29 of Royal Decree 716/2009, and the registration particulars of the properties mortgaged as security for the Mortgage Loans.

The Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates may be transferred by a written statement on the very certificate and, in general, by any of the means admitted by Law. Transfer of the Mortgage Certificate or the Pass-Through Certificate and the new holder's address shall be notified by the transferee to the issuer. They may only be acquired or held by institutional investors, and may not be acquired by the unspecialised public.

Both in the event that any Mortgage Certificate or any Pass-Through Certificate should be substituted, as prescribed in section 2.2.9.2 of this Building Block, and in the event that the Management Company, acting for and on behalf of the Fund, should proceed to foreclose a Mortgage Loan, as prescribed in section 3.7.2.1.7 of this Building Block, and moreover if upon Early Liquidation of the Fund, in the events and on the terms of section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document, Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates have to be sold, each Originator agrees to split, as the case may be, any multiple certificate into such individual or multiple certificates as may be necessary, or to substitute or exchange the same for the above purposes, including such references as may apply from time to time.

Each Originator, as issuer, shall keep a special book in which to enter the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued and the changes of address notified by the Mortgage Certificate and the Pass-Through Certificate holders, also including therein (i) Mortgage Loan origination and maturity dates, amount and settlement method; and (ii) the registration particulars of the mortgages securing the Mortgage Loans.

Given that the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates are securities that may only be subscribed for and held by investors qualifying as institutional investors, for the purposes of paragraph two of article 32.1 of Royal Decree 716/2009, the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates shall not be subject to a marginal note on each entry of the mortgage underlying each of the Mortgage Loans in the Land Registry.

In the event of an Originator being decreed insolvent, the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates and their subscription by the Fund may only be revoked as provided for in the insolvency laws if whoever exercises the relevant termination action proves that such Originator issued and the Fund subscribed for the relevant Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates fraudulently, all as provided for in Additional Provision Five of Act 3/1994 and articles 10 and 15 of Act 2/1981.

Each Originator's assignment of the Mortgage Loan receivables to the Fund shall not be notified to the respective Obligors and that notice shall not be necessary in order for the assignment to be effective.

However, the Management Company shall instruct each Servicer as to the requirement to notify the respective Obligors of the assignment of outstanding Mortgage Loan receivables (and third-party guarantors and mortgaged property insurers, if any) whenever the Management Company deems it justified and in any case in the events of replacement of the Servicer, decree of insolvency or liquidation of the relevant Originator, using for such notice of assignment such means of communication as the Management Company shall deem swiftest and most effective.

For all the purposes set out in the preceding paragraph, the Management Company shall be entitled to request and the Originators as Servicers shall be bound to supply all such information as the Management Company shall deem necessary or expedient.

The Servicers shall notify Obligors (and third-party guarantors and mortgaged property insurers, if any) of the assignment of the outstanding Mortgage Loan receivables serviced by each of them forthwith upon receiving the Management Company's instructions and shall in any event prove to the Management Company within not more than five (5) Business Days of those instructions being sent that Obligors (and third-party guarantors and mortgaged property insurers, if any) were actually notified, enclosing an acknowledgement of receipt of such notices.

In any event, from the date on which the Originators as Servicers receive the relevant instructions from the Management Company, they shall forthwith transfer to the Fund's Treasury Account any Mortgage Loan amount to which the Fund is entitled and which may then be in their possession and shall continue to transfer daily any Mortgage Loan amount they shall receive to which the Fund is entitled.

However, the Originators shall empower the Management Company as extensively as may be required at Law in order that the Management Company may notify Obligors of the assignment of the outstanding Mortgage Loans serviced by each of them (and third-party guarantors and mortgaged property insurers, if any) whenever the Management Company deems it justified. In any event, the Management Company shall forthwith give Obligors (and third-party guarantors and mortgaged property insurers, if any) satisfactory notice, either directly or as the case may be through a new Servicer it shall have designated, of the assignment in the events of substitution, decree of insolvency, liquidation of any Servicer or because the Management Company deems it reasonably justified, if that Servicer fails to prove to the Management Company within five (5) Business Days as set out above notice by that Servicer on the Obligors of the outstanding Mortgage Loans serviced by the same.

In the above connection, the Originators shall agree to forthwith notify the Management Company of the occurrence of a decree of insolvency, or the passing of a resolution to put in place its liquidation.

The Servicers shall bear the expense of notifying Obligors of the outstanding Mortgage Loans serviced by each of them (and third-party guarantors and mortgaged property insurers, if any), even in the event of such notice being given by the Management Company, and shall agree to assist the Management Company in notifying those Obligors.

### **3.3.2 Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate issue and subscription terms.**

1. The Mortgage Loan receivables will be fully and unconditionally assigned, perfected upon the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates being issued and subscribed for by the Fund, from the date of establishment of the Fund and for the entire term remaining until maturity of each Mortgage Loan.

In accordance with article 348 of the Commercial Code and 1529 of the Civil Code, the Originators will be liable to the Fund for the existence and lawfulness of the respective Mortgage Loans, and for the personality with which the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates is made, but shall not be liable for the Obligors' solvency.

The Originators shall not bear the risk of default on the respective Mortgage Loans and shall therefore have no liability whatsoever for default by the Obligors of principal, interest or any other amount whatsoever they may owe under the Mortgage Loans, and shall not be answerable either for the enforceability of the securities collateral thereto. They will not be howsoever liable either to directly or indirectly guarantee that the transaction will be properly performed, nor give any guarantees or security, nor indeed agree to repurchase or substitute the Mortgage Loans, saving as provided for in section 2.2.9 of this Building Block.

2. The issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates shall be made for all the outstanding principal pending repayment on each Mortgage Loan on the issue date, which shall be the date on which the Fund is established, and for all ordinary and late-payment interest and all other amounts, real estate, assets, securities or rights whatsoever under each Mortgage Loan.
3. The Fund shall have rights in and to the Mortgage Loans from the date on which the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates are issued by the Originators and subscribed for by the Fund upon the Fund being established. Specifically, for illustration, without limitation, the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates shall confer on the Fund, as their holder, the following rights in relation to each Mortgage Loan:
  - a) To receive all Mortgage Loan capital or principal repayment amounts accrued. The capital will include the principal of overdue instalments at the issue date.
  - b) To receive all Mortgage Loan principal ordinary interest amounts accrued. Interest shall in addition include Mortgage Loan interest accrued and not due from the last interest settlement date, before or on the issue date of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, and overdue interest as at that same date.
  - c) To receive all Mortgage Loan late-payment interest amounts.

- d) To receive any other amounts, real properties, assets, securities or rights received as payment of Mortgage Loan principal, interest or expenses, either in the form of the auction sale price or amount determined by a court decision or out-of-court procedure in enforcing the mortgage or non-mortgage securities, or given in a deed-in-lieu-of-foreclosure, or on the sale or utilisation of properties or assets or securities awarded or given in a deed-in-lieu-of-foreclosure to the Fund or, upon foreclosing, in the administration or interim possession of the properties, assets or securities in foreclosure proceedings.
  - e) To receive all possible rights or compensations on the Mortgage Loans accruing for the Originator and derived therefrom, including those derived from the Mortgage Loan insurance contracts which are also assigned to the Fund, and those derived from any right collateral to the Mortgage Loans, including full or partial early repayment fees.
4. Until execution of the Deed of Constitution, each Originator shall be the beneficiary of the damage insurance contracts entered into by the Obligors in relation to the mortgaged properties, as security for the Mortgage Loans, up to the insured sum.

The Originators shall thereupon perfect the assignment attached to the issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates of the rights the Originators have as beneficiaries of the damage insurance contracts taken out by the Obligors by the relevant Originator and of the general secondary damage insurance policy taken out by three (3) of the Originators. As the holder of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, the Fund shall therefore be entitled to all such insurance amounts the Originators would have received.

5. In the event of Mortgage Loan prepayment upon a full or partial repayment of the principal, there will be no direct substitution of the affected Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates.
6. The Fund's rights resulting from the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates are linked to the Obligors' payments and the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates are therefore directly affected by the evolution, late payments, prepayments or any other incident in connection with the Mortgage Loans.
7. The Fund shall defray any and all expenses or costs resulting for the Originator derived from recovery actions in the event of a breach by the Obligors of their obligations, including enforcement proceedings against the same.
8. In the event of renegotiation consented to by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, of the Mortgage Loans, or their due dates, the change in the terms shall affect the Fund.

### 3.3.3 Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate issue price.

The Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate issue price shall be at par with the face value of the Mortgage Loan capital. The aggregate amount payable by the Fund represented by the Management Company to each Originator for subscribing for the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates shall be an amount equivalent to the sum of (i) the face value of the capital or principal outstanding on each Mortgage Loan, and (ii) ordinary interest accrued and not due and overdue interest, if any, on each Mortgage Loan as at the issue date of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates (the "**accrued interest**").

The Fund, represented by the Management Company, shall pay each Originator the total Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate subscription amount on the Closing Date of the Bond Issue, for same day value, upon the subscription for the Bond Issue being paid up and the Loan B, Subordinated Loan and Start-Up Loan amounts being delivered. The Originators shall receive no interest on the deferment of payment until the Closing Date.

If the establishment of the Fund and hence the issue of and subscription for the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates should terminate, (i) the Fund's obligation to pay the total Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate subscription price shall terminate, and (ii) the Management



Company shall be obliged to restore to the Originators any rights whatsoever accrued for the Fund upon subscription for the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates.

### **3.3.4 Compliance with Regulation 575/2013.**

In compliance with the provisions of article 405 of Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council, of June 26, 2013, on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No 648/2012 (“**Regulation 575/2013**”), each Originator has notified the Management Company that it shall on an ongoing basis retain a material net economic interest in the Fund on the terms required by Regulation 575/2013. In this regard, each Originator has notified the Management Company that “on an ongoing basis” shall be construed in the sense that the net economic interest retained shall not be subject to any credit risk mitigation or any short positions or any other hedge and shall not be sold, other than for adjustments derived from repayment of the Subordinated Principal Loan and the Subordinated Interest Loan and which do not affect fulfilment of the retention commitment. Each Originator shall agree in the Deed of Constitution to include at its website a reference to the location where all the updated details concerning retention of a net economic interest may be found.

Notwithstanding the above, a number of details shall be provided hereinafter in this Prospectus as to such retention. In particular:

- That, pursuant to article 405.d), each Originator, as originator of the securitisation, shall agree in the Deed of Constitution to retain on an ongoing basis the Subordinated Principal Loan principal (first loss tranche) and the Subordinated Interest Loan granted by each of them, thereby for the retention to initially equal at least 19.5%, approximately, of the Outstanding Balance of the Loans (securitised exposures) assigned by the same and at all times a ratio of not less than five percent (5%) of the Outstanding Balance of the Loans.
- That each Originator shall agree in the Deed of Constitution to notify the Management Company, on a quarterly basis, of fulfilment of the retention commitment taken on in order for the latter in turn to post that information at its website [www.edt-sg.com](http://www.edt-sg.com). In connection with such notice, each Originator shall explicitly declare that it has not taken any action (credit risk cover, sale, short positions, etc.) undermining the application of the retention requirement.

In compliance with the provisions of article 409 of Regulation 575/2013, each Originator shall make sure that potential investors may readily access all relevant data as to credit quality and performance of the different underlying exposures, cash flows and collateral supporting a securitisation exposure, as well as such information as may be necessary to conduct comprehensive and well informed stress tests on the cash flows and collateral values supporting the underlying exposures.

## **3.4 Explanation of the flow of funds.**

### **3.4.1 How the cash flow from the assets will meet the issuer’s obligations to holders of the securities.**

Mortgage Loan amounts received by each Servicer owing to the Fund will be paid by the relevant Servicer into the Fund’s Treasury Account on the day after the date on which they are received by the Servicer or the following business day if that is not a business day, and for same day value.

The weighted average interest rate of the mortgage loans selected as at June 9, 2014, as detailed in section 2.2.2.j) of this Building Block, is 2.59%, which is above the 1.716% weighted average nominal interest rate of the Bonds for the first Interest Accrual Period assumed for hypothetical purposes in the table contained in section 4.10 of the Securities Note. Additionally, the Interest Cash Reserve shall be applied as provided for in section 3.4.2.3.2 of this Building Block to cover the Fund’s payment obligations in 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> place of the Priority of Payments on each Payment Date.

Quarterly on each Payment Date Bondholders will be paid interest accrued and principal repayment on the Bonds on the terms set for each of them and in the Priority of Payments given in section 3.4.6.2 of this Building Block.

### 3.4.2 Information on any credit enhancement.

#### 3.4.2.1 Description of the credit enhancement.

The following credit enhancement transactions are incorporated to the financial structure of the Fund:

(i) Loan B

Subordination and deferment in interest payment and principal repayment of Loan B, derived from its place in the application of the Available Funds as well as the rules for Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation in the Priority of Payments, or in the application of the Liquidation Available Funds in the Liquidation Priority of Payments, are a means for distinctly hedging the Bonds.

(ii) Principal Cash Reserve set up by drawing down the Subordinated Principal Loan.

Mitigates the credit risk derived from Mortgage Loan delinquency and default and the interest rate risk occurring in the Fund because the Mortgage Loans are subject to floating interest with benchmark index and reset and settlement periods differing from the floating interest established for the Bonds and Loan B based on 3-month Euribor with quarterly accrual and settlement periods.

(iii) Interest Cash Reserve set up by drawing down the Subordinated interest Loan.

Mitigates the interest risk derived from the negative difference between the weighted average margin of the Mortgage Loans and the Bond Issue margin.

(iv) Treasury Account.

Partly mitigates the loss of return on the liquidity of the Fund due to the timing difference between Mortgage Loan income received until interest payment and principal repayment on the Bonds occurs on the next succeeding Payment Date.

#### 3.4.2.2 Loan B.

The Management Company shall on the date of establishment of the Fund, for and on behalf of the Fund, enter with the Originators into an agreement whereby they shall grant to the Fund a commercial loan ("Loan B") totalling EUR eleven million one hundred and twenty-four thousand (11,124,000.00) (the "**Loan B Agreement**"), distributed among the Originators as lenders proportionally to the face value of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by each Originator.

The Loan B amount shall be used by the Management Company exclusively to pay the part of the price of the face value of the Mortgage Loans not covered with the amount received upon the subscription for the Bonds being paid up.

The Loan B amount shall be delivered on the Closing Date by payment into the Treasury Account.

Outstanding Loan B principal shall earn floating annual nominal interest, determined quarterly for each Interest Accrual Period, which shall be the Reference Rate determined for the Bonds plus a 0.25% margin. This interest will only be paid if the Fund has sufficient liquidity on each Payment Date in the Priority of Payments or, in the event of liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments. Interest shall be settled and be payable on each Interest Accrual Period ending date on each Payment Date, and shall be calculated based on: (i) the exact number of days in each Interest Accrual Period and (ii) a three-hundred-and-sixty- (360-) day year. The first interest settlement date shall be the first Payment Date, October 14, 2014.

Section 4.9.3.5 of the Securities Note includes the rules for repayment of Loan B principal.

All earned interest and Loan B principal repayment amounts due to the lender shall only be paid if the Fund should have sufficient liquidity and shall be subject to the Priority of Payments or to the Liquidation Priority of Payments, as appropriate.

All amounts provided for in the above paragraphs not delivered to the lender on a Payment Date shall be settled on the following Payment Dates on which the Available Funds allow such payment in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments, and shall take precedence over any Loan B amounts that should have been paid on that Payment Date.

Amounts due by the Fund and not delivered as provided for in the above paragraphs shall not earn late-payment interest.

Interest accrued and not paid on a Payment Date shall not be accumulated to Loan B principal.

The lenders may fully or partially assign their position under Loan B in accordance with the laws applicable from time to time, notifying the Management Company of the assignment, in which case references to the relevant lender, in this section, shall be construed as references to the assignee(s) of the position under Loan B.

The Loan B Agreement shall be fully terminated (a) in the event that the Rating Agencies should not confirm the provisional ratings assigned to the Bonds as final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, or (b) in the event that Bond Issue is not fully paid up.

#### **3.4.2.3 Cash Reserves.**

The Management Company shall set up two cash reserves on the Closing Date (the “**Principal Cash Reserve**” and the “**Interest Cash Reserve**”) by respectively drawing fully the available Principal Subordinated Loan and the Interest Subordinated Loan principal and shall subsequently, on each Payment Date, keep the same provisioned in the relevant amount in accordance with the following sections and in the Priority of Payments.

The characteristics of the Principal Cash Reserve and the Interest Cash Reserve shall be as follows:

##### **3.4.2.3.1 Principal Cash Reserve**

###### **Principal Cash Reserve amount.**

1. The Principal Cash Reserve shall be set up on the Closing Date at a sum of EUR nine million six hundred and six thousand seven hundred and eighty (9,606,780.00) (the “**Principal Cash Reserve**”), equivalent to 9.50% of the sum (i) of the face amount of the Bond Issue and (ii) of the Loan B principal.
2. Subsequently to being set up, on each Payment Date, the Principal Cash Reserve shall be provisioned to the necessary extent in order to maintain the same amount of nine million six hundred and six thousand seven hundred and eighty (9,606,780.00) out of the Available Funds in the Priority of Payments of the Fund.

###### **Yield.**

The Principal Cash Reserve amount shall remain credited to the Treasury Account, and will be remunerated in terms of the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement.

###### **Application.**

The Principal Cash Reserve shall be applied on each Payment Date to satisfying Fund payment obligations in the Priority of Payments and in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

##### **3.4.2.3.2 Interest Cash Reserve**

###### **Interest Cash Reserve amount.**

1. The Interest Cash Reserve shall be set up on the Closing Date at a sum of EUR ten million one hundred and twelve thousand four hundred (10,112,400.00) (the “**Initial interest Cash Reserve**”).

2. Subsequently to being set up, on each Payment Date, the Interest Cash Reserve shall be provisioned, while the Bond Issue has not been fully amortised, in an amount equal to the difference between (i) the amount provisioned at the Determination Date preceding the then-current Payment Date and (ii) the interest amount that would be accrued by the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue as of the Determination Date preceding the then-current Payment Date, at an annual nominal interest rate of 1.20% during the relevant Interest Accrual Period, based on the exact number of days in that Interest Accrual Period, and a three-hundred-and-sixty- (360-) day year (the “**Required Interest Cash Reserve**”).

**Yield.**

The Interest Cash Reserve amount shall remain credited to the Treasury Account, and will be remunerated in terms of the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement.

**Application.**

The Interest Cash Reserve shall be applied on each Payment Date to satisfying Fund payment obligations on each Payment Date (obligations in 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> place) in the Priority of Payments and, upon the Fund being liquidated, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

**3.4.3 Details of any subordinated finance.**

**3.4.3.1 Subordinated Principal Loan.**

The Management Company shall on the date of establishment of the Fund, for and on behalf of the Fund, enter with the Originators into an agreement whereby they shall grant to the Fund a commercial subordinated loan (the “**Subordinated Principal Loan**”) totalling EUR nine million six hundred and six thousand seven hundred and eighty (9,606,780.00) (the “**Subordinated Principal Loan Agreement**”), distributed among the Originators as lenders proportionally to the face value of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by each Originator and the adjustment factors for each Originators tabled below:

Originator	Adjustment factor
BANTIERRA	0.9462
CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA	0.9300
CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA	1.1260
CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL	0.9519

The Subordinated Principal Loan amount shall be delivered on the Closing Date and be applied to setting up the Principal Cash Reserve on the terms for which provision is made in section 3.4.2.3.1 of this Building Block, although granting of the Loan by no means guarantees performance of the securitised Mortgage Loans.

The Subordinated Principal Loan shall at all events be finally due on the Final Maturity Date or, as the case may be, on the date on which the Management Company proceeds to Early Liquidation subject to the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

Subordinated Principal Loan principal shall be repaid on the liquidation date of the Fund in accordance with the application of Liquidation Available Funds in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

Subordinated Principal Loan principal shall earn annual nominal interest, determined quarterly for each Interest Accrual Period, which shall be the result of adding: (i) the Bond Reference Rate determined for each Interest Accrual Period, and (ii) a 1.00% margin. Interest shall be settled and be payable on each Interest Accrual Period ending date on each Payment Date, and shall be calculated based on: (i) the exact number of days in each Interest Accrual Period and (ii) a three-hundred-and-sixty- (360-) day year. The first interest settlement date shall be October 14, 2014. This interest will be payable only if the Fund should have sufficient liquidity in the Priority of Payments or, as the case may be, the Liquidation Priority of Payments, as appropriate.

Interest accrued and not paid on a Payment Date shall not be accumulated to Subordinated Principal Loan principal and shall not earn late-payment interest.

All overdue Subordinated Principal Loan interest amounts not paid by the Fund because of a shortfall of Available Funds shall be paid on the following Payment Dates on which the Available Funds allow payment in the Priority of Payments of the Fund. Payment of amounts not paid on preceding Payment Dates shall take precedence over Subordinated Principal Loan amounts falling due on that Payment Date, in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

The Subordinated Principal Loan Agreement shall be fully terminated (a) in the event that the Rating Agencies should not confirm the provisional ratings assigned to the Bonds as final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, or (b) in the event that Bond Issue is not fully paid up.

### 3.4.3.2 Subordinated Interest Loan.

The Management Company shall on the date of establishment of the Fund, for and on behalf of the Fund, enter with the Originators into an agreement whereby they shall grant to the Fund a commercial subordinated loan (the “**Subordinated Interest Loan**”) totalling EUR ten million one hundred and twelve thousand four hundred (10,112,400.00) (the “**Subordinated Interest Loan Agreement**”), distributed among the Originators as lenders proportionally to the face value of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by each Originator and to the adjustment factors for each Originator tabled below:

Originator	Adjustment factor
BANTIERRA	1.1289
CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA	1.0650
CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA	0.9825
CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL	0.7976

The Subordinated Interest Loan amount shall be delivered on the Closing Date and be applied to setting up the Principal Cash Reserve on the terms for which provision is made in section 3.4.2.3.2 of this Building Block, although granting of the Loan by no means guarantees performance of the securitised Mortgage Loans.

Subordinated Interest Loan principal shall be repaid on each Payment Date in an amount equal to the positive difference between (i) the Required Interest Cash Reserve at the Determination Date preceding the relevant Payment Date, and (ii) the Required Interest Cash Reserve at the relevant Payment Date, and in the application order provided for that event in accordance with the application of Available Funds in the Priority of Payments.

The Subordinated Interest Loan shall at all events be finally due on the Final Maturity Date or, as the case may be, on the date on which the Management Company proceeds to Early Liquidation subject to the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

Outstanding Subordinated Interest Loan principal shall earn annual nominal interest, determined quarterly for each Interest Accrual Period, which shall be the result of adding: (i) the Bond Reference Rate determined for each Interest Accrual Period, and (ii) a 0.30% margin. Interest shall be settled and be payable on each Interest Accrual Period ending date on each Payment Date, and shall be calculated based on: (i) the exact number of days in each Interest Accrual Period and (ii) a three-hundred-and-sixty-(360-) day year. The first interest settlement date shall be October 14, 2014. This interest will be payable only if the Fund should have sufficient liquidity in the Priority of Payments or, as the case may be, the Liquidation Priority of Payments, as appropriate.

Interest accrued and not paid on a Payment Date shall not be accumulated to Subordinated Interest Loan principal and shall not earn late-payment interest.

All Subordinated Interest Loan amounts due and not paid by the Fund because of a shortfall of Available Funds shall be paid on the following Payment Dates on which the Available Funds allow payment in the Priority of Payments of the Fund. Payment of amounts not paid on preceding Payment Dates shall take precedence over Subordinated Interest Loan amounts falling due on that Payment Date, in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

The Subordinated Interest Loan Agreement shall be fully terminated (a) in the event that the Rating Agencies should not confirm the provisional ratings assigned to the Bonds as final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, or (b) in the event that Bond Issue is not fully paid up.

### **3.4.3.3 Start-Up Loan.**

The Management Company shall, for and on behalf of the Fund, enter with the Originators into a commercial loan agreement totalling EUR nine hundred and thirty thousand (930,000.00) (the “**Start-Up Loan Agreement**”), distributed among the Originators as lenders proportionally to the face value of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by each Originator and pooled in the Fund, other than the fees of the Fund’s independent legal adviser and of the Rating Agency, which shall be distributed in equal shares.

The Start-Up Loan amount shall be delivered on the Closing Date and be allocated to financing the Fund set-up and Bond issue and admission expenses, to financing payment of accrued interest as at the Mortgage Certificate and the Pass-Through Certificate issue date and to partly financing the assignment of the Mortgage Loans, at the difference between (i) the total face capital of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates and (ii) the sum of the face amount of the Bond Issue and Loan B principal.

Outstanding Start-Up Loan principal will earn annual nominal interest, determined quarterly for each Interest Accrual Period, which shall be the result of adding: (i) the Bond Reference Rate determined for each Interest Accrual Period, and (ii) a 0.30% margin. Interest shall be settled and be payable on each Interest Accrual Period ending date on each Payment Date, and shall be calculated based on: (i) the exact number of days in each Interest Accrual Period and (ii) a three-hundred-and-sixty- (360-) day year. The first interest settlement date shall be October 14, 2014. This interest will be payable only if the Fund should have sufficient liquidity in the Priority of Payments or Liquidation Priority of Payments, as the case may be.

Interest accrued and not paid on a Payment Date will not be accumulated to Start-Up Loan principal and will not accrue late-payment interest.

Start-Up Loan principal will be repaid quarterly on each Payment Date as follows:

- (i) The portion of Start-Up Loan principal actually used to finance the Fund set-up and Bond issue and admission expenses, to finance payment of accrued interest at the Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate issue date shall be repaid in twenty (20) consecutive quarterly instalments in an equal amount, on each Payment Date, the first of which shall be the first Payment Date, October 14, 2014, and the following until the Payment Date falling on July 14, 2019, inclusive.
- (ii) The portion of Start-Up Loan principal used to partly finance Pass-Through Certificate subscription and the portion, if any, not used, shall be repaid on the first Payment Date, October 14, 2014.

All Start-Up Loan amounts due and not paid because of a shortfall of Available Funds shall be paid on the following Payment Dates on which the Available Funds allow payment in the Priority of Payments. Payment of amounts not paid on preceding Payment Dates shall take precedence over Start-Up Loan amounts falling due on that Payment Date, in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

The Start-Up Loan Agreement shall not be terminated in the event of the Fund being terminated, in accordance with the provisions of section 4.4.4.(v) of the Prospectus Registration Document. In that event, the Start-Up Loan shall be used to pay the Fund set-up and Bond issue expenses and all other obligations undertaken by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, originated upon the Fund being established and which are due and payable, and principal repayment shall be deferred and subordinated to satisfaction of those obligations, out of the Fund’s remaining resources.

### 3.4.4 Investment parameters for the investment of temporary liquidity surpluses and parties responsible for such investment.

#### 3.4.4.1 Treasury Account.

The Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and BARCLAYS shall, in the presence of BANCO COOPERATIVO, enter into a Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement whereby BARCLAYS will guarantee a certain variable yield on the amounts paid by the Fund through its Management Company into a financial account. The Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement shall specifically determine that all amounts received by the Fund will be paid into a financial account in Euros (the "**Treasury Account**") opened at BARCLAYS, in the name of the Fund by the Management Company, which amounts shall mostly consist of the following items:

- (i) cash amount received upon subscription for the Bond Issue being paid up and on Loan B principal;
- (ii) Mortgage Loan principal repaid and interest collected;
- (iii) any other Mortgage Loan amounts received owing to the Fund;
- (iv) Subordinated Principal Loan and Subordinated Interest Loan principal drawn down and the Principal Cash Reserve and the Interest Cash Reserve amount from time to time;
- (v) Start-Up Loan principal drawn down;
- (vi) the amounts of the returns obtained on actual Treasury Account balances; and
- (vii) the amounts, if any, of interim withholdings on the return on investments to be effected on each relevant Payment Date on the Bond interest paid by the Fund, until due for payment to the Tax Administration.

BARCLAYS shall pay an annual nominal interest rate, floating quarterly and settled quarterly, other than for the first interest accrual period, the duration of and the interest settlement for which shall be based on the duration of that period, applicable for each interest accrual period to the positive daily balances if any on the Treasury Account. The interest rate applicable to each interest accrual period shall be equal to the result of adding (i) three- (3-) month Euribor set at 11am (CET) on the second Business Day preceding the start of each interest accrual period and (ii) a 0.15% margin (the "**Guaranteed Interest Rate**"). Exceptionally, the interest rate applicable to the first interest accrual period shall be equal to the Reference Rate determined for the first Bond Interest Accrual Period. Interest shall be settled on each interest accrual period ending date on each of January 3, April 3, July 3 and October 3, and shall be calculated based on: (i) the exact number of days in each interest accrual period, and (ii) a three-hundred-and-sixty (360-) day year. The first interest accrual period shall comprise the days elapsed between the date of establishment of the Fund and October 3, 2014.

BARCLAYS agrees with the Management Company to maintain the Guaranteed Interest Rate for a period of one (1) year from the date of establishment of the Fund.

At least thirty-five (35) Business Days in advance of the end of the period of one (1) year referred to in the preceding paragraph, BARCLAYS shall offer the Management Company a new Guaranteed Interest Rate replacing the rate theretofore in place. The Management Company shall have thirty-five (35) Business Days after receiving the notice from BARCLAYS within which to accept or reject the new Guaranteed Interest Rate, after first notifying BANCO COOPERATIVO. If the Management Company should not accept the new Guaranteed Interest Rate, the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement shall terminate, at no cost whatsoever for BARCLAYS, on the end date of the period of one (1) year specified in the preceding paragraph (if the Management Company should have formally replied turning down the Guaranteed Interest Rate, the effective termination date shall be counted from the date of receipt of that reply by BARCLAYS; if the Management Company should not have replied to the notice by BARCLAYS regarding the new Guaranteed Interest Rate, the effective date of receipt shall be the end date of the aforementioned period of thirty-five (35) Business Days) and BARCLAYS shall transfer the amount paid into the Treasury Account and interest accrued at the effective termination date to the new treasury account opened in the Fund's name specified by the Management Company, following notice served on BANCO COOPERATIVO.

In the event that the unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations of BARCLAYS or of the institution at which the Treasury Account is opened (the “**Treasury Account Provider**”) should, at any time during the life of the Bond Issue, be downgraded below BBB (high) based on the public rating assigned by DBRS or, where there is no such rating, the internal assessments made and/or private ratings given by DBRS (the “**DBRS Rating**”) in the long-term, or be downgraded in the short- or long-term respectively below F2 or BBB+ by Fitch, the Management Company shall, within not more than thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence of any such circumstances, do one of the following to allow a suitable level of guarantee to be maintained with respect to the Treasury Account Provider’s commitments under the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement in order for the rating given to the Bonds by the Rating Agencies not to be adversely affected:

- a) Obtain from an institution with unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations having a long-term DBRS Rating at least as high as BBB (high) (such rating not to be “Under Review (Negative)”) and rated in the short- and long-term respectively at least as high as F2 and BBB+ by Fitch, a first demand guarantee securing for the Fund, merely upon the Management Company so requesting, prompt payment by the Treasury Account Provider of its obligation to repay the amounts credited to the Treasury Account, for such time as the Treasury Account Provider remains downgraded below the aforementioned BBB (high) and/or F2 and/or BBB+ ratings.
- b) Transfer the Treasury Account to an institution with unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations having a long-term DBRS Rating at least as high as BBB (high) (such rating not to be “Under Review (Negative)”) and rated in the short- and long-term respectively at least as high as F2 and BBB+ by Fitch, arranging a yield for its balances, which may differ from that arranged with BARCLAYS under the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement.

In the event that the Treasury Account Provider’s debt obligations should be downgraded or removed by the Rating Agencies, it shall notify the Management Company.

All costs, expenses and taxes incurred in connection with putting in place and arranging the above options shall be borne by BANCO COOPERATIVO.

BANCO COOPERATIVO shall agree, upon a credit rating downgrade of the Treasury Account Provider triggering one of a) or b) above, to use commercially reasonable efforts in order that the Management Company may do one of the above.

After the period of one (1) year from the date of establishment of the Fund, in the event that BANCO COOPERATIVO’s short-term unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations should be upgraded to a long-term DBRS Rating at least as high as BBB (high) (such rating not to be “Under Review (Negative)”) and a short- and long-term rating respectively at least as high as F2 and BBB+ by Fitch, the Management Company shall transfer the balances to BANCO COOPERATIVO under the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement.

#### **3.4.5 Collection by the Fund of payments in respect of the assets.**

Each Servicer shall manage collection of all amounts payable by the Obligors under the Mortgage Loans underlying the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by that Servicer as Originator, and any other Mortgage Loan item including under the mortgaged property damage insurance contracts. Each Servicer shall use every effort in order for payments to be made by the Obligors to be collected in accordance with the contractual terms and conditions of the Mortgage Loans.

Mortgage Loan amounts received by each Servicer owing to the Fund shall be paid by the Servicer in full into the Treasury Account or upon the same being moved, as the case may be, into such account as may be designated by the Management Company, on the day next succeeding the date on which they are received by the Servicer, or the following business day if that is not a business day, for same day value. In this connection, business days shall be taken to be all those that are business days in the banking sector in the city of Madrid.



### **3.4.6 Order of priority of payments made by the Issuer.**

#### **3.4.6.1 Source and application of funds on the Bond Closing Date and until the first Payment Date, exclusive.**

The source and application of the amounts available to the Fund on the Bond Issue Closing Date shall be as follows:

**1. Source:** the Fund shall have funds from the following:

- a) Bond subscription payment.
- b) Drawdown of Loan B principal.
- c) Drawdown of Start-Up Loan principal.
- d) Drawdown of Subordinated Principal Loan principal and Subordinated Interest Loan principal.

**2. Application:** in turn, the Fund will apply the funds described above to the following payments:

- a) Paying the price for subscribing for the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates.
- b) Paying the Fund set-up and Bond issue and admission expenses.
- c) Setting up the Principal Cash Reserve and the Interest Cash Reserve.

#### **3.4.6.2 Source and application of funds from the first Payment Date, inclusive, until the last Payment Date or liquidation of the Fund, exclusive. Priority of Payments.**

On each Payment Date, other than the Final Maturity Date or upon Early Liquidation of the Fund, the Management Company shall proceed successively to apply the Available Funds and the Available Funds for Amortisation in accordance with the order of priority of payments given hereinafter (the "**Priority of Payments**").

##### **3.4.6.2.1 Available Funds: source and application.**

**1. Source.**

The available funds on each Payment Date (the "**Available Funds**") to meet the payment or withholding obligations listed in section 2 below shall be the following amounts credited to the Treasury Account:

- a) Mortgage Loan principal repayment income received during the Determination Period preceding the relevant Payment Date.
- b) Mortgage Loan ordinary and late-payment interest income received during the Determination Period preceding the relevant Payment Date.
- c) The return received on amounts credited to the Treasury Account.
- d) The Principal Cash Reserve and the Interest Cash Reserve amount on the Determination Date preceding the relevant Payment Date.
- e) Any other amounts received by the Fund during the Determination Period preceding the relevant Payment Date, including those resulting from the sale or utilisation of real estate, assets, securities or rights awarded to the Fund.
- f) Additionally, on the first Payment Date, the part of the Start-Up Loan principal not used.

Income under a), b) and e) above received by the Fund and credited to the Treasury Account between the Determination Date, exclusive, preceding the relevant Payment Date and the latter, shall not be included in the Available Funds on the relevant Payment Date, and that amount shall remain credited to the Treasury Account, to be included in the Available Funds on the following Payment Date.

## **2. Application.**

The Available Funds shall be applied on each Payment Date to meeting payment or withholding obligations falling due on each Payment Date in the following order of priority, irrespective of the time of accrual, other than the application established in the 1<sup>st</sup> place, which may be made at any time as and when due:

1. Payment of the Fund's properly supported taxes and ordinary<sup>(1)</sup> and extraordinary<sup>(2)</sup> expenses, whether or not they were disbursed by the Management Company, including the management fee due to the latter, and all other expenses and service fees, including those derived from the Paying Agent Agreement, and the periodic fee payable to the Custodian. Only expenses prepaid or disbursed on the Fund's behalf by and amounts reimbursable to the Servicers, provided they are all properly supported, and the Mortgage Loan servicing fee only in the event of substitution of the Servicer with a new servicer other than BANCO COOPERATIVO, shall be made to the Servicers under the Servicing Agreement in this priority.
2. Payment of interest due on the Bonds.
3. Withholding of an amount sufficient for the Interest Cash Reserve amount to be maintained.
4. Payment of interest due on Loan B unless this payment is deferred to 6<sup>th</sup> place in the order of priority.

This payment shall be deferred to 6<sup>th</sup> place when on the Determination Date preceding the relevant Payment Date the cumulative Outstanding Balance of Doubtful Mortgage Loans since the Fund was established, reckoned at the amount of the Outstanding Balance at the Doubtful Mortgage Loan classification date, is in excess of 10.00% of the initial Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans upon the Fund being established and provided that the Bonds have not been and are not to be fully amortised on the relevant Payment Date.

5. Amortisation withholding in an amount equal to the positive difference existing at the Determination Date preceding the relevant Payment Date between (i) the sum of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue and the Outstanding Principal Balance of Loan B and (ii) the Outstanding Balance of Non-Doubtful Mortgage Loans.

Depending on the liquidity existing on each Payment Date, the amount actually applied to Amortisation Withholding shall be included among the Available Funds for Amortisation to be applied to Bond and Loan B amortisation in accordance with the rules for Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation established in section 3.4.6.2.2 below.

6. Payment of interest due on Loan B when this payment is deferred from 4<sup>th</sup> place in the order of priority as established therein.
7. Withholding of an amount sufficient for the Principal Cash Reserve amount to be maintained.
8. Payment of Subordinated Interest Loan interest due.
9. Repayment of Subordinated Interest Loan principal in the amount amortised.
10. Payment of Start-Up Loan interest due.
11. Repayment of Start-Up Loan principal to the extent amortised.
12. Payment of Subordinated Principal Loan interest due.
13. Payment to the Servicers under the Servicing Agreement of the Mortgage Loan servicing fee.

In the event that any other institution should replace any Servicer as Servicer, payment of the Mortgage Loan servicing fee accrued by the other institution, to wit the new servicer, shall take 1<sup>st</sup> place above, along with the other payments included therein, other than in the event that the new

servicer should be BANCO COOPERATIVO, in which case payment of the servicing fee shall remain in the same 13<sup>th</sup> place.

#### 14. Payment of the Financial Intermediation Margin.

When accounts payable for different items exist in a same priority order number on a given Payment Date and the Available Funds are not sufficient to settle the amounts due under all of them, the application of the remaining Available Funds shall be prorated among the amounts payable under each such item, and the amount applied to each item shall be distributed in the priority in which the accounts payable fall due.

- (1) The following shall be considered ordinary expenses of the Fund:
- a) Any expenses deriving from mandatory administrative verifications, registrations and authorisations, other than payment of the Fund set-up and Bond issue and admission expenses and the fee payable to ED.
  - b) Rating Agency fees for monitoring and maintaining the rating of the Bonds.
  - c) Expenses relating to keeping the Bond accounting record representing the Bonds by means of book entries, admission to trading on organised secondary markets and maintaining all of the foregoing.
  - d) Expenses of auditing the annual accounts.
  - e) Bond amortisation expenses.
  - f) Expenses deriving from announcements and notices relating to the Fund and/or the Bonds.

The Fund's ordinary expenses in its first year, including the management fee due to the Management Company and those derived from the Paying Agent Agreement, are estimated at EUR seventy thousand (70,000.00). Because most of those expenses are directly related to (a) the sum of (i) the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue and (ii) the Outstanding Principal Balance of Loan B, or (b) the Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans and those amounts shall fall throughout the life of the Fund, the Fund's ordinary expenses will also fall as time goes by.

- (2) The following shall be considered extraordinary expenses of the Fund:
- a) Expenses, if any, deriving from preparing and perfecting an amendment of the Deed of Constitution and of the agreements, and from entering into additional agreements.
  - b) Expenses required to enforce Mortgage Loans and collaterals and deriving from any recovery actions required.
  - c) Expenses necessary for management, administration, maintenance, valuation and sale of real properties, chattels, securities or rights awarded or given to the Fund as payment for Mortgage Loans or for their operation.
  - d) Extraordinary expenses of audits and legal advice.
  - e) The remaining amount, if any, of the initial Fund set-up and Bond issue and admission expenses in excess of the Start-Up Loan principal.
  - f) In general, any other requisite extraordinary expenses or those not determined among ordinary expenses borne by the Fund or by the Management Company for and on behalf of the Fund.

#### **3.4.6.2.2 Available Funds for Amortisation: source and application.**

##### **1. Source.**

The Available Funds for Amortisation on each Payment Date shall be the Amortisation Withholding amount actually applied out of the Available Funds in fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) place in the order of application on the relevant Payment Date.

##### **2. Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation.**

The Available Funds for Amortisation shall be applied on each Payment Date sequentially in the first place to amortising the Bonds until fully amortised and secondly to repaying Loan B.

### **3.4.6.3 Fund Liquidation Priority of Payments.**

The Management Company shall proceed to liquidate the Fund on the Final Maturity Date or upon Early Liquidation in accordance with the provisions of sections 4.4.3 and 4.4.4 of the Registration Document, by applying the following available funds (the “**Liquidation Available Funds**”): (i) the Available Funds, (ii) the amounts obtained by the Fund from time to time upon disposing of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates and the remaining assets, and (iii) additionally, as the case may be, the loan, as provided for in section 4.4.3.3.(iii) of the Registration Document, which shall be fully allocated to early amortisation of Bonds then outstanding, in the following order of priority of payments (the “**Liquidation Priority of Payments**”):

1. Reserve to meet the final tax, administrative or advertising termination and liquidation expenses.
2. Payment of the Fund’s properly supported taxes and ordinary and extraordinary expenses, whether or not they were disbursed by the Management Company, including the management fee due to the latter, and all other expenses and service fees, including those derived from the Paying Agent Agreement, and the periodic fee payable to the Custodian. Only expenses prepaid or disbursed on the Fund’s behalf by and Mortgage Loan amounts reimbursable to the Servicers, provided they are all properly supported, and the Mortgage Loan servicing fee only in the event of substitution of the Servicer being substituted with a new servicer other than BANCO COOPERATIVO, shall be made to the Servicers under the Servicing Agreement in this priority.
3. Payment of interest due on the Bonds.
4. Repayment of Bond principal.
5. In the event of a loan being arranged as provided for in section 4.4.3.3.(iii) of the Registration Document, payment of the financial expenses accrued and repayment of principal of the loan taken out.
6. Payment of interest due on Loan B.
7. Repayment of Loan B principal.
8. Payment of Subordinated Interest Loan interest due.
9. Repayment of Subordinated Interest Loan principal.
10. Payment of Start-Up Loan interest due.
11. Repayment of Start-Up Loan principal.
12. Payment of Subordinated Principal Loan interest due.
13. Repayment of Subordinated Principal Loan principal.
14. Payment to the Servicers under the Servicing Agreement of the Mortgage Loan servicing fee.  

In the event that any other institution should replace any Servicer as Servicer, payment of the Mortgage Loan servicing fee accrued by the other institution, to wit the new servicer, shall take 2<sup>nd</sup> place above, along with the other payments included therein, other than in the event that the new servicer should be BANCO COOPERATIVO, in which case payment of the servicing fee shall remain in the same 14<sup>th</sup> place.
15. Payment of the Financial Intermediation Margin.

When accounts payable for different items exist in a same priority order number on the Final Maturity Date or upon Early Liquidation and the Liquidation Available Funds are not sufficient to settle the amounts due under all of them, the application of the remaining Liquidation Available Funds shall be prorated among the amounts payable under each such item, and the amount applied to each item shall be distributed in the priority in which the accounts payable fall due.

#### **3.4.6.4 Financial Intermediation Margin.**

The Management Company shall, for and on behalf of the Fund, enter with BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, into a Financial Intermediation Agreement designed to remunerate the Originators for the financial intermediation process carried out, enabling the financial transformation defining the Fund's activity, the Fund to subscribe for the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates and the ratings assigned to the Bonds.

The Originators shall be entitled to receive from the Fund a variable subordinated remuneration (the "**Financial Intermediation Margin**") which shall be determined and accrue upon every quarterly period ending, comprising, other than for the first period, the three calendar months preceding each Payment Date, in an amount equal to the positive difference, if any, between income and expenditure, including losses brought forward from previous years, accrued by the Fund with reference to its accounts and before the close of the months of March, June, September and December, these being the last month in each quarterly period. Exceptionally, the first period shall be comprised between the date of establishment of the Fund and September 30, 2014, inclusive, this being the last day of the month preceding the first Payment Date, October 14, 2014. The Financial Intermediation Margin shall accrue for each Originator based on the distribution rules provided for in the Financial Intermediation Agreement.

The Financial Intermediation Margin accrued at the close of the months of March, June, September and December shall be settled on the Payment Date next succeeding the last day of each of said months, provided that the Fund has sufficient liquidity in the Priority of Payments of the Fund or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

If the Fund should not have sufficient liquidity on a Payment Date in the Priority of Payments to pay the full Financial Intermediation Margin, the Financial Intermediation Margin amount accrued and not paid shall accumulate without any penalty whatsoever on the Financial Intermediation Margin payable on the following Payment Date until fully paid.

The Financial Intermediation Agreement shall be fully terminated (a) in the event that the Rating Agencies should not confirm any of the provisional ratings assigned to the Bonds as final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, or (b) in the event that Bond Issue is not fully paid up.

#### **3.4.7 Other arrangements upon which payments of interest and principal to investors are dependent.**

##### **3.4.7.1 Bond Issue Paying Agent.**

The Bond Issue will be serviced through BARCLAYS as Paying Agent. Payment of interest and repayments shall be notified to Bondholders in the events and in such advance as may be provided for each case in section 4.1.1 of the Building Block. Interest and amortisation shall be paid to Bondholders by the relevant members of Iberclear and to the latter in turn by Iberclear, the institution responsible for the accounting record of the book entries of the Bonds.

The Management Company shall, for and on behalf of the Fund, enter with BARCLAYS, in the presence of BANCO COOPERATIVO, into a paying agent agreement to service the Bond Issue by the Fund (the "**Paying Agent Agreement**").

The obligations to be taken on by BARCLAYS (the "**Paying Agent**") under this Paying Agent Agreement are summarily as follows:

- (i) On each Bond Payment Date, paying interest and, as the case may be, repaying Bond principal through Iberclear, after deducting the total amount of the interim tax withholding for return on investments to be made by the Management Company, on the Fund's behalf, in accordance with applicable tax laws.

- (ii) On each Interest Rate Fixing Date, notifying the Management Company of the Reference Rate determined to be used as the basis for the Management Company to calculate the Nominal Interest Rate applicable to the Bonds.

In the event that the rating of the Paying Agent's unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations should, at any time during the life of the Bond Issue, have its long-term DBRS Rating downgraded below BBB (high), or be downgraded in the short- or long-term respectively below F3 or BBB- by Fitch, the Management Company shall within not more than thirty (30) calendar days, from the occurrence of any such circumstance, do one of the following:

- (i) obtain from an institution with unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations having a long-term DBRS Rating at least as high as BBB (high) (such rating not to be "Under Review (Negative)") and/or rated in the short- and long-term respectively at least as high as F3 and BBB- by Fitch, an unconditional and irrevocable first demand guarantee securing payment to the Fund, merely upon the Management Company so requesting, of the commitments made by the Paying Agent, for such time as the Paying Agent remains downgraded below BBB (high) and/or F3 and/or BBB-, or
- (ii) revoke the Paying Agent's designation and thereupon designate another institution with unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations having a long-term DBRS Rating at least as high as BBB (high) (such rating not to be "Under Review (Negative)") and rated in the short- and long-term respectively at least as high as F3 and BBB- by Fitch to take its place before terminating the Paying Agent Agreement, or, as the case may be, under a new paying agent agreement, and subject to prior notice being served on the Rating Agencies.

In the event that the Paying Agent's debt obligations should be downgraded or removed by the Rating Agencies, it shall notify the Management Company. BANCO COOPERATIVO shall agree, upon a credit rating downgrade of the Paying Agent triggering one of (i) or (ii) above, to use commercially reasonable efforts in order that the Management Company may do one of the above.

All costs, expenses and taxes incurred in connection with putting in place and arranging the above options shall be borne by BANCO COOPERATIVO.

In consideration of the services provided by the Paying Agent, the Fund shall pay it on each Payment Date during the term of the agreement, a fee, which shall be paid provided that the Fund has sufficient liquidity and in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments. . If BARCLAYS should be replaced as Paying Agent, the Management Company shall be entitled to change the fee payable to the replacement entity, which may be higher than that established with BARCLAYS.

In the event that, in accordance with the Priority of Payments, the Fund should not have sufficient liquidity to pay said full fee, then the amounts accrued and not paid shall be accumulated without any penalty whatsoever to the fee falling due on the following Payment Date, unless that absence of liquidity should continue, in which case the amounts due shall build up until fully paid on the Payment Date on which they are settled, in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

The Paying Agent Agreement shall be fully terminated (a) in the event that the Rating Agencies should not confirm the provisional ratings assigned to the Bonds as final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, or (b) in the event that Bond Issue is not fully paid up.

### **3.5 Name, address and significant business activities of the originator of the securitised assets.**

The originators and assignors of the securitised Mortgage Loans are BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL. The Originators are all credit co-operatives incorporated in Spain.

BANTIERRA

Registered office: San Voto, 6 50003 Saragossa (Spain)

#### CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA

Registered office: Avenida Don Bosco, 2 18006 Granada (Spain)

#### CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA

Registered office: Plaza de los Fueros, 1, 31002 Pamplona (Spain)

#### CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL

Registered office: Plaza Carlos Castel, no. 14 44001 Oviedo (Spain)

### Significant business activities of the Originators.

The following is selected individual financial information for each Originator at March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 and how the latter two dates compare. Both the financial information at December 31, 2013 and information at December 31, 2012 are taken from the annual accounts which have been audited. The financial information as at March 31, 2014 has not been audited. The information has been prepared in accordance with Bank of Spain Circular 4/2004, including the changes made thereto by Circular 6/2008.

#### CAJA RURAL DE ARAGÓN

	31.03.2014	31.12.2013 (A)	31.12.2012 (B)	(A-B)/(B)
<b>BALANCE SHEET (KEUR)</b>				
Total assets	6,083,101	6,245,644	6,135,956	1.79
Customer credits (gross)	4,399,805	4,463,122	4,719,731	-5.44
Balance-sheet customer funds	4,136,816	4,128,607	4,054,501	1.83
Other customer funds managed	785,120	735,726	628,844	17.00
Total customer funds managed	4,921,936	4,864,333	4,683,345	3.86
Net assets	415,348	400,677	391,159	2.43
Equity (including retained earnings)	392,534	389,007	383,965	1.31
<b>PROFIT &amp; LOSS ACCOUNT (KEUR)</b>				
Interest margin	15,975	68,883	93,684	-26.47
Gross margin	41,643	116,267	180,576	-35.61
Operating profit or loss	4,848	-49,531	-56,411	-12.20
Pre-tax profit or loss	3,438	9,900	14,101	-29.79
Year's consolidated profit or loss	3,531	12,041	14,658	-17.85
<b>RELEVANT RATIOS (%)</b>				
Operating margin/ATM	1.53	0.70	1.70	
ROE	3.42	2.98	3.70	
ROA	0.22	0.20	0.23	
RORWA	0.38	0.32	0.36	
Efficiency ratio	38.81	58.44	40.44	
Efficiency ratio with depreciation	42.25	63.61	44.47	
Delinquency rate	21.47	21.36	13.73	
Private individual home mortgage delinquency rate	4.54	4.34	3.60	
Coverage rate	57.95	56.86	87.02	
<b>CAPITAL RATIOS (%) (*)</b>				
TIER I	10.50	9.73	9.14	
TIER II	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Principal capital (**)	N/A	9.95	9.16	
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</b>				
Number of employees	845	848	859	
Number of branches	226	229	257	

(\*) The details at March 31, 2014 are estimates.

(\*\*) Pursuant to Bank of Spain Circular 7/2012 effective from 1.1.2013

## CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA

	31.03.2014	31.12.2013 (A)	31.12.2012 (B)	(A-B)/(B)
<b>BALANCE SHEET (MEUR)</b>				
Total assets	6,996	6.657	6.260	6,35
Customer credits (gross)	2,998	3.061	3.356	-8,79
Balance-sheet customer funds	3,213	3.211	3.075	4,42
Other customer funds managed	406	386	319	21,04
Total customer funds managed	3,619	3.597	3.391	6,07
Net assets	501	472	399	18,30
Equity (including retained earnings)	451	438	403	8,68
<b>PROFIT &amp; LOSS ACCOUNT (MEUR)</b>				
Interest margin	28	112	110	1,82
Gross margin	38	147	165	-10,91
Operating profit or loss	9	44	-45	197,78
Pre-tax profit or loss	10	23	-95	124,21
Year's consolidated profit or loss	8	19	-69	127,54
<b>RELEVANT RATIOS (%)</b>				
Operating margin/ATM	2.17	2,16	2,69	
ROE	7.21	4,46	-22,25	
ROA	0.46	0,28	-1,12	
RORWA	0.99	0,58	-1,93	
Efficiency ratio	42.10	42,20	35,20	
Efficiency ratio with depreciation	47.40	46,30	38,80	
Delinquency rate	11.59	10,97	9,97	
Private individual home mortgage delinquency rate	4.04	3,84	2,86	
Coverage rate	42.72	43,50	59,90	
<b>CAPITAL RATIOS (%) (*)</b>				
TIER I	13.01	12,60	10,71	
TIER II	0.96	0,94	0,65	
Principal capital (**)	13.23	12,75	10,81	
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</b>				
Number of employees	839	836	847	
Number of branches	197	197	197	

(\*) The details at March 31, 2014 are estimates.

(\*\*) Pursuant to Bank of Spain Circular 7/2012 effective from 1.1.2013



## CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA

	31.03.2014	31.12.2013 (A)	31.12.2012 (B)	(A-B)/(B)
<b>BALANCE SHEET (KEUR)</b>				
Total assets	9,700,680	9,593,067	9,504,703	0.93
Customer credits (gross)	6,304,195	6,378,398	6,550,238	-2.62
Balance-sheet customer funds	5,828,949	5,822,316	5,352,698	8.77
Other customer funds managed	1,330,198	1,245,368	1,092,720	13.97
Total customer funds managed	7,159,147	7,067,684	6,445,418	9.65
Net assets	827,784	786,054	708,050	11.02
Equity (including retained earnings)	769,880	751,205	702,326	6.96
<b>PROFIT &amp; LOSS ACCOUNT (KEUR)</b>				
Interest margin	33,289	131,454	133,260	-1.36
Gross margin	49,810	194,085	193,315	0.40
Operating profit or loss	19,026	51,347	-58,773	187.36
Pre-tax profit or loss	18,968	39,550	-69,674	156.76
Year's consolidated profit or loss	16,428	36,568	-40,486	190.32
<b>RELEVANT RATIOS (%)</b>				
Operating margin/ATM	1.17	1.07	1.24	
ROE	8.69	5.11	-5.45	
ROA	0.65	0.35	-0.44	
RORWA	1.22	0.68	-0.72	
Efficiency ratio	36.93	39.35	36.41	
Efficiency ratio with depreciation	40.43	43.23	40.60	
Delinquency rate	5.77	5.24	4.41	
Private individual home mortgage delinquency rate	0.97	0.82	0.72	
Coverage rate	70.35	79.59	106.44	
<b>CAPITAL RATIOS (%) (*)</b>				
TIER I	14.00	13.66	11.76	
TIER II	0.50	0.36	0.51	
Principal capital (**)	14.10	13.76	11.83	
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</b>				
Number of employees	896	891	898	
Number of branches	244	244	243	

(\*) The details at March 31, 2014 are estimates.

(\*\*) Pursuant to Bank of Spain Circular 7/2012 effective from 1.1.2013

## CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL

	31.03.2014	31.12.2013 (A)	31.12.2012 (B)	(A-B)/(B)
<b>BALANCE SHEET (KEUR)</b>				
Total assets	1,487,792	1,594,376	1,536,598	3.76
Customer credits (gross)	874,967	871,940	924,018	-5.64
Balance-sheet customer funds	964,429	922,631	838,031	10.10
Other customer funds managed	171,196	159,887	133,033	20.19
Total customer funds managed	1,135,625	1,082,518	971,064	11.48
Net assets	117,992	119,461	111,264	7.37
Equity (including retained earnings)	113,505	115,045	112,000	2.72
<b>PROFIT &amp; LOSS ACCOUNT (KEUR)</b>				
Interest margin	4,853	29,508	32,741	-9.87
Gross margin	14,693	80,101	52,901	51.42
Operating profit or loss	2,287	8,832	2,794	216.08
Pre-tax profit or loss	1,569	6,111	1,442	323.83
Year's consolidated profit or loss	1,244	5,631	2,002	181.36
<b>RELEVANT RATIOS (%)</b>				
Operating margin/ATM	2.68	3.89	2.56	
ROE	5.42	5.37	1.34	
ROA	0.08	0.34	0.13	
RORWA	0.12	0.56	0.19	
Efficiency ratio	26.15	18.81	25.02	
Efficiency ratio with depreciation	29.18	21.57	28.37	
Delinquency rate	13.52	13.17	7.34	
Private individual home mortgage delinquency rate	1.77	0.74	0.78	
Coverage rate	85.12	85.37	100.50	
<b>CAPITAL RATIOS (%) (*)</b>				
TIER I	10.60	10.60	9.97	
TIER II	0.81	0.81	0.31	
Principal capital (**)	11.41	11.41	10.28	
<b>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</b>				
Number of employees	193	193	186	
Number of branches	77	77	76	

(\*) The details at March 31, 2014 are estimates.

(\*\*) Pursuant to Bank of Spain Circular 7/2012 effective from 1.1.2013

### 3.6 Return on and/or repayment of the securities linked to others which are not assets of the issuer.

Not applicable.

### 3.7 Administrator, calculation agent or equivalent.

#### 3.7.1 Management, administration and representation of the Fund and of the holders of the securities.

The Management Company, EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN, shall be responsible for managing and being the authorised representative of the Fund, on the terms set in Royal Decree 926/1998, Act 19/1992, failing a provision in Royal Decree 926/1998 and to the extent applicable, and other applicable laws, and on the terms of the Deed of Constitution and of the Prospectus.

The Management Company shall discharge for the Fund the functions attributed to it in Royal Decree 926/1998.

It is also the Management Company's duty, as the manager of third-party portfolios, to represent and enforce the interests of the holders of the Bonds issued by the Fund and of all its other ordinary creditors. Consequently, the Management Company shall make its actions conditional on their protection and observe the provisions established for that purpose from time to time. Bondholders and all other ordinary creditors of the Fund shall have no recourse against the Fund Management Company, other than for a breach of its duties or failure to observe the provisions of the Deed of Constitution and the Prospectus.

### **3.7.1.2 Administration and representation of the Fund.**

The Management Company's obligations and actions in fulfilment of its duty to manage and be the authorised representative of the Fund are the following, for illustrative purposes only and without prejudice to any other actions provided in this Prospectus:

- (i) Keeping the Fund's accounts duly separate from the Management Company's own, rendering accounts and satisfying tax and any other statutory obligations of the Fund.
- (ii) Making such decisions as may be appropriate in connection with liquidation of the Fund, including the decision to proceed to Early Liquidation of the Fund and Early Amortisation of the Bond Issue, in accordance with the provisions of the Deed of Constitution and this Prospectus. Moreover, making all appropriate decisions in the event of the establishment of the Fund terminating.
- (iii) Complying with its formal, documentary and reporting duties to the CNMV, the Rating Agencies and any other supervisory body.
- (iv) Appointing and, as the case may be, replacing and dismissing the auditor who is to review and audit the Fund's annual accounts.
- (v) Providing Bondholders, the CNMV and the Rating Agencies with all such information and notices as may be prescribed by the laws in force for the time being and specifically as established in the Deed of Constitution and in this Prospectus.
- (vi) Complying with the calculation duties provided for and taking the actions laid down in the Deed of Constitution and in this Prospectus and in the various Fund transaction agreements or in such others as the Management Company may enter into in due course for and on behalf of the Fund.
- (vii) The Management Company may extend or amend the agreements entered into on behalf of the Fund, substitute, as the case may be, each of the Fund service providers on the terms provided for in each agreement, and indeed, if necessary, enter into additional agreements, including a loan agreement in the event of Early Liquidation of the Fund, and amend the Deed of Constitution, on the terms laid down in article 7 of Act 19/1992. In any event, those actions shall require that the Management Company first notify the CNMV and notify the Rating Agencies, and provided that such changes are not detrimental to the rating assigned to the Bonds by the Rating Agencies. Amendment of the Deed of Constitution shall require that the Management Company first notify the CNMV, proving that the requirements established in the aforesaid article 7 are satisfied. Upon the CNMV checking that the statutory requirements for amendment are satisfied, the Management Company shall execute the relevant deed of amendment and submit a certified copy thereof to the CNMV. The amendment of the Deed of Constitution shall be notified by the Management Company to the Rating Agencies and be disclosed by the Management Company through the Fund's periodic public information, and be posted at the Management Company's website. The Deed of Constitution or the agreements may also be corrected upon a request by the CNMV.
- (viii) Exercising the rights attaching to the ownership of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates acquired by the Fund and, in general, carrying out all such acts of administration and disposition as may be required for properly managing and being the authorised representative of the Fund.
- (ix) Checking that the Mortgage Loan income amounts actually received by the Fund match the amounts that must be received by the Fund, on the terms of issue of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates and on the terms of their respective Mortgage Loans, and that the Mortgage

Loan amounts receivable are provided by the Servicers to the Fund within the time-periods and on the terms provided for under the Servicing Agreement.

- (x) Determining on each Interest Rate Fixing Date and for each Interest Accrual Period thereafter, the Nominal Interest Rate to be applied to the Bonds and calculating and settling the accrued interest amounts payable on each Payment Date.
- (xi) Calculating and determining on each Determination Date the principal to be amortised and repaid on the Bonds on the relevant Payment Date.
- (xii) Determining the interest rate applicable to each of the relevant borrowing, lending and hedge transactions and calculating and settling the interest and fee amounts receivable and payable by the Fund under the same, and the fees payable for the various financial services arranged for.
- (xiii) Taking the actions for which provision is made in relation to the debt ratings or the financial position of the Fund counterparties in the financial and service provision agreements listed in section 3.2 of this Building Block.
- (xiv) Watching that the amounts credited to the Treasury Account return the yield set in the Agreement.
- (xv) Calculating the Available Funds, the Available Funds for Amortisation, the Liquidation Available Funds and the payment or withholding obligations to be complied with, and applying the same in the Priority of Payments or the Liquidation Priority of Payments, as the case may be.
- (xvi) Instructing transfers of funds between the various borrowing and lending accounts, and issuing all relevant payment instructions, including those allocated to servicing the Bonds.

### **3.7.1.3 Resignation and substitution of the Management Company.**

The Management Company shall be substituted in managing and representing the Fund, in accordance with articles 18 and 19 of Royal Decree 926/1998 set forth hereinafter and with subsequent rules statutorily established in that connection.

#### *Resignation.*

- (i) The Management Company may resign its management and authorised representative duties with respect to all or part of the funds managed whenever it deems this fit, applying to be substituted in a letter addressed to the CNMV, including a designation of the substitute management company. That letter shall enclose a letter from the new management company, declaring its willingness to take over that function and applying for the appropriate authorisation.
- (ii) The CNMV's substitution authorisation shall be subject to meeting of the following requirements:
  - (a) The substituted Management Company's delivery of the accounting records and data files to the new management company. That delivery will only be taken to have been made when the new management company is able to fully take over its function and that circumstance is notified to the CNMV.
  - (b) The rating accorded to the Bonds by the Rating Agencies should not fall as a result of the proposed substitution.
- (iii) The Management Company may in no event resign its duties until and unless all requirements and formalities have been complied with in order for its substitute to take over its duties.
- (iv) The substitution expenses originated shall be borne by the resigning Management Company and may in no event be passed on to the Fund.
- (v) The substitution shall be published within fifteen days by means of a notice inserted in two nationwide newspapers and in the bulletin of the organised secondary market where the Bonds issued by the

Fund are listed. Furthermore, the Management Company shall notify the Rating Agencies of that substitution.

*Forced substitution.*

- (i) In the event that the Management Company should be adjudged insolvent or have its licence to operate as a securitisation fund management company revoked by the CNMV, it shall find a substitute management company, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing section.
- (ii) In the event for which provision is made in the preceding section, if four months should have elapsed from the occurrence determining the substitution and no new management company should have been found willing to take over management, there shall be Early Liquidation of the Bond Issue, in accordance with the provisions of sections 4.4.3 and 4.4.4 of this Prospectus Registration Document and of the Deed of Constitution.

The Management Company agrees to execute such public and private documents as may be necessary for it to be substituted by another management company, in accordance with the system for which provision is made in the preceding paragraphs of this section. The substitute management company shall be substituted in the Management Company's rights and duties under this Prospectus. Furthermore, the Management Company shall hand to the substitute management company such accounting records and data files as it may have to hand in connection with the Fund.

**3.7.1.4 Subcontracting.**

The Management Company shall be entitled to subcontract or subdelegate to solvent and reputable third parties the provision of any of the services it has to provide as the manager and authorised representative of the Fund, as established in this Prospectus, provided that the subcontractor or delegated party waives the right to take any action holding the Fund liable. In any event, subcontracting or delegating any service (i) may not result in an additional cost or expense for the Fund, (ii) shall have to be legally possible, (iii) shall not result in the rating accorded to the Bonds by the Rating Agencies being downgraded, and (iv) shall be notified to the CNMV and, where statutorily required, will first be authorised by the CNMV. Notwithstanding any subcontracting or subdelegation, the Management Company shall not be exonerated or released, under that subcontract or subdelegation, from any of the liabilities undertaken in this Prospectus which may be legally attributed or ascribed to it.

**3.7.1.5 Management Company's remuneration.**

In consideration of the functions to be discharged by the Management Company, the Fund will pay it a management fee consisting of:

- (i) An initial fee which shall accrue upon the Fund being established and be payable on the Closing Date.
- (ii) A periodic fee on the sum of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue and the Outstanding Principal Balance of Loan B (and, as the case may be, on the value of the real estate properties awarded or given in a deed-in-lieu-of-foreclosure), which shall accrue daily from the establishment of the Fund until it terminates and be settled and paid by Interest Accrual Periods in arrears on each Payment Date subject to the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, the Liquidation Priority of Payments. The periodic fee amount on each Payment Date may not be below the minimum amount determined. The minimum amount shall be cumulatively reset in the same proportion, from the year 2015, inclusive, and effective as of January 1 of each year.
- (iii) Fee for preparing the file and for each submission to ED.

If on a Payment Date, in the Priority of Payments, the Fund should not have sufficient liquidity to settle the above-mentioned fee, the amount due shall accrue interest equal to the Bond Reference Rate for the relevant Interest Accrual Period. The unpaid amount and accrued interest shall be accumulated for payment to the fee payable on the following Payment Date, unless that absence of liquidity should continue, in which case the amounts due shall build up until fully paid in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

### **3.7.2 Servicing and custody of the securitised assets.**

BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, Originators of the Mortgage Loan receivables upon the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates being issued to be subscribed for by the Fund, as established in article 2.2.b) of Royal Decree 926/1998 and article 26.3 of Royal Decree 716/2009, shall each agree to service and manage the Mortgage Loans underlying the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates they each issue, and relations between the Originators (hereinafter in regard to that Agreement the “**Servicer(s)**”), BANCO COOPERATIVO as the Servicers’ potential substitute in certain circumstances, and the Fund, represented by the Management Company, shall be governed by the Mortgage Loan Servicing Agreement (the “**Servicing Agreement**”) in relation to custody, management and servicing of the Mortgage Loans.

The registered office and significant business activities of BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL are respectively given in section 5.2 of the Registration Document and in section 3.5 of this Building Block. The registered office of BANCO COOPERATIVO is given in section 5.2 of the Registration Document.

The Servicers and BANCO COOPERATIVO, as the Servicers’ potential substitute in certain circumstances, shall accept the appointment received from the Management Company and thereby agree as follows:

- (i) To manage and service the Mortgage Loans subject to the system terms and ordinary servicing and management procedures established in the Servicing Agreement.
- (ii) To continue servicing the Mortgage Loans, devoting the same time and efforts to them as they would devote and use to service their own mortgage loans and in any event on the terms for which provision is made in the Servicing Agreement.
- (iii) That the procedures they apply and will apply to manage and service the Mortgage Loans are and will continue to be in accordance with the laws and statutory regulations in force applicable thereto.
- (iv) To full faithfully observe the instructions issued by the Management Company.
- (v) To pay the Fund damages resulting from a breach of the obligations undertaken, although the Servicers shall not be liable for actions carried out on the Management Company’s instructions.

In any event, the Servicers waive the privileges and authorities conferred on them by law as the managers of collections for the Fund and as servicers of the Mortgage Loans, and custodians of the relevant public deeds, and in particular those for which provision is made in articles 1730 and 1780 of the Civil Code and 276 of the Commercial Code.

The most relevant terms of the Servicing Agreement are given hereinafter in the following paragraphs of this section.

#### **3.7.2.1 Ordinary system and procedures for servicing and managing the Mortgage Loans.**

##### **1. Custody of deeds, policies, agreements, documents and files.**

Each Servicer shall keep all deeds, documents and data files relating to the Mortgage Loans and mortgage property damage insurance policies under safe custody and shall not give up their possession, custody or control other than with the Management Company’s prior written consent for it to do so, unless a document should be required to institute proceedings to claim a Mortgage Loan, or any other competent authority should so require informing the Management Company.

The Servicers shall allow the Management Company or the auditors of the Fund duly authorised thereby reasonable access at all times to said deeds, documents, records and policies. Furthermore, whenever required to do so by the Management Company, it shall provide within two (2) Business Days of that request and clear of expenses, a copy or photocopy of any of such deeds and documents.

## **2. Collection management.**

Each Servicer shall continue managing collection of all Mortgage Loan amounts payable by the Obligors and any other item including under the damage insurance contracts. Each Servicer shall use all reasonable efforts for payments to be made by the Obligors to be collected in accordance with the contractual terms and conditions of the Mortgage Loans.

Mortgage Loan amounts received by each Servicer shall be paid in full into the Fund's Treasury Account or upon the same being moved, as the case may be, into such account as may be designated by the Management Company, on the day next succeeding the date on which they are received by the Servicer, or the following business day, for same day value, if that is not a business day, in accordance with the set terms and conditions. In this connection, business days shall be taken to be all those that are business days in the banking sector in the city of Madrid.

The Servicer shall at no event pay any amount whatsoever to the Fund not previously as payment for the Mortgage Loans.

## **3. Fixing the interest rate.**

Because the Mortgage Loans are floating-rate Mortgage Loans, each Servicer shall continue fixing the interest rates applicable in each interest period as established in the relevant Mortgage Loan deeds, submitting such communications and notices as may be established therein.

## **4. Information.**

Each Servicer shall regularly communicate to the Management Company the information relating to the individual characteristics of each Mortgage Loan, to fulfilment by Obligors of their Mortgage Loan obligations, to delinquency status and ensuing changes in the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans, and to actions to demand payment in the event of late payment and court and out-of-court actions and real estate or asset auctions and, as the case may be, the award or giving of the same to the Fund and the possessory status and circumstances thereof, the foregoing using the procedures and timing established in the Servicing Agreement.

Furthermore, each Servicer shall prepare and hand to the Management Company such additional information relating to the Mortgage Loans or the rights attaching thereto as the Management Company may reasonably request, and in particular the documents required for the Management Company, as the case may be, to bring legal actions.

## **5. Mortgage Loan subrogation.**

The Servicers shall be authorised to allow substitutions in the Obligor's position under the Mortgage Loan agreements, exclusively where the new Obligor's characteristics are not less creditworthy than those of the former Obligor and those characteristics observe the mortgage lending policies described in section 2.2.7 of this Building Block, and further provided that the expenses derived from that change are fully borne by the Obligors. The Management Company may fully or partially limit this power of the Servicer or set conditions therefor, in the event that those substitutions might adversely affect the ratings accorded to the Bonds by the Rating Agencies.

The Obligor may apply for subrogation to the Servicer in connection with the Mortgage Loans pursuant to Act 2/1994. Subrogation of a new creditor under the Mortgage Loan and the ensuing payment of the amount due shall, as the case may be, result in Mortgage Loan prepayment and early amortisation of the respective Mortgage Certificate or Pass-Through Certificate.

## **6. Authorities and actions in relation to Mortgage Loan renegotiation procedures.**

The Servicers may not voluntarily cancel the Mortgage Loans or their mortgages and securities for any reason other than Mortgage Loan payment, relinquish or settle in regard thereto, forgive the Mortgage Loans in full or in part or extend the same, or in general do anything that may diminish the status, legal effectiveness, ranking or economic value of the Mortgage Loans or of the mortgages, without prejudice to its heeding requests by Obligors using the same efforts and procedure as if they were own mortgage loans.

The Originators have adhered to the Best Practice Code for a feasible restructuring of debts secured with a mortgage on a main residence, as worded by Act 1/2013, May 14, implementing measures to boost the protection of mortgagors, debt restructuring and social rentals, as set out in a Decision dated April 10, 2014 of the Secretary of State of the Economy and Business Support, published in the Official State Gazette dated April 16, 2014.

Given the financial capacity of obligors on the exclusion threshold, the Management Company initially authorises the Originators, as Servicers, to apply the measures laid down in the Best Practice Code to any Mortgage Loans lying within the scope of application of that Best Practice Code, provided that the requirements laid down in Royal Decree-Act 6/2012, March 9, on urgent measures for the protection of insolvent mortgage obligors ("**Royal Decree-Act 6/2012**") are met. In this connection, each Servicer shall first notify the Management Company of requests made by Obligor, enclosing all documents received from the Obligor to prove that the Obligor is on the exclusion threshold established in article 3 of Royal Decree-Act 6/2012 and the proposed measures to be adopted in accordance with the aforementioned Best Practice Code.

Subject to the above and the provisions hereinafter, any novation changing a Mortgage Loan entered into by the Servicer shall be made exclusively with the prior consent of the Management Company, on behalf of the Fund, and the Servicer agrees to seek such consent from the Management Company as soon as it is aware that an Obligor has requested a change. The Management Company shall nevertheless initially authorise the Servicers to entertain and accept Mortgage Loan interest rate renegotiations and extended terms without requiring the Management Company's prior consent, subject to the following generic enabling requirements.

**a) Renegotiating the interest rate.**

Mortgage Loan interest rate may be renegotiated subject to the following rules and limits:

1. The Servicers may under no circumstance entertain on their own account and without being so requested by the Obligor, interest rate renegotiations which may result in a decrease in the interest rate applicable to a Mortgage Loan. The Servicers shall not encourage interest rate renegotiation and shall act in relation to such renegotiation bearing in mind the Fund's interests at all times.
2. The Servicers may, subject to the provisions of paragraph 3 below, renegotiate the Mortgage Loan interest rate clause on terms that are considered at arm's length and no different from those applied by the relevant Servicer in renegotiating or granting its floating-rate mortgage loans and credits. In this connection, arm's length floating interest rate shall be deemed to be the interest rate offered by the relevant Servicer on the Spanish market for loans or credits granted to individuals with real estate mortgage security on finished homes (and their annexes - parking spaces and/or lumber rooms- if any) located in Spain with amounts and other terms substantially similar to the renegotiated Mortgage Loan.
3. Renegotiation of the interest rate applicable to a Mortgage Loan shall in no event be to a fixed rate, nor (i) result in its being changed to a floating interest rate with a benchmark index for determination other than the 1-year Euribor index or with a reset frequency differing from that of the Mortgage Loan upon the Fund being established, nor (ii) may it be carried out if previously, or as a result of renegotiating, the average margin or spread weighted by the outstanding principal of the Mortgage Loans serviced by each Servicer is less than 100 percentage basis points.

**b) Extending the period of maturity.**

The final maturity or final repayment date of the Mortgage Loans may be extended or deferred ("**extending the term**") subject to the following rules and limitations:



- (i) The Servicers may in no case entertain on their own account, i.e. without being so requested by the Obligor, a change in the final maturity date of the Mortgage Loan which may result in an extension of that date. The Servicers, without encouraging an extension of the term, shall act in relation to such extension bearing in mind the Fund's interests at all times.
- (ii) The aggregate for each Servicer of the initial capital or principal of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates for the Mortgage Loans with respect to which the maturity date is extended may not exceed 10.00% of the face amount of the total initial capital or principal of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates issued by the Servicer.
- (iii) The term of a specific Mortgage Loan may be extended provided that the following requirements are additionally met:
  - a) That the Mortgage Loan capital or principal repayment and interest instalment frequency is at all events maintained or increased, maintaining the same repayment system.
  - b) That the new final maturity or final repayment date does not extend beyond June 30, 2053.

The Management Company may at any time during the term of the Servicing Agreement, on behalf of the Fund, cancel, suspend or change any of the powers or authorisations for the Mortgage Loans to be amended as set out in this section 6 by a Servicer.

If there should be any amendment of a Mortgage Loan, the relevant Servicer shall forthwith notify the Management Company of the terms resulting from each amendment. Such notice shall be made through the software or data file provided for the terms of the Mortgage Loans to be updated.

In the event of amendment of the Mortgage Loans, with the Management Company's consent, for and on behalf of the Fund, the change in the terms shall affect the Fund.

The contractual documents supporting novation of the renegotiated Mortgage Loans will be kept by the relevant Servicer, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 2 of this section.

## **7. Action against Obligors in the event of default on Mortgage Loan payment.**

### ***Actions in the event of late payment.***

Each Servicer shall use the same efforts and the same procedure for claiming overdue amounts on the Mortgage Loans applied to the rest of its portfolio mortgage loans.

In the event of the Obligor's default of payment obligations, the Servicer shall do the things described in the Servicing Agreement, taking for that purpose the steps it would ordinarily take if they were its own portfolio mortgage loans, in accordance with standard banking usage and practice for collecting overdue amounts, and shall be bound to advance such expenses as may be necessary for those things to be done, notwithstanding its right to be reimbursed by the Fund. These actions include all such court and out-of-court actions as the Servicer may deem necessary to claim and collect amounts due by the Obligors.

### ***Legal actions.***

Each Servicer shall, using its fiduciary title to the Mortgage Loans or the power of attorney referred to in the following paragraph, take all relevant actions against Obligors failing to meet their Mortgage Loan payment obligations. Such action shall be brought using the appropriate court enforcement procedures prescribed by articles 517 et seq. of the Civil Procedure Act.

For the above purposes, and for the purposes prescribed by Civil Procedure Act articles 581.2 and 686.2 and in the event that this should be necessary, the Management Company shall confer in the Deed of Constitution as full and extensive a power of attorney as may be required at Law on each Servicer in order that the Servicer may, acting through any of its attorneys-in-fact duly empowered for such purpose, for and on behalf of the Management Company as the Fund's authorised representative, demand any Mortgage Loan Obligor in or out of court to pay the debt and bring a legal action against the same, in addition to other powers required to discharge its duties as Servicer. These powers may be extended and amended in another deed if need be.

Each Servicer shall generally apply for foreclosure, advancing all necessary expenses to do so, if, for a period of six (6) months, a Mortgage Loan Obligor in default of payment obligations should fail to resume payments or the Servicer, with the Management Company's consent, should fail to obtain a payment commitment satisfactory to the Fund's interests. In the event of Mortgage Loan default or application of the measures laid down in the Best Practice Code, payment agreements and terms shall not be subject to the terms and calculation laid down in paragraph 6 above, other than as regards the latest final maturity date of June 30, 2053. Each Servicer shall forthwith proceed to apply for such foreclosure if the Management Company, acting for the Fund, and after analysing the specific circumstances of the case, should deem this necessary.

In addition to the legal actions in the event of default by any Obligor as established in this section, the Management Company shall, acting for and on behalf of the Fund, have the following remedies provided for mortgage participation certificates in article 31 of Royal Decree 716/2009, which also apply to the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates:

- (i) To demand the Servicer to apply for foreclosure.
- (ii) To take part on an equal standing with the Servicer, as issuer of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, in the foreclosure the latter shall have instituted against the Obligor, intervening to that end in any foreclosure proceedings commenced by the former.
- (iii) If the Servicer should fail to take that action within sixty (60) calendar days of a notice served through a Notary demanding payment of the debt, the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, shall be secondarily entitled to bring the foreclosure action on the Mortgage Loan for both principal and interest.
- (iv) In the event that the proceedings instituted by the Servicer should come to a standstill, the Fund, duly represented by the Management Company, may be subrogated in the former's position and continue the foreclosure proceedings, without the above period having to elapse.

In events (iii) and (iv) above, the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, may apply to the Judge or Notary with jurisdiction to commence or continue with the respective foreclosure proceedings, attaching to the application the original Mortgage Certificate or Pass-Through Certificate, the notice served through a Notary provided for in section (iii) above and an office certificate as to registration and subsistence of the mortgage. The Servicer shall be bound to issue a certification of the balance outstanding on the Mortgage Loan.

If this should be required by law, and for the purposes of the provisions of the Civil Procedure Act, each Servicer shall confer in the Deed of Constitution an irrevocable and as extensive and sufficient a power of attorney as may be required by Law in order for the Management Company, acting for and on behalf of the Servicers, to demand through a Notary payment of the debt by the Obligor under any of the Mortgage Loans.

The Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund as holder of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates, may also take part in the foreclosure proceedings and may in this sense, on the terms for which provision is made in the Civil Procedure Act, request the award of the mortgaged property as payment of the Mortgage Loan.

Each Servicer agrees to promptly advise of payment demands, legal actions and all and any other circumstances affecting collection of overdue amounts on the serviced Mortgage Loans. Furthermore, each Servicer will provide the Management Company with all such documents as the latter may request in relation to said Mortgage Loans and in particular the documents required for the Management Company to take legal recovery actions, as the case may be.

#### **8. Mortgage Loan mortgaged property insurance.**

The Servicers shall not take or fail to take any action resulting in cancellation of any mortgage property fire and damage insurance policy or reducing the amount payable in any claim thereunder. The Servicers shall use all reasonable efforts and in any event use the rights conferred under the insurance policies or the Mortgage Loans in order for those policies (or any other policy granting equivalent cover) to be kept in force and fully effective in relation to each Mortgage Loan and the respective property to which the Mortgage Loan refers.

Whenever the relevant Servicer receives notice of non-payment of policy premiums by any Obligor, the Servicer shall demand the Obligor to pay the same and indeed take out fire and damage insurance on the Obligor's behalf where it is able to do so under the Mortgage Loan deed, advancing payment of the premiums, without prejudice to being reimbursed by the Obligor for amounts so paid.

In the event of a claim, each Servicer shall coordinate actions for collecting compensations derived from mortgaged property damage insurance policies on the terms and conditions of the Mortgage Loans and the actual policies, paying the amounts received, if any, to the Fund.

In the event of insolvency, liquidation or substitution of a Servicer or because the Management Company deems this reasonably justified, the Management Company may demand the Servicer, at any time and at its cost, and for the purposes laid down in the second paragraph of article 40 of Insurance Contract Act 50/1980, October 8, as currently worded, to notify the relevant insurers of the transfer of the Mortgage Loan receivables, and that payments of indemnities under the relevant damage or Mortgage Loan security insurance policies will only be effective as a discharge if made into the Treasury Account opened in the name of the Fund. However, both in the event of the relevant Servicer failing to notify insurers within five (5) Business Days of receiving the request and in the event of insolvency or liquidation of that Servicer, the Management Company shall itself directly or, as the case may be, through a new Servicer it shall have designated, notify the insurers observing insolvency rules, as appropriate.

#### **9. Set-off.**

In the exceptional event that any Mortgage Loan Obligor should have a liquid receivable, due and payable vis-à-vis a Servicer, and because the assignment is made without the Obligor being aware, any Mortgage Loan should be fully or partially set-off against that claim, the Servicer shall remedy such circumstance or, if that is not possible, the Servicer shall proceed to pay to the Fund the amount set off plus accrued interest which would have been payable to the Fund until the date on which the payment is made, calculated on the terms applicable to the relevant Mortgage Loan.

#### **10. Subcontracting.**

Each Servicer may subcontract any of the services it may have agreed to provide under the Servicing Agreement other than those that may not be so delegated in accordance with the laws in force for the time being. That subcontracting may in no event result in an additional cost or expense for the Fund or the Management Company, and may not result in the ratings assigned to the Bonds by the Rating Agencies being downgraded. Notwithstanding any subcontracting or subdelegation, the Servicer shall not be excused or released under that subcontract or subdelegation from any of the liabilities undertaken in the Servicing Agreement which may legally be attributed or ascribed to it.

## **11. Award of real properties.**

The Servicers agree to notify the Management Company of the places, dates, terms and valuation of the real properties mortgaged as security for the Mortgage Loans and of all other assets attached as a result of the court or out-of-court proceedings commenced against the Obligors, auctions scheduled, and proposed action and bid, in suitable advance in order that the Management Company may do such things as it shall see fit and submit instructions on the subject to the relevant Servicer in suitable time.

Each Servicer agrees to attend auctions of real properties or other assets, but shall thereat abide at all times by the instructions it shall have received from the Management Company, and shall therefore only tender a bid or apply for the award of the real estate or the asset to the Fund, fulfilling the instructions received from the Management Company.

As for repossession of awarded homes, Chapter I of Act 1/2013 provides for a two-year stay from the entry into force of that Act 1/2013 (i.e. until May 15, 2015) for eviction where in court or out-of-court foreclosure proceedings the Fund is awarded the main residence of people who are in the specially vulnerable and financial circumstances provided for in the aforementioned Act 1/2013.

In the event of real properties or other assets being awarded or given as payment to the Fund, the Servicer shall send to the Management Company the relevant title deeds, and shall do all things necessary for the same to be entered in the register, repossessed, safekeeping and appraisal.

The Management Company shall proceed, through the Servicer (or, as the case may be, directly through third parties), to sell the properties within the shortest possible space of time and at arm's length and the Servicer shall actively assist in expediting their disposal, notwithstanding the provisions of Act 1/2013 and the Best Practice Code.

### **3.7.2.2 Term and substitution.**

The services shall be provided by each Servicer until all obligations undertaken by the Servicer as issuer of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates serviced thereby terminate, once all the Mortgage Loans have been repaid, or when liquidation of the Fund concludes after it terminates, without prejudice to the possible early revocation of its appointment under the Servicing Agreement.

In the event of a breach by a Servicer of any of the obligations imposed in the Servicing Agreement on the Servicer, the Management Company shall be entitled to demand the Servicer to perform as agreed or, as the case may be and where this is legally possible and after first notifying the Rating Agencies, terminate the Servicing Agreement without prejudice to the Servicer's contractual liability, if any, consequent upon that breach. Similarly, both upon a breach by and in the event of the Servicer's credit rating falling or there being a change in its financial position which may be detrimental to or place the financial structure of the Fund at risk, or be detrimental to the ratings assigned to the Bonds by the Rating Agencies, the Management Company shall be entitled, where this is legally possible, to terminate the Servicing Agreement with the Servicer.

In the event of termination of the Agreement with any Servicer, the Management Company shall previously designate a new Servicer for the Mortgage Loans serviced thereby, provided that the new Servicer accepts the obligations contained in the Servicing Agreement. If however the Management Company shall not have designated a new Servicer, BANCO COOPERATIVO shall be automatically designated as the new Servicer. The new Servicer shall, upon a written request from the Management Company and where that is legally possible, take over the servicing and management function of the Mortgage Loans serviced thereby, on terms and conditions similar to those contained in the Servicing Agreement. In that connection, the parties agree to enter into such documents as might be necessary.

The Management Company shall instruct the Servicers as to the requirement to notify the respective Obligors of the assignment of outstanding Mortgage Loans whenever the Management Company deems it fit and in any event upon any Servicer being substituted or in the event of a decree of insolvency, liquidation of any Servicer or because the Management Company deems it reasonably justified, using for such notice of assignment such means of communication as the Management Company shall deem swiftest and most effective.

For all the purposes set out in the preceding paragraph, the Management Company shall be entitled to request and the Servicers shall be bound to supply all such information as the Management Company shall deem necessary or expedient.

The Servicers shall notify Obligors of the assignment of the outstanding Mortgage Loans serviced by each of them forthwith upon receiving the Management Company's instructions and shall in any event prove to the Management Company within not more than five (5) Business Days of those instructions being sent that Obligors were actually notified, enclosing an acknowledgement of receipt of such notices.

In any event, from the date on which the Servicers receive the relevant instructions from the Management Company, they shall forthwith transfer to the Fund's Treasury Account any Mortgage Loan amount to which the Fund is entitled and which may at that time be in their possession and shall continue to transfer daily any Mortgage Loan amount they shall receive to which the Fund is entitled.

However, the Servicers shall empower the Management Company as extensively as may be required at Law in order that the Management Company may notify Obligors of the assignment of the outstanding Mortgage Loans serviced by each of them whenever the Management Company deems it appropriate. In any event, the Management Company shall forthwith give Obligors satisfactory notice, either directly or as the case may be through a new Servicer it shall have designated, of the assignment upon any Servicer being substituted or in the event of a decree of insolvency, or indications thereof, liquidation of any Servicer or because the Management Company deems it reasonably justified, if that Servicer fails to prove to the Management Company within five (5) Business Days as set out above notice by that Servicer on the Obligors of the outstanding Mortgage Loans serviced thereby.

In the above connection, the Servicers shall agree to forthwith notify the Management Company of the occurrence of a decree of insolvency or the passing of a resolution to put in place their liquidation.

The Servicers shall bear the expenses of notifying Obligors of the outstanding Mortgage Loans serviced by each of them, even in the event of such notice being given by the Management Company, and shall agree to assist the Management Company in notifying those Obligors.

Upon early termination of the Servicing Agreement, the outgoing Servicer shall provide BANCO COOPERATIVO or the new Servicer, as the case may be, on demand by the Management Company and as determined thereby, with the necessary documents and data files it may have in order for the new Servicer to carry on the relevant activities.

The Servicing Agreement shall be fully terminated (a) in the event that the Rating Agencies should not confirm the provisional ratings assigned to the Bonds as final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, or (b) in the event that Bond Issue is not fully paid up.

### **3.7.2.3 Liability of the Servicers and indemnity.**

The Servicers shall at no time have any liability whatsoever in relation to the Management Company's obligations as Fund manager and manager of Bondholders' interests, nor in relation to the Obligors' Mortgage Loan obligations, without prejudice to the liabilities undertaken thereby as issuers of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates.

Each Servicer takes on the obligation to indemnify the Fund or its Management Company for any damage, loss or expense resulting for the same on account of any breach by the Servicer of its obligations to service, manage and report on the Mortgage Loans and the properties awarded or given as payment to the Fund established under the Servicing Agreement or in the event of breach as established in paragraph 3 of section 2.2.9 of this Building Block.

The Management Company shall, for and on behalf of the Fund, have recourse against the Servicer where the breach of the obligation to pay any and all principal repayment and interest and other Mortgage Loan amounts paid by the Obligors owing to the Fund does not result from Obligors' default but is attributable to the Servicer.

Upon the Mortgage Loans terminating, the Fund shall, through its Management Company, retain a right of action against the Servicer until fulfilment of its obligations.

Neither Bondholders nor any other creditor of the Fund shall have any direct right of action whatsoever against the Servicer; that right shall lie with the Management Company, as the representative of the Fund, who shall have that right on the terms described in this section.

#### **3.7.2.4 Servicers' remuneration.**

In consideration of the servicing and management of the Mortgage Loans, each Servicer shall be entitled to receive in arrears on each Payment Date during the term of the Servicing Agreement, a subordinated servicing fee equal to 0.01% per annum, inclusive of VAT if there is no exemption, which shall accrue on the exact number of days elapsed in each Determination Period preceding the Payment Date and on the sum of the mean daily Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans serviced and of the daily mean net book value of the properties awarded to the Fund during that Determination Period. If any Servicer should be replaced in that servicing task, the Management Company will be entitled to change the above percentage fee for the new Servicer, which may be in excess of the fee previously established. The servicing fee will be paid on the relevant Payment Date provided that the Fund has sufficient liquidity in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

If the Fund should, through its Management Company, due to a shortfall of liquidity in the Fund Priority of Payments, fail to pay on a Payment Date the full fee due to the Servicer, the overdue amounts shall accumulate without any penalty whatsoever on the fee payable on the following Payment Dates, until fully paid.

Furthermore, on each Payment Date, the Servicer shall be entitled to reimbursement of all Mortgage Loan servicing and management expenses of an exceptional nature incurred, such as in connection with legal and/or recovery actions, including procedural expenses and costs, or managing, maintaining, valuing and overseeing the sale of assets or properties awarded or given as payment to the Fund, after first justifying the same. Those expenses will be paid whenever the Fund has sufficient liquidity and in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

#### **3.7.3 Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate Custody.**

The Management Company shall, for and on behalf of the Fund, enter with BANCO COOPERATIVO (in this connection the "Custodian") into a Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate Custody Agreement. That custody shall be established for the benefit of the Fund and BANCO COOPERATIVO shall therefore hold the documents representing the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates in custody as directed by the Management Company.

In consideration of the services to be provided by the Custodian, the Fund shall pay a fee of 0.01 per thousand per annum, inclusive of tax, if any, on the mean daily outstanding balance of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates during each Determination Period, and during the term of the agreement, payable on each Bond Payment Date for periods in arrears, provided that the Fund has sufficient liquidity in the Priority of Payments or, upon liquidation of the Fund, in the Liquidation Priority of Payments.

If the Fund, through its Management Company, should not have sufficient liquidity in the Fund Priority of Payments and fail on a Payment Date to pay the full fee due, unpaid amounts shall accumulate without any penalty whatsoever on the fee payable on the following Payment Dates, until paid in full.

The Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate Custody Agreement shall be fully terminated (a) in the event that the Rating Agencies should not confirm the provisional ratings assigned to the Bonds as final ratings by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014, or (b) in the event that Bond Issue is not fully paid up.

### **3.8 Name, address and brief description of any swap, credit, liquidity or account counterparties.**

BARCLAYS is the Fund's counterparty in the transactions listed below. The details relating to BARCLAYS are given in section 5.2 of the Registration Document.

- (i) Treasury Account:  
Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement  
Description in section 3.4.4.1 of this Building Block.

BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL are the Fund's counterparty in the transactions listed below. The details on those institutions and their activities are respectively given in section 5.2 of the Registration Document and in section 3.5 of this Building Block.

- (i) Loan B:  
Loan B Agreement  
Description in section 3.4.2.2 of this Building Block.
- (ii) Subordinated Principal Loan:  
Subordinated Loan Agreement  
Description in section 3.4.3.1 of this Building Block.
- (iii) Subordinated Interest Loan:  
Subordinated Interest Agreement  
Description in section 3.4.3.2 of this Building Block.
- (iv) Start-Up Loan:  
Start-Up Loan Agreement  
Description in section 3.4.3.3 of this Building Block.

## **4. POST-ISSUANCE REPORTING**

### **4.1 Obligations and deadlines set to publicise and submit to the CNMV the periodic information on the economic and financial status of the Fund.**

As part of its Fund management and administration duty, the Management Company agrees to submit as promptly as possible or by the deadlines given, the information described hereinafter and such additional information as may be reasonably required of it.

#### **4.1.1 Ordinary information.**

The Management Company agrees to give the notices detailed below, observing the recurrence provided in each case.

##### **a) Notices to Bondholders referred to each Payment Date.**

1. Within the period comprised between the Interest Rate Fixing Date and not more than two (2) Business Days after each Payment Date, it shall proceed to notify Bondholders of the Nominal Interest Rate resulting for the Bonds, and for the Interest Accrual Period after that Payment Date.
2. Quarterly, at least one (1) calendar day in advance of each Payment Date, it shall proceed to notify Bondholders of the following information:
  - i) Interest resulting from the Bonds, along with the amortisation of the Bonds.

- ii) Furthermore, and if appropriate, interest and amortisation amounts accrued thereby and not settled due to a shortfall of Available Funds, in accordance with the rules of the Priority of Payments.
- iii) The Outstanding Principal Balances of the Bonds, after the amortisation to be settled on each Payment Date, and the ratios of such Outstanding Principal Balances to the initial face amount of each Bond.
- iv) Obligors' Mortgage Loan principal prepayment rate during the three calendar months preceding the Payment Date.
- v) The average residual life of the Bonds estimated assuming that Mortgage Loan principal prepayment rates shall be maintained.

The foregoing notices shall be made in accordance with the provisions of section 4.1.3 below and will also be notified to the CNMV, the Paying Agent, AIAF, Iberclear and the Rating Agencies, not less than one (1) Business Day before each Payment Date.

**b) Information referred to each Payment Date:**

In relation to the Mortgage Loans on the Determination Date preceding the Payment Date:

1. Outstanding Balance.
2. Interest and principal amount of instalments in arrears.
3. Mortgage Loan interest rate.
4. Mortgage Loan maturity dates.
5. Outstanding Balance of Doubtful Mortgage Loans and cumulative Outstanding Balance of Doubtful Mortgage Loans from the date of establishment of the Fund.

In relation to the economic and financial position of the Fund:

1. Report on the source and subsequent application of the Available Funds and the Available Funds for Amortisation in accordance with the Priority of Payments of the Fund.

**c) Annually, in relation to the Fund's Annual Accounts:**

Annual Accounts (balance sheet, profit & loss account and management report) and audit report within the period provided for by law to do so or, otherwise, within four (4) months of the close of each fiscal year, which shall also be filed with the CNMV.

**4.1.2 Extraordinary notices.**

The following shall be the subject of an extraordinary notice:

1. The Nominal Interest Rate determined for the Bonds for the first Interest Accrual Period.
2. Other:

Any material event occurring in relation to the Mortgage Loans, the Bonds, the Fund and the Management Company proper, which may materially influence Bond trading and, in general, any material change in the Fund's assets or liabilities, change in the Deed of Constitution, or in the event of termination of the establishment of the Fund or a decision in due course to proceed to Early Liquidation of the Fund and Early Amortisation of the Bond Issue in any of the events provided in this Prospectus. In the latter event, the Management Company shall send to the CNMV the notarial certificate of termination of the Fund and the liquidation procedure followed will be as referred to in section 4.4.4 of the Registration Document.



#### **4.1.3 Procedure to notify Bondholders.**

Notices to Bondholders to be made by the Management Company in accordance with the above, in regard to the Fund, shall be given as follows:

1. Ordinary notices.

Ordinary notices shall be given by publication in the daily bulletin of AIAF Mercado de Renta Fija or any other replacement or similarly characterised bulletin, or by publication in an extensively circulated business and financial or general newspaper in Spain. The Management Company or the Paying Agent may additionally disseminate that information or other information of interest to Bondholders through dissemination channels and systems typical of financial markets, such as Reuters, Bloomberg or any other similarly characterised means.

While the EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK continues to be the Bondholder, the Management Company shall send it ordinary notices directly.

2. Extraordinary notices.

Unless otherwise provided for in the Deed of Constitution and in the Prospectus, extraordinary notices shall be given by publication in the daily bulletin of AIAF Mercado de Renta Fija or any other replacement or similarly characterised bulletin, or by publication in an extensively circulated business and financial or general newspaper in Spain, and those notices shall be deemed to be given on the date of that publication, any Business Day or other calendar day (as established in this Prospectus) being valid for such notices.

Exceptionally, the Nominal Interest Rate determined for the Bonds for the first Interest Accrual Period shall be notified in writing by the Management Company by 1pm (CET) on July 4, 2014 to the Subscriber. In addition, the Management Company shall also notify this to the CNMV, the Paying Agent, AIAF and Iberclear.

3. Notices and other information.

The Management Company may provide Bondholders with notices and other information of interest to them through its own Internet pages or other similarly characterised teletransmission means.

#### **4.1.4 Information to the CNMV.**

The information on the Fund shall be submitted to the CNMV using the forms contained in CNMV Circular 2/2009, March 25, on Securitisation Fund accounting rules, annual accounts, public financial statements and non-public statistical information statements, as currently worded, and so will such other information as the CNMV may require of it or by the laws in force from time to time, irrespective of the above.

#### **4.1.5 Information to the Rating Agencies.**

The Management Company shall provide the Rating Agencies with periodic information as to the position of the Fund and the performance of the Mortgage Loans in order that it may monitor the rating of the Bonds and extraordinary notices. The Management Company shall also provide that information when it is reasonably required to do so and, in any event, whenever there is a significant change in the conditions of the Fund, in the agreements entered into by the Fund through its Management Company or in the interested parties.

**Mario Masiá Vicente, as General Manager for and on behalf of EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.A., SOCIEDAD GESTORA DE FONDOS DE TITULIZACIÓN, signs this Prospectus at Madrid, on June 30, 2014.**

## GLOSSARY OF DEFINITIONS

“**Act 1/2013**” shall mean Act 1/2013, May 14, implementing measures to boost the protection of mortgagors, debt restructuring and social rentals.

“**Act 19/1992**” shall mean Investment Trusts and Companies System and Mortgage Securitisation Funds Act 19/1992, July 7.

“**Act 2/1981**” shall mean Mortgage Market Regulation Act 2/1981, March 25, as currently worded.

“**Act 2/1994**” shall mean Mortgage Loan Subrogation and Amendment Act 2/1994, March 30.

“**Act 3/1994**” shall mean Act 3/1994, April 14, adapting Spanish laws in the matter of credit institutions to the Second Banking Coordination Directive and introducing other changes in relation to the financial system, as currently worded.

“**Act 35/2006**” shall mean Personal Income Tax Act 35/2006, November 28, partly amending the Corporation, Non-Resident Income and Wealth Tax Acts

“**AIAF**” shall mean AIAF Fixed-Income Market (*AIAF Mercado de Renta Fija*).

“**Amortisation Withholding**” shall mean, on each Payment Date, the positive difference, if any, on the Determination Date preceding the relevant Payment Date, between (i) the sum of the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue and of the Outstanding Principal Balance of Loan B, and (ii) the Outstanding Balance of Non-Doubtful Mortgage Loans.

“**Available Funds for Amortisation**” shall mean the amount to be allocated to Bond and Loan B amortisation on each Payment Date and which shall be the Amortisation Withholding amount applied out of the Available Funds in fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) place of the order of application on the relevant Payment Date.

“**Available Funds**” shall mean, in relation to the Priority of Payments and on each Payment Date, the amounts to be allocated to meeting the Fund’s payment or withholding obligations, which shall have been paid into the Treasury Account, as established in section 3.4.6.2.1 of the Building Block.

“**BANCO COOPERATIVO**” shall mean BANCO COOPERATIVO ESPAÑOL, S.A.

“**Bankruptcy Act**” shall mean Bankruptcy Act 22/2003, July 9.

“**BANTIERRA**” shall mean CAJA RURAL DE ARAGÓN, S.C.C.

“**BARCLAYS**” shall mean BARCLAYS BANK PLC, SUCURSAL EN ESPAÑA.

“**Bond Issue**” shall mean the issue of asset-backed bonds issued by the Fund.

“**Bond Paying Agent Agreement**” shall mean the Bond paying agent agreement entered into by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and BARCLAYS, as Paying Agent, and in the presence of BANCO COOPERATIVO.

“**Bonds**” shall mean the Bonds issued by the Fund having a total face amount of EUR ninety million (90,000,000.00) comprising nine hundred (900) Bonds having a unit face value of EUR one hundred thousand (100,000).

“**Business Day**” shall mean any day that is not a business day in the TARGET 2 calendar (or future replacement calendar).

“**CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA**” shall mean CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, S.C.C.

“**CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA**” shall mean CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA, S.C.C.

“**CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL**” shall mean CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, S.C.C.

“**Capital Transfer and Documents Under Seal Tax Act**” shall mean the Consolidation of the Capital Transfer and Documents Under Seal Tax Act approved by Legislative Royal Decree 1/1993, September 24.

“**CET**” shall mean “Central European Time”.

“**Circular 3/2008**” shall mean Bank of Spain Circular 3/2008, May 22, to credit institutions, on determination and control of minimum capital requirements, as currently worded.

“**Civil Procedure Act**” shall mean Civil Procedure Act 1/2000, January 7.

“**Closing Date**” shall mean July 8, 2014, the date on which the cash amount of the subscription for the Bonds shall be paid up.

“**CNMV**” shall mean National Securities Market Commission (*Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores*).

“**Corporation Tax Act**” shall mean the Consolidation of the Corporation Tax Act, approved by Legislative Royal Decree 4/2004, March 5.

“**CPR**” shall mean the effective constant annual early amortisation or prepayment rate at which average lives and durations of the Bonds are estimated in this Prospectus.

“**DBRS Rating**” shall mean the public rating assigned by DBRS or, where there is no such rating, the internal assessments made and/or private ratings given by DBRS with respect to an entity’s debt obligations.

“**DBRS**” shall mean DBRS Ratings Limited.

“**Deed of Constitution**” shall mean the public deed recording the establishment of the Fund, issue by the Originators of and subscription by the Fund for the Mortgage Loan Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates, and issue by the Fund of the Asset-Backed Bonds.

“**Delinquent Mortgage Loans**” shall mean Mortgage Loans that are delinquent at a date with a period of arrears in excess of three (3) months in payment of overdue amounts, excluding Doubtful Mortgage Loans.

“**DELOITTE**” shall mean DELOITTE S.L.

“**Determination Dates**” shall mean the dates falling on the fifth (5<sup>th</sup>) Business Day preceding each Payment Date.

“**Determination Period**” shall mean the exact number of days elapsed between every two consecutive Determination Dates, each Determination Period excluding the beginning Determination Date and including the ending Determination Date. Exceptionally, (i) the duration of the first Determination Period shall be equal to the days elapsed between date of establishment of the Fund, inclusive, and the first Determination Date, October 7, 2014, inclusive, and (ii) the duration of the last Determination Period shall be equal to the days elapsed a) until the Final Maturity Date or the date on which Early Liquidation of the Fund concludes, as provided for in section 4.4.4.3 of the Registration Document, on which the assets remaining in the Fund have all been liquidated and the Liquidation Available Funds have all been distributed in the Liquidation Priority of Payments of the Fund, b) from the Determination Date preceding the Payment Date preceding the date referred to in a), not including the first date but including the last date.

“**Distribution of Available Funds for Amortisation**” shall mean the rules for applying the Available Funds for Amortisation on each Payment Date established in section 4.9.3.4 of the Securities Note.

“**Doubtful Mortgage Loans**” shall mean Mortgage Loans that at a date are delinquent with a period of arrears equal to or greater than eighteen (18) months in payment of overdue amounts or classified as bad debts by the Management Company because there are reasonable doubts as to their full repayment based on indications or information obtained from the Servicers.

**“Early Amortisation”** shall mean Bond amortisation on a date preceding the Final Maturity Date in the Early Liquidation Events of the Fund and subject to the requirements established in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document.

**“Early Liquidation Events”** shall mean the events set out in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document in which the Management Company, following notice duly served on the CNMV, is entitled to proceed to early liquidation of the Fund.

**“Early Liquidation of the Fund”** shall mean liquidation of the Fund and thereby early amortisation of the Bond Issue on a date preceding the Final Maturity Date, in the events and subject to the procedure established in section 4.4.3 of the Registration Document.

**“Euribor”** shall mean the Euro Interbank Offered Rate which is the term interbank deposit offered rate in Euros calculated as the daily average of the quotations supplied for fifteen maturity terms by a panel of Banks from among the most active banks in the Euro zone. The rate is quoted based on a count of the actual days to maturity and a 360-day year, and is set at 11am (CET time), accurate to three decimal places.

**“Final Maturity Date”** shall mean the final Bond amortisation date, i.e. January 14, 2057 or the following Business Day if that is not a Business Day.

**“Financial Intermediation Agreement”** shall mean the agreement designed to remunerate the Originators for the financial intermediation process carried out, enabling the financial transformation defining the Fund’s activity, the assignment to the Fund of the Mortgage Loans and the ratings assigned to the Bonds, entered into between the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and the Originators.

**“Fitch”** shall mean both Fitch Ratings España, S.A.U. and Fitch Ratings Limited.

**“Fund”** shall mean RURAL HIPOTECARIO XVII FONDO DE TITULIZACIÓN DE ACTIVOS.

**“Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement”** shall mean the guaranteed interest rate account (Treasury Account) agreement entered into by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and BARCLAYS, and in the presence of BANCO COOPERATIVO.

**“Iberclear”** shall mean Sociedad de Gestión de los Sistemas de Registro, Compensación y Liquidación de Valores, S.A.U.

**“Initial Interest Cash Reserve”** shall mean the Initial Interest Cash Reserve set up on the Closing Date by drawing the Subordinated Interest Loan at a sum of EUR ten million one hundred and twelve thousand four hundred (10,112,400.00).

**“Interest Accrual Period”** shall mean the days elapsed between every two consecutive Payment Dates, including the beginning Payment Date, but not including the ending Payment Date. The first Interest Accrual Period shall begin on the Closing Date, July 8, 2014, inclusive, and end on the first Payment Date, October 14, 2014, exclusive; and the duration of the last Interest Accrual Period shall be equivalent to the exact number of days elapsed between the last Payment Date prior to Fund liquidation, inclusive, and the liquidation date, exclusive.

**“Interest Cash Reserve”** shall mean the interest cash reserve set up on the Closing Date at a sum of EUR ten million one hundred and twelve thousand four hundred (10,112,400.00).

**“Interest Rate Fixing Date”** shall mean the second Business Day preceding each Payment Date.

**“IRR”** shall mean internal rate of return as defined in section 4.10.1 of the Securities Note.

**“Issuer”** shall mean the Fund.

**“Lead Manager”** shall mean BANCO COOPERATIVO.

**“Liquidation Available Funds”** shall mean, in relation to the Liquidation Priority of Payments, on the Final Maturity Date or upon Early Liquidation, the amounts to be allocated to meeting the Fund’s payment or withholding obligations, as follows: (i) the Available Funds, (ii) the amounts obtained by the Fund from time to time upon disposing of the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates and of the assets remaining, and (iii) additionally the loan, if any, as established in section 4.4.3.3.(iii) of the Registration Document, which shall be fully used for early amortisation of the outstanding Bonds.

**“Liquidation Priority of Payments”** shall mean the order of priority of the Fund’s payment or withholding obligations for applying the Liquidation Available Funds on the Final Maturity Date or upon Early Liquidation of the Fund.

**“Loan B”** shall mean the loan granted by the Originators to the Fund amounting to eleven million one hundred and twenty-four thousand (11,124,000.00), in accordance with the provisions of the Loan B Agreement.

**“LTV”** shall mean the ratio, expressed as a percentage, of the outstanding principal amount of a mortgage loan to the appraisal value of the properties mortgaged as security therefor.

**“Management and Subscription Agreement”** shall mean the Bond Issue management and subscription agreement entered into between the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, the EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK and BANCO COOPERATIVO.

**“Management Company”** shall mean EUROPEA DE TITULIZACIÓN, S.A., SOCIEDAD GESTORA DE FONDOS DE TITULIZACIÓN.

**“Mortgage Act”** shall mean the Mortgage Act of February 8, 1946.

**“Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate Custody Agreement”** shall mean the Mortgage Certificate and Pass-Through Certificate supporting document custody agreement entered into between the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and BANCO COOPERATIVO.

**“Mortgage Certificates”** shall mean the Mortgage Loan mortgage participation certificates issued by the Originators and subscribed for by the Fund.

**“Mortgage Loans”** shall mean the mortgage loans owned by the Originators granted to individuals with senior real estate mortgage security on finished homes (and their annexes -parking spaces and/or lumber rooms- if any), located in Spain, assigned to the Fund upon the Originators issuing and the Fund subscribing for Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates.

In this Prospectus the term “Mortgage Loans” shall be used to refer collectively to the Mortgage Loans or the Mortgage Certificates and the Pass-Through Certificates perfecting their assignment.

**“Nominal Interest Rate”** shall mean the nominal interest rate, floating quarterly and payable quarterly, applicable to the Bonds and determined for each Interest Accrual Period, which shall be the result of adding (i) the Reference Rate and (ii) a 1.50% margin.

**“Non-Delinquent Mortgage Loans”** shall mean Mortgage Loans that at a date are not deemed to be either Delinquent Mortgage Loans or Doubtful Mortgage Loans.

**“Non-Doubtful Mortgage Loans”** shall mean Mortgage Loans that at a date are not deemed to be Doubtful Mortgage Loans.

**“Obligors”** shall mean the Mortgage Loan borrowers.

**“Originators”** shall mean BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL, originators of the Mortgage Loans by issuing Mortgage Certificates and Pass-Through Certificates.

**“Outstanding Balance of Delinquent Mortgage Loans”** shall mean the sum at a date of the capital or principal not yet due and the capital or principal due and not paid into the Fund on Mortgage Loans that are delinquent with a period of arrears in excess of three (3) months at a date in payment of overdue amounts, excluding Doubtful Mortgage Loans.

**“Outstanding Balance of Doubtful Mortgage Loans”** shall mean the sum at a date of the capital or principal not yet due and the capital or principal due and not paid into the Fund on Mortgage Loans that are delinquent at a date with a period of arrears equal to or greater than eighteen (18) months in payment of overdue amounts or classified as bad debts by the Management Company because there are reasonable doubts as to their full repayment based on indications or information received from the Servicers.

**“Outstanding Balance of the Mortgage Loans”** shall mean at a date the sum of outstanding capital or principal and overdue capital or principal not paid into the Fund for each and every one of the Mortgage Loans.

**“Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bonds”** or **“Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue”** shall mean the sum of the principal pending repayment (outstanding balance) of all the Bonds at a date.

**“Pass-Through Certificates”** shall mean the Mortgage Loan pass-through certificates issued by the Originators and subscribed for by the Fund.

**“Paying Agent”** shall mean the Bond servicing firm. The Paying Agent shall be BARCLAYS (or any other institution taking its stead as Paying Agent).

**“Payment Date”** shall mean January 14, April 14, July 14 and October 14 in each year or the following Business Day if any of those is not a Business Day. The first Payment Date shall be October 14, 2014.

**“Principal Cash Reserve”** shall mean the principal cash reserve set up on the Closing Date at a sum of EUR nine million six hundred and six thousand seven hundred and eighty (9,606,780.00).

**“Priority of Payments”** shall mean the order of priority for applying the Fund’s payment or withholding obligations both for applying the Available Funds and for distributing the Available Funds for Amortisation on a Payment Date (other than the Final Maturity Date or upon Early Liquidation of the Fund).

**“Rating Agency”** shall mean DBRS and Fitch.

**“Reference Rate”** shall mean, other than for the first Interest Accrual Period, three- (3-) month Euribor set at 11am (CET) on the Interest Rate Fixing Date, or, if this Euribor rate should not be available or be impossible to obtain, the substitute rates for which provision is made in section 4.8.1.3 of the Securities Note. The Reference Rate for the first Interest Accrual Period shall mean the rate resulting from a straight-line interpolation, bearing in mind the number of days in the first Interest Accrual Period, between three- (3-) month Euribor and six- (6-) month Euribor, set at 11am (CET) on the second Business Day preceding the Closing Date, upon the failure or impossibility to obtain these Euribor rates, the substitute rates for which provision is made in section 4.8.1.3 of the Securities Note.

**“Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004”** shall mean Commission Regulation (EC) No. 809/2004, April 29, 2004 implementing Directive 2003/71/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards information contained in prospectuses as well as the format, incorporation by reference and publication of such prospectuses and dissemination of advertisements.

**“Required Interest Cash Reserve”** shall mean, on each Payment Date, the result of reducing the Required Cash Reserve at the Determination Date preceding each Payment Date by an amount equal to the interest that would be accrued by the Outstanding Principal Balance of the Bond Issue as of the Determination Date preceding the then-current Payment Date, at an annual nominal interest rate of 1.20% during the relevant Interest Accrual Period, based on (i) the exact number of days in that Interest Accrual Period, and (ii) a three-hundred-and-sixty- (360-) day year.

**“Royal Decree 116/1992”** shall mean Book Entries and Stock Exchange Transaction Clearing and Settlement Royal Decree 116/1992, February 14.

**“Royal Decree 1310/2005”** shall mean Royal Decree 1310/2005, November 4, partly implementing Securities Market Act 24/1988, July 28, in regard to admission to trading of securities in official secondary markets, public offerings for sale or subscription and the prospectus required for that purpose.

**“Royal Decree 716/2009”** shall mean Royal Decree 716/2009, April 24, implementing certain aspects of Mortgage Market Regulation Act 2/1981, March 25, and other mortgage and financial system rules.

**“Royal Decree 771/2011”** shall mean Royal Decree 771/2011, June 3, amending Royal Decree 216/2008, February 15, in relation to the capital of financial institutions and Royal Decree 2606/1996, December 20, in relation to credit institution deposit guarantee funds.

**“Royal Decree 926/1998”** shall mean Royal Decree 926/1998, May 14, regulating asset securitisation funds and securitisation fund management companies.

**“Securities Market Act”** shall mean Securities Market Act 24/1988, July 28, as currently worded.

**“Servicer(s)”** shall mean each institution in charge of custody and servicing of the Mortgage Loans assigned by each such institution under the Mortgage Loan Servicing Agreement, i.e. BANTIERRA, CAJA RURAL DE GRANADA, CAJA RURAL DE NAVARRA and CAJA RURAL DE TERUEL.

**“Servicing Agreement”** shall mean the Mortgage Loan Servicing Agreement entered into between the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, the Originators and BANCO COOPERATIVO.

**“Start-Up Loan Agreement”** shall mean the commercial subordinated loan agreement entered into by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and the Originators, totalling EUR nine hundred and thirty thousand (930,000.00).

**“Start-Up Loan”** shall mean the loan granted by the Originators to the Fund, in accordance with the provisions of the Start-Up Loan Agreement.

**“Subordinated Interest Loan Agreement”** shall mean the commercial subordinated loan agreement entered into by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and the Originators, totalling EUR ten million one hundred and twelve thousand four hundred (10,112,400.00).

**“Subordinated Interest Loan”** shall mean the loan granted by the Originators to the Fund, in accordance with the provisions of the Subordinated Interest Loan Agreement.

**“Subordinated Principal Loan”** shall mean the loan granted by the Originators to the Fund, in accordance with the provisions of the Subordinated Principal Loan Agreement.

**“Subordinated Principal Loan Agreement”** shall mean the commercial subordinated loan agreement entered into by the Management Company, for and on behalf of the Fund, and the Originators, totalling EUR nine million six hundred and six thousand seven hundred and eighty (9,606,780.00).

**“Subscriber”** shall mean the EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK.

**“Treasury Account Provider”** shall mean BARCLAYS or any replacement entity in which the Treasury Account is opened.

**“Treasury Account”** shall mean the financial account in Euros opened at BARCLAYS in the Fund’s name, in accordance with the provisions of the Guaranteed Interest Rate Account (Treasury Account) Agreement, through which the Fund will make and receive payments.

**“Value Added Tax Act”** shall mean Value Added Tax Act 37/1992, December 28.